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MONDAY 25 AUGUST 1997

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THE MONDAY INTERVIEW PAGE 13 JIMMY McGOVERN NO MORE **SHOWING OFF** 



# Volcano island gives Short shrift

### **Beleaguered Montserratians** object to minister's criticisms

Woodlands, Montserrat Andrew Marshall

Clare Short sailed into a Caribbean storm last night after she lashed out at the islanders of Montserrat.

A hail of criticism descended on her from the island and from the Opposition as she claimed the inhabitants were seeking excessive compensation after most of the island was tion. In a interview with The Independent, Montserrat's new Chief Minister, David Brandt, attacked Ms Short and challenged her to see the situation

for herself. "She is refusing to come. I wonder if she can bear what she will see," he said.

Ms Short refused to visit the British possession to see conditions there for herself. "I'm not planning to go to possibly get more inaccurate denunciations of what we have been doing. I've actually got commitments to go to a lot of other places in the next few

weeks," she said yesterday. She said that junior minister George Foulkes should visit the island instead. But Mr Foulkes is not flavour of the month on Montserrat, and Mr Brandt said he would not be welcome. Islanders believe that Mr Foulkes helped spark the latest crisis by talking of a posstyle "cataclysmic" eruption threatening the whole island. "Britain's own scientists say the north of the island is safe," said Mr Brandt, sworn in by British Governor Frank Savage on Friday after street protests forced the resignation of his pre-

decessor, Bertrand Osborne. More than half of the population of Montserrat has left since the Sonfriere Hills volcano returned to life in July 1995 after nearly four centuries of

Fruptions in June destroyed seven villages and killed 19 people and the capital, Plymouth has been razed almost to the good Britain offered compensation of £2,500 per islander, which Montserratians considered far too low, sparking off the present political emption from Ms Short. She ac-

cused the island's leaders of "sheer irresponsibility" in an interview with a Sunday newspaper, saying "they will be wanting golden elephants next".

Later, she apparently thought better of these comments. She said the reference to elephants was "extremely unfortunate," adding "I made a joke about asking for more and more and more ... it's a misrepresentation of what I was

tics" in Montserrat had made the situation worse. "Part of it was posing as being the great critic of Britain, demanding more and more, denouncing what we were doing. That misrepresented what we were do-

Mr Brandt said that the islanders' demands were not excessive. "We are not asking for luxury. Our people have lost everything they have. We are asking for them (the Government) to give us an opportuni-ty to make a new start," said Mr

Ms Short's handling of the af-fair also came under attack from critics nearer home. The Conservative international development spokesman, Alastair Goodlad, said that Ms Short should apologise for her "insensitive and insulting remarks," saying "At a time when the islanders desperately need help, all the Labour government can do is be rude about them.

Menzies Campbell, the Liberal Democrats' chief foreign affairs spokesman, called on the Government to use its reserve fund to help the islanders.

"We need an apology from Clare Short for her insensitive and insulting remarks and an immediate statement from the Government as to what they are going to do about this mess."

Such is the anger on -Montserrat now that islanders are refusing to take up the offer of evacuation.

Only 16 of the remaining 4,000 islanders showed up for British-planned "voluntary evacuation" to Antigua at the weekend. Mr Brandt said the British government was "forcing us to choose between misery and the unknown." Island declares 'war', page 8



## Trinity is new Cambridge pinnacle

**Education Editor** 

Trinity is the top college in this year's Tompkins table of Cambridge University exam results.

leader, in the table which many high-flying sixth-formers use to help them choose a Cambridge

Trinity is also the college with the highest percentage of first-class degrees, up to 34.1 per cent from 26 per cent last year. At Christ's, the college with the second highest number of firsts,

The main table ranks undergraduate colleges by allocating five points for a first, three for an upper second, two for a lower second and one for a of the maximum possible if every candidate had had a first.

New Hall, one of the two remaining women's colleges, remains bottom, just below Corpus, which fell 10 places from thirteenth. New Hall was also bottom of the firsts' table with 9.7 per cent. The other allfemale college is Newnham.

bridge's old rival, frowns on college exam results tables and the university makes it as

to collect the information. A university spokeswoman said: Il isn'i somethi encourage because we think it doesn't give a true picture of colleges. Nor is it particularly helpful."

But Peter Tompkins, a partner in Price Waterhouse, who compiles the tables said no one from the university had tried to stifle his annual efforts. He said the tables were a use-

Oxford University, Cam- ful indicator of the colleges which were doing better over a long period of time. "The precise position is not as important difficult as possible for anyone as the general level. The top college is not necessarily better than the second. The signifily in the bottom four might be cause for concern or in the top

four a cause for confidence." Mr Tompkins, who receives many inquiries from schools and pupils, said league tables could be self-fulfilling. "People are attracted to the top colleges. The

best people apply there and they get more candidates."

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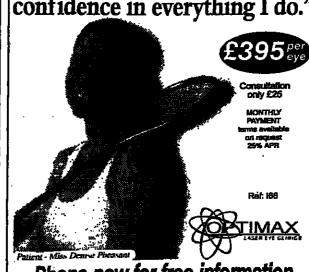
QUICKLY Sinn Fein talks Sinn Fein said it was confident a meeting would take place in the next few weeks between Tony

### Blair and Gerry Adams. Page 4 Laser sight three high-court judges in Ghana. The Court of Appeal upheld The Independent's arcorrection gument that a fair and accurate

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## Libyan money allegedly used to sue 'Independent'

Steve Boggan

The bank account of a senior executive at The Guardian newspaper was used as a conduit for 250,000 of Libyan money to bankroll a libel action against The Independent, according to a former MI5 officer.

Victoria Brittain, the newspaper's deputy foreign editor, was allegedly instrumental in the funding of a lawsuit brought by Kojo Tšikata, former head of the Ghanaian security service. Mr Tsikata issued a writ against The Independent in 1993 over an article which referred to the murder of three high-court judges in Ghana. The case is still go-

ing through the courts.
Yesterday Ms Brittain's lawyers issued a statement saying she had never knowingly received money from Libyan

But there was no rebuttal of the claim that £250,000 went through her bank account, and she did not deny the involve-

ment of Mr Tsikata. Alan Rusbridger, the editor of The Guardian, drove to London from his Gloucestershire home for talks with Ms Brittain last.

Details of Ms Brittain's alleged role in funding the suit against The Independent were revealed yesterday by David Shayler, a former MI5 officer who said Ms Brittain's telephone was tapped in 1993 after her bank told police about a deposit of £100,000 into her account. Under money laundering laws, banks are required to report sudden unexplained appearances of large sums of

In an interview with the Mail on Sunday Mr Shayler said MI5 quickly established that much of the money - which was later boosted to £250,000 - had been transferred from Libyan sources. He said they included

section at the Saudi Arabian embassy in London. MI5 wrongly believed they were on to a serious - if un-

orthodox - money-laundering operation. However, after 12 months, they realised that some of the money was being paid to Bindman & Partners, a London firm of libel lawyers who were representing Mr Tsikata in his lawsuit against The Independent. There is no suggestion Bindman & Partners knew of the alleged origin of the money.

"The Libyan involvement was, on this occasion, no more than an attempt to curry favour with the Ghanaian regime by paying Tsikata's legal bills," said Mr Shayler. When MI5 realised there was nothing more sinister in the arrangement than the funding of a libel action, surveillance of Ms Brittain's north London home was halted.

Mr Tsikata sued the pubthe Libyan Arab Foreign Bank lishers of The Independent after and Khalifa Ahmed Bazelya, a report in 1992 about a public head of the Libyan interest inquiry into the execution of

ceedings was privileged. Last month, Mr Tsikata was refused permission to appeal this decision to the House of Lords. Mr Tsikata's solicitors have indicated that he intends to proceed to trial with the argument that The Independent's publication of the report was "malicious". Last night Bindman & Partners, Ms Brittain's solicitors,

report of the inquiry's pro-

said: "We are assured by our client, Victoria Brittain, deputy foreign editor of The Guardian that she has never, to her knowledge, received any money at any time from Libya, either for her personal use or for any other purpose. She had never heard of Khalifa Ahmed Bazelya until she read his name in today's Mail on Sunday." She declined to comment further. The Guardian said it had nothing further to add.

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## NHS is £1bn worse off under Labour

Fran Abrams Political Correspondent

Labour government policies have left the National Health Service £1bn worse off than it should have been since the election, it was claimed yesterday. Dr Evan Harris, the Liberal Democrats' NHS spokesman and a former member of the British Medical Association council will produce figures next month showing that the admissions will rise because service has seen real-terms cuts of at least half a billion. Another half billion raised through tax ges should have been chanwelled back into hospitals and

doctors' surgeries but was used

for other things, he adds.

Dr Harris also says he has evforced to give priority to nonurgent operations such as breast reductions while patients needing cataract surgery or hip re-placements are forced to wait.

He will tell his party's annuconference in Eastbourne next month that measures such as an estimated £214m cut in social services' budgets will impact on the health service. Hospital people will not receive all the care they need and waiting lists will grow longer because of "bed blocking" by patients with nowhere else to go. The effects could lead to increased costs of around £100m, he believes.

idence that hospitals are being more emergency admissions to hospitals over the next year, a rise related to the squeeze in other parts of the health service. The number of emergency admissions has already risen tenfold from 4,000 to 45,000 in the 14 months up to June this year. and it is believed this is partly because general practitioners

> gency departments to get pa-tients into hospital quickly.
>
> The decision by the Chancellor Gordon Brown to shift the inflation forecast upwards from 2 per cent to 2.75 per cent in the Budget would leave health authorities and trusts £350m worse off because they would have to where with a cataract is being the spokesman said.

are using accident and emer-

In addition, there will be build higher spending into their deprioritised," he said. "Frank ore emergency admissions to plans, he says.

Dobson [the Secretary of State Dr Harris argues that the for Health] is having a very hard time at the hands of Gordon

Government could have channelled money into the NHS from £60m clawed back from tax relief on private health insurance and from £350m raised through a 5p tax rise on cigarenes. Government efforts to cut

waiting lists have only served to exacerbate some of the problems, he says. Because hospitals have been told to prioritise patients who have been waiting did make additional funds of more than 18 months for £1.2m available for the health surgery, others whose need is service. This is entirely in acgreater are waiting longer than they would otherwise have done. "It means someone some-

Brown. It was a political choice he made on every single one of these issues. They weren't committed to any of these things in the manifesto." A Treasury spokesman said the Government's manifesto

Dobson [the Secretary of State

had made it clear that departmental spending totals would not be changed. "The Budget cordance with the manifesto commitments, and in any case extra money has been found.

## significant shorts

### **Build more incinerators to** burn cattle, councils urged

Councils are being urged by the Government to give a high priority to allowing incineration plants to be built to clear the backlog of cattle in the wake of the BSE scare.

The Department of the Environment wrote earlier this month to local authorities across England to urge them to hold early talks with interested parties over applications to build the plants. The move comes as a mounting stockpile of meat, bonemeal and tallow builds up in cold storage facilities, the product of the slaughter scheme introduced in the aftermath of the BSE scare.

Existing incineration plants have struggled to cope witht he volume and with some 350,000 tonnes are already in cold storage, another 800,000 cattle are due to be slaughtered this year.

Yesterday Jack Cunningham, the agriculture Minister, said he may raise with the European Union a study which suggests that Continental countries are hugely under-reporting BSE cases.

The study, by three respected experts on animal disease, appeared to back up UK farmers' suspicions that other countries have underestimated the scale of BSE infection in their cattle.

### Man arrested in lake mystery

A man was yesterday under arrest by police hunting the killer of Carol Park whose body was in Coniston Water.

Police said the man from the south Cumbria area was in custody at Barrow-in-Furness police station assisting with inquiries. Mrs Park's body was found trussed and weighted at the bottom of the lake 11 days ago. She vanished from home at Leece, near Barrow in July, 1976.

### **Inquiry into drugs act**



A "long overdue" inquiry into the effectiveness of the 1971 Misuse of Drugs Act was announced yesterday by an independent research charity.

The Police Foundation study will be carried out by a committee that will include Simon Jenkins, former editor of The Times, and leading lawyers, academics and police

officers expert in drugs law. They are expected to focus on whether the law needs to be changed in the light of a growing drugs culture and the Government's commitment to tackle drug-related crime.

Viscountess Runciman, (pictured) the committee's chairman, who also heads the Mental Health Commission, said the purpose was not to pave the way for the gradual decriminalisation of drugs.

### McMaster investigation in private

There will be no public investigation into the death of the Paisley South MP Gordon McMaster, it was reported yesterday.

If confirmed, the decision would mean that Tommy Graham, the Renfrewshire West MP suspended last week after an internal party inquiry, would not have to give evidence on allegations made

against him in his colleague's suicide note.

Mr McMaster accused both Mr Graham and Don Dixon, Labour's former deputy chief whip, of repeating untruths about him. Four other Labour Party members were suspended last week along with Mr Graham and action against irregularities in the Labour Party in the Paisley area are continuing.

### CND calls for nuclear flight ban

The Government today rejected a call by the Campaign for Nuclear Disarmament for it to stop transporting nuclear cargoes by air over England and Wales. CND claimed the flights, taking place to and from the United States, were a huge danger to the public as they went over highly populated areas.

The Ministry of Defence confirmed the flights had been taking

place for many years, but said international safety standards were adhered to and no accidents had ever occurred.

Dave Knight, CND chairman, called for the flights to be stopped. "The likelihood of any type of container withstanding a plane crash is minimal," he said. "It is clearly insane to fly over large centres of population carrying any radioactive material. It is

simply not worth the risk to human health.

CND said nuclear materials were flown from RAF Brize Norton in Oxfordshire over south-west England and Wales to the US.

### Priest will be buried at abbey

Father Brendan Smyth, the disgraced paedophile catholic priest who died last week, is to be buried at the Irish headquarters of his Norbertine order of the priesthood.

Smyth, 69, who was jailed on both sides of the border for sex-abuse crimes against children in his care over a 35-year period, collapsed with a heart attack in the Curragh jail, Co Kildare, while taking exercise on Friday. A plot for his burial has been chosen in the grounds of the Norbertine's base at Kilnacrott Abbey, near Ballyjamesduff, Co Cavan.

### Yard corruption inquiry

Scotland Yard has launched an investigation into allegations of corruption against serving and retired police officers after newspaper claims that officers were earning extra cash by moonlighting as private eyes.

The Sunday Times reported yesterday that officers were working for private security firms, helping to bug homes and run checks on people's criminal and social security records for private detectives. Sir Paul Condon, the Metropolitan Police commissioner has approved the setting up of undercover operations to trap corrupt

officers, it is claimed. A spokeswoman for Scotland Yard said: "The Metropolitan Police is committed to tackling corruption within the service. In the past year we have allocated additional resources and taken a more pro-active approach to actively seek out corruption."

## Nine share £8m

Nine winners shared the £8,114,202 jackpot in Saturday's National Lottery. They scooped £901,578 for choosing winning numbers 25. 36, 44, 47, 10, 4. The bonus ball was 29.

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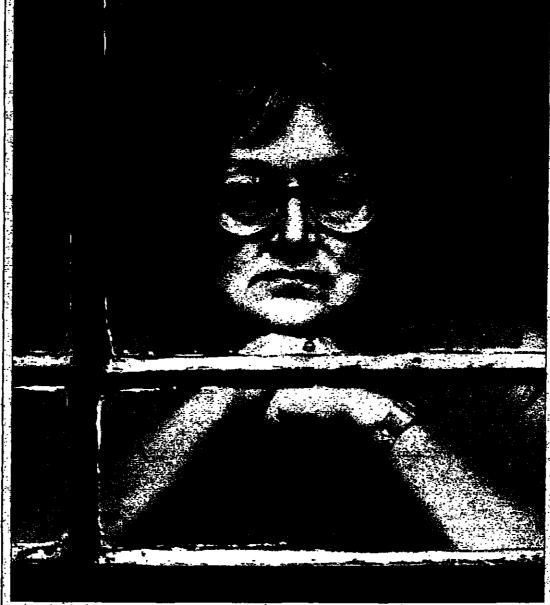
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Caroline Richmond: 'It is very difficult to think of myself as a woman'

## Woman wins £50,000 for unwanted hysterectomy

removed without her consent uning a 1000...
Operation has received a £50,000 out of court

Caroline Richmond went into Guy's and St Thomas' Hospital, London, in 1992, for a minor gynaecological operation and woke up to find the surgeon had performed a hysterectomy.

Ms Richmond, 59, said she had not given her consent

for the operation and has now received the settlement from the National Health Service Legal Authority. Ian Fergusson, the gynaecologist, and South East London Health Authority have not admitted liability. Ms Richmond, of Putney, south London, said she

was pleased with the settlement and hailed it as an mportant victory for women. "This was never a money thing," she said. "I didn't want or need the operation and I did not and would

not have consented to it. The operation was a terrible waste of NHS money.
"What I want is my female parts. I want to have a female body. What the surgeon did to me is a crime. Doctors would never consider removing a man's pe-

nis without asking him first." After the operation, Ms Richmond, who has no chil-

woman who claimed her womb and ovaries were dren, received therapy for post-traumatic stress. "I was so traumatised I have been virtually unable to work since the operation and it has had severe effects on my private life," she said.

"I had hoped to remarry but it is very difficult to think of myself as a women when I have got some of my vital organs missing.

Ms Richmond was admitted to Guy's and St Thomas' Hospital in April 1992 for an NHS operation to reduce heavy periods. When she realised that the surgeon had removed

her womb and ovaries, she discharged herself and complained to the police. A one-year police investigation ended without a prosecution. Ms Richmond then sued Mr Fergusson and South

East London Health Authority for negligence and bat tery and/or trespass against the person.

A statement from Guy's and St Thomas' said: "We deeply regret the distress suffered by Ms Richmond as a result of the hysterectomy, for which she felt she had not given permission.

"However, we understand that Mr Fergusson thought that he had Ms Richmond's consent to carry out a hysterectomy if he believed it to be in her medical inter-Kate Watson-Smyth

# Nurse's mother

Saudi prison The mother of one of the British nurses accused of murder in Saudi Arabia was flying last night to visit her daughter and "hold her". Ann McLauchlan, 50, said she

flies out to

was preparing to join Sandra and Jonathan Ashbee, the sister and brother-in-law of her daughter Lucille's co-accused Deborah Parry, for the flight.

The British women could be publicly beheaded if they are found guilty of murdering their Australian colleague Yvonne Gilford last December. Mrs McLauchlan, from Dundee,

said: "I can hardly wait to see Lucille, I am so looking forward to holding her.

"We are going out there with the same message of love and sup-

port we always take with us."

She will check out speculation that the British women have already been found guilty and their case referred to a higher court. Mrs McLauchlan (pictured) said: When we are out there we will hopefully find out what's going on with the case against them. I can't call it a trial because there has not



She said that the families were hoping to meet with the British ambassador to discuss the women's conditions in Dammam Central Prison, where they have been held since December.

A doctor visited the nurses at the request of the Foreign Office "to check that they are OK", according to British embassy spokesman Alex Brown.

The doctor "might pass the report to prison authorities if he thinks there's a case for moving them to a hospital", he added. The judges hearing the case have adjourned to consider a

### Girl, aged 5, flew packed holiday jet A British Airways pilot and co-pilot have been suspended and could face the sack after a five-year-old

girl operated the controls of a packed jet. Holidaymakers were flying back from the south of France to Heathrow on a Boeing 757 when

the toddler was allowed onto the flight deck. She then perched on one of the pilot's knees and was allowed to

oress buttons on the instrument panel A BA spokeswoman confirmed

that, following a passenger's complaint, the captain, Phil Higton, and his co-pilot were under suspen-She said: "We have suspended

them pending an investigation. We do view it as a serious breach of company regulations but it is important to stress that at no time was the safety of the passengers compromised.

A newspaper named the girl the girl as Emily Pickersgill and sald she spent 20 minutes on the flight deck, at one stage pressing a button to make the plane turn.

It also said the plane was 15 minutes from Heathrow, although the BA spokeswoman said this was unlikely.

## Fleetwood Mac confirm rumours of return

It is one of the most successful albums of all time, known for its tuneful yet somewhat anodyne songs. But at the time it was being recorded the atmosphere among the members of Fleetwood Mac was anything but harmonious.

Rumours was released in 1977 and is the eighth best-selling record ever. Almost an entire generation of thirtysomethings have owned a copy and its popularity endures. However, of the five people in the

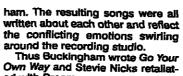
band, two had just split up and were strictly on non-speaking terms and the fifth was left acting as go-between. The history of the album is traced in a BBC documentary Classic

Albums to be shown tonight and



formed, issued a new album called The Dance and are about to embark on an American tour.

Rumours saw the break-up of Christine and John McVie as well as Stevie Nicks and Lindsay Buckingwas the first time the group had met



ed with Dreams. During the programme Mick Fleet-wood talks about how he worked to

keep the group together during the emotional upheaval while the others explain frankly about their inspiration. Caroline Thomas, spokeswoman for production company Isls, said: "At the time they met for the documentary, Stevie Nicks and Lindsay Buckingham hadn't seen each other for years. We managed in a sense to put

them back together again."

Kate Watson-Smyth

## briefing

### SPENDING

## Britain lags the world in healthcare funding

Britain continues to lag behind other developed nations when it comes to spending on healthcare, figures showed yesterday.

A report to be published next month shows that total health spending in the UK was unchanged at last year at 6.8 per cent of gross domestic product.

gross domestic product.

Of this, 5.9 per cent was spent on the NHS. The proportion of income devoted to healthcare remained below the 1995 average among countries belonging to the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development of 7.9 per cent.

Britain was well behind Germany, which spent 9.5 per cent of GDP on health care, and further behind the United States, where health spending accounted for 14.3 per cent

health spending accounted for 14.3 per cent. The figures, from the independent Office of Health Economics,

showed that NHS spending per head of population in the UK rose to £717 last year – an increase of 1.5 per cent on 1995.

However in the 20 years between 1976 and 1996 NHS spending per head increased by 74 per cent in real terms, while total health expenditure per head including private care rose by 86 per cent.

Despite its low expenditure. Britain health record was not

Despite its low expenditure, Britain health record was not unfavourable according to recognised indicators, said the OHE. Infant mortality in the UK was average, while that of the United States was relatively high.

### MEDICINE

### Dancing with danger

Ballet dancers whose training programme is too tough face a higher risk of developing the crippling bone disorder osteoporosis a study has shown. Dancers whose menstrual cycle was disrupted by weight loss and hard training were those most at risk.

In a project funded by the Action Research charity, Dr Nicola Keay examined 57 women over the age of 20 who had not yet reached the menopause, and measured the mineral bone density of their spine and pelvis. She found that in those

whose periods had stoppe the spine measurements were significantly below those of other women.

But in dancers with normal periods the bone density in the hips was significantly higher than that of the general population – an apparent benefit of

raining. Dr Kezy, of St Thomas' Hospital, London, says: "I am not saying that these women should not carry on dancing.

"I hope our study will highlight ways of reducing the risk of stress fractures due to low bone density."

Osteoporosis affects more than three million people in Britain.

It generally affects women after the menopause and can lead to painful fractures of the spine, hips and wrists.

### HOUSING

## Scots miss out on housing boom

Scotland is missing out on the surging housing market enjoyed by other areas of the UK, particularly the South-east of England, a report said yesterday.

During the second quarter of this year, house prices in Scotland rose by 3.2 per cent in comparison with the same period a year earlier, while prices for the UK generally went up by 6.7 per cent, said a survey from The Royal Bank of Scotland and Scottish

The price increase in Scotland for the second quarter was just 0.3 per cent higher than in the previous three months, leaving the

average house priced at £57.905. The report pointed out that UK growth was being driven by the southern regions, and that while Scottish house prices were lagging behind the UK trend, they were broadly in line with the trends in the north of England.

### **CONSUMERS**

## UK bucks world smoking trend

By 2010 smokers across the world will puff their way through nearly five trillion cigarettes a year, industry analysts claim. That represents an increase on the 4.6 trillion (4.6 million millions)

smoked this year.
But in the UK the trend is in the opposite direction. The number of cigarettes smoked is expected to fall from an average of 1,217 per person to 802. It will put Britain 38th in the international smoking league-tables, according to Euromonitor.

South Korea is expected to top the league with just under 4,000 cigarettes per person followed by Hungary, Poland, Japan and China's smoking craze, page 9

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### ENVIRONMENT

### Lorries shatter rural peace

The peace of the English countryside is in danger of being lost forever unless lorry traffic is curbed, conservationists have warned. According to a survey by the Council for the Protection of Rural England, heavy-duty vehicles are using rural lanes for "rat-runs", damaging the countryside and disturbing residents. It added that the survey curried out on 45 lanes in England revealed walkers, cyclists and riders were being "intimidated" by lorries.

The group called on the Government and local authorities to

enforce weight and speed restrictions and promote alternative freight transport. Proposals also included the creation of "tranquil areas" free from heavy traffic.

### **TRANSPORT**

### Poor vision for the road ahead

More than a million motorists are driving around unaware that their eyesight is below the minimum standard, research out yesterday has shown. Many motorists adjust their driving in line with their visual abilities – but those who do not have 10 per cent

more accidents.

If drivers with poor eyesight were more aware of their limitations, death-and-injury accidents could fall by more than 900 a year, according to the research Aston University and which was

The survey, which involved questioning 8,000 drivers at Granada motorway service areas, showed that 4 per cent of drivers – about 1.2 million people – could be unaware of their poor eyesight. A week-long road-side check run by police found one woman driver whose eyesight was so bad that they drove her home themselves because they considered her a danger on the road.

### HEALTH

## Hospitals 'mishandling death'

Dying NHS patients are being under-prescribed painkillers by poorly trained staff needlessly fearful of side-effects such as breathing difficulties or addiction, according to a study.

The mislandling of death extends to relatives who are left distressed by poor communication after a family member has just

Previous studies showed doctors were too busy to talk to bereaved relatives, but researchers from London's King's College Medical School and St Christopher's Hospice found that nurses were now also too husy.

Variations in the handling of deaths, 60 per cent of which happen in hospitals, is blamed on the lack of clear guidelines from the Department of Health.

مكذا من الاجل

Edinburgh Film and Television Festivals: Screen idols upstage politicians and programme makers

## Quiz offers prizes to divorcees to reveal their old secrets

Paul McCann Media Correspondent

ld in

Family values campaigners look set to be outraged by a new quiz show which will get divorcees to dish the dirt on each other in order to win foreign holidays. London Weekend Television is de-

veloping Can We Still Be Friends? a Nineties version of the Seventies

In the programme, which was originally to be called The Ex-Files, old flames and divorced couples

'It's terribly moral. We would like them to back together and even go on the holiday'

have to answer questions about each other, "with daggers drawn" according to the programme's makers.

Two ex-couples will compete against each other to answer "wicked" questions such as: "What was the name of the first woman he was unfaithful to you with?"

The ex-couple that knows most about each other's unreasonable behaviour will then go into a head-. to-head final. In a cruel twist, once one of the couple wins, their former partner will get to choose the winner's prize for them. They will be able to pick for their ex a holiday in Bali, a shuttle full of coal, or a mystery

Humphrey Barclay, head of comedy at LWT. But he added: "There could be an element of cruelty in

Both Channel 4 and ITV are interested in broadcasting the show but the level of bitterness may depend on what time it goes out, "Channel 4 is interested in a rude, bitter reunion," said Mr Barclay. "But we're wondering if it isn't a new Blind Date with ITV potential." If Can We Still Be Friends? goes to Channel 4 it will include gay and lesbian couples to give it a truly Nineties feel.

Mr Barclay denied that the programme would exploit the fact that one in three marriages in Britain end in divorce: "It's all in defence of the family," he said. "It's terribly moral, we would like them to get back together and even go on the prize holiday together."

"The aaaaahhhs from the audience will be overwhelming if the winner decides to take their former partner with them."

The programme is the idea of the stand-up comedian John Malone but LWT has yet to sign up a presenter. Mr Barclay is considering using the camp comedian and Perrier Award nominee Graham Norton who Mr Barclay said is a "brilliant ad-libbing

A pilot show is planned for the Autumn and is being developed by the LWT director Crispin Leyser.

Mr Barclay believes couples will be happy to come on the show and get their skeletons out of the closet. He hopes to find what he describes as "the juicy couples you get on Blind Date". Although he admitted: "It's got a bit more edge than Cilla



Royal tour: Michael Caine and Sean Connery in Edinburgh yesterday for the launch of a new print of their 1975 film The Man Who Would Be King Photograph: Colin McKillop

## The Hamiltons put on a show for cheap TV

The disgraced former Conservative MP Neil Hamilton and his wife, Christine, have landed themselves a free stay in a five-star hotel opposite the London Ritz as part of their increasingly self-parodying efforts to

become media stars. Trading on their notoriety the two have written a review of a night they spent in the Athenaeum Hotel in

paper. One of the gifts the former minister Mr Hamilton received from Mohamed Al Fayed, owner of Harrods, was a stay in the Paris Ritz.

Mrs Hamilton admitted that they were cashing in on the cash for questions scandal. "We are not unaware of why the Times asked us to do it," she said yesterday. Mr and Mrs Hamilton were appearing at the Edinburgh Television Festival where they were stars of a workshop on making

where she interviews car-crash victims at their hospital bed sides. But Mrs Hamilton was disappointed that no firm offers of work had come from their appearance. "We are game to try anything," she said. Mr and Mrs Hamilton had signed up with an agent

to get them media work. Mrs Hamilton, who during the

MERCURY

One programme-maker horrified stronger half of the partnership, is the audience by suggesting that Mrs at present writing Christine Hamil-Hamilton could host a programme ton's Bumper Book of British Battleaxes in time for the Christmas

> The Hamiltons join a long line of former Conservative MPs, including, Michael Portillo, who are trying to build a career in the media.

However their performance at Edinburgh, which was filled with jokes about Mr Fayed, revealed

novelty act with little understanding of their own unpopularity. The Hamiltons' desperation for

work was underlined by their willingness to appear at a television lestival being sponsored by the Guardian newspaper, the agent of their downfall.

A festival spokeswoman emphasised that the Hamiltons had not been paid for their appearance but had merely received accommodation

CABLE & WIRELESS

## 'All gone': Teletubbies give up baby talk for children's sake

television show, is to adopt real language following complaints from parents and educationalists about the show's fat stars' baby talk, writes Paul McCann. But Anna Home, head of BBC children's TV, denied that the character's babble, which includes the catchphrases "tubby

toast", "tubby custard" and "all gone", was doing the twoyear-olds who watch any harm. "The children who grew up watching the Clangers didn't grow up into a generation of whistlers," she told a session at

the Edinburgh International Television Festival yesterday. None the less, there will be "modifications" to the programme. "It may be that there is a need to go into more tradi-tional speech." Ms Home said.

The makers of the programme, Ragdoll Productions, conducted research into children's language development before creating the programme. Ragdoll believes the Teletubbies babble is what children use to learn the rules of language before they start using real words.



The Teletubbies: Top of the morning television ratings

parents worried that Tinky Winky, Laa Laa, Dipsy and Po make a bad example for children. Even so, John Morris. head of sales for the BBC's The programme provoked a commercial arm, BBC Worldbarrage of complaints from wide, said that the programme

will make the corporation a lot of money: "The potential on this one is limitless."

The programme has already been sold to Portugal, France and South Africa. But some international programme buyers have had a hard time understanding the characters, who have aerials on their head and TV screens

in their stomachs. Mr Morris said: "Initially, there was a great deal of surprise at the look of the programme. They were used to more traditional programmes and some of them were horrified. A German buyer said These are like spacemen and we think they'll frighten our children'."

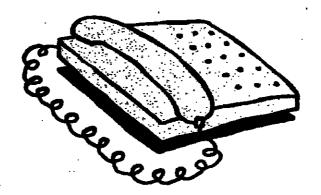
In a session devoted to how children's programmes such as The Magic Roundabout have been adopted as cults by students and adults, the panellists discussed how Teletubbies have been a hit with clubbers and the gay community.

The camp, handbag carrying antics of Tinky Winky provoked Andy Medhurst, a media studies lecturer at Sussex Uniersity, to declare: "Tinky Winky is the first queer role model for toddlers."

Teletubbies is the most watched programme at the time that it is shown, with its two million viewers beating the audi-

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## Wouldn't you just hate those Spice Girls living next door? cent, but top of the second list,

Kathy Marks

معوديد

Substantial numbers of people would relish having the Spice Girls move in next door, in spite of the risk of having fans of the pop group parked on their lawn. Many more, however, would regard the five girls as the neighbours from hell.

A survey by Nat West Mortgage Services published today reveals the schism in attitudes to the chart-topping girl group

from slavish adoration among a large chunk of under-25s to downright loathing in older members of the population.

For the survey, some 2,000 people over the age of 15 were respectively). asked who would be their ideal or most reviled neighbours. The Spice Girls came ninth in the first category, scoring 11 per

with 32 per cent.

To the mystification of researchers, the television pre-senter Jill Dando received the most votes (20 per cent) as the person with whom to exchange ossip over the garden fence. (No doubt they questioned disproportionate numbers of middle-aged men.)

Ms Dando shares joint first place with Des Lynam, the television sports anchorman. Close behind are two men separated by age but united by dreamy good looks: tennis player Tim Henman and film star George Clooney (18 and 16 per cent

Also featuring in the top 10 of "des residents", as Nat West calls them, are television perblonde looks similar to Ms Dando's), Anne Robinson (dominatrix sex appeal) and Chris Evans (possibly confused with someone else).

cludes the first couple of showbiz. Liam Gallagher and Patsy Kensit, and Jeremy Beadle (31 per cent would slash their wrists if he moved in next door).

Fictional characters figured

prominently as unpopular neighbours. Thirty per cent of respondents in the survey nominated the Battersbys, the problem family that recently moved into Coronation Street; other choices were Wayne and Waynetta Slob, Harry Enfield's fag-smoking creations, Victor Meldrew of One Foot In The

Grave and Dot Cotton of East-

The findings gives the lie to the popular perception of neighbours as folk who keep Evans, more predictably, is number five in the "nightmare neighbours" list, which also inple talk to their neighbours at least once a week and 44 per cent speak to them daily. When asked what they hated

most about the family next door, loud music, late-night parties and unruly children were principal provocations. Garden gnomes, noisy lovemaking and lowering the tone of the neighbourhood" were also cited. Qualities valued in neighbours included help with do-it-

yourself and decorating. babysitting, "having me round for dinner/barbecues" and "keeping me up to date with gossio".

## Sinn Fein sure that Blair will talk with Adams

Despite Downing Street denials, Sinn Fein said last night it was conwould take place in the next few weeks between its president. Gerry Adams, and Tony Blair, the Prime Minister.

With the Government expected to announce this week that Sinn Fein will be admitted to all-party talks on the future of Northern Ireland next month, a senior member of the party said that its inclusion in the negotiations would make an encounter inevitable. "Once we enter the talks. we will have to be included in any round of prime ministerial meetings." he said. 'I trust Tony Blair will want to keep abreast with what we are thinking, and it's my understanding that he will instigate a meeting."

Mr Blair's aides yesterday played down weekend reports that a meeting between the two men was imminent. One report suggested that it could take place at Stormont

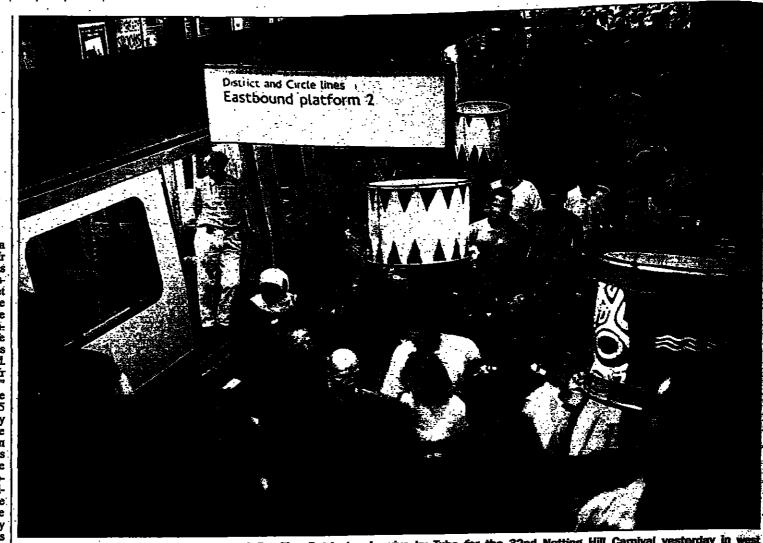
Mo Mowlam, the Secretary of State for Northern Ireland, is ex-

pected to confirm at the end of the week that the IRA's latest ceasefire has been sufficiently well observed to permit Sinn Fein's presence at the talks, which start formally on 6 September. The Government set a sixweek "quarantine period" after the IRA called the ceasefire on 19 July, which it said would be used to assess whether the new peace was "genuine in word and deed". That period will be over next weekend. but Ms Mowlam's announcement is anticipated on Thursday or Friday.

well the ceasefire has been observed will be based not only on the lack of any "spectacular" terrorist attacks, but also on army and security briefings about weapons movements and the numbers of punishment beatings and sectarian incidents that have taken place. The Sinn Fein source denied re-

rather than Downing Street, to min-imise any potential embarrassment. ports that a meeting had already been arranged between Mr Adams and Mr Blair, but said that the party was pushing for a meeting as soon as possible". There was no suggestion yet as to where it might take place, he said. "It doesn't matter to us where we meet as long as it is for substan-tive discussions," he said, adding: "We won't take part in any surreptitious meetings or anything that is contrived. If and when Gerry Adams meets Mr Blair, it will be for substantive talks."

The first political session of the Stormout talks is scheduled for 15 September. There is still uncertainty about who will chair the committee to oversee arms decommissioning in the province. The Ulster Unionists accused the Irish Government at the weekend of seeking to block the appointment of the favoured candidate, Canadian general John de Chastelain, because of his tough line on decommissioning. The issue may be resolved at a meeting between Ms Mowlam and the Irish foreign minister, Ray Burke, tomorrow.



Follow the drums: Members of the French-Brazilian Bat-ia band arrive by Tube for the 32nd Notting Hill Camival yesterday in west London. Later, a man was shot in the stomach, marring celebrations. Police said his wounds were 'not serious' Photograph: Andrew Businian."

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## Mawhinney enters world of darkness

Political Correspondent

It must be every Liberal De-

mocrat's worst nightmare: the Prince of Darkness meets the Chicken Chairman. Peter Mandelson, the man who masterminded Labour's

election victory, is sharing an ofbreak with Brian Mawhinney, who oversaw the Conservatives' road to disaster.

The former Tory chairman, who earned his nickname after abandoning his Peterborough seat for the safer shores of North West Cambridgeshire, has been moved into a House while building work takes place in his office.

Unfortunately for all concerned, the same fate has befallen the minister without portfolio. Mr Mandelson, known as the Prince of Darkness because of his machiavellian tendencies and because of the description of him by Clare Short, now Secretary of State for International Development, as one of the "people that live in the dark", has had his name

posted outside the same door. While some Labour ministers appear to have insisted on billeting down together during the upheaval, Dr Mawhinney appears to be less fastidious about the company he keeps. As well as Mr Mandelson, the Tory spokesman on home affairs, is also sharing with the minister for employment and disability rights, Andrew Smith. Other

Tories currently based in committee room 19 include the party's heritage spokesman, Patrick Nicholls, the shadow Chief Secretary to the Treasury David Heathcoat-Amory and the MP for Windsor, Michael Trend.

Next door in committeeroom 18, however, peace and harmony reigns. The health minister Tessa Jowell is sharing with the industry minister John Battle, the film and tourism minister Tom Clarke and the agriculture minister Jeff Rooker. Even further down the corridor the Paymaster General, Geoffrey Robinson, is working alone although space is set aside for

other Labour members. most of the aproofed min ters and Tory spokespeople appeared to be away on holiday last week, however. And sadly it is unlikely that Dr Mawhinney and Mr Mandelson will ever get the opportunity to flick paper pellets at each other across their shared office space.

A spokesman for Mr Mandelson said he spent much of his time in the Cabinet Office, although he could not take constituency work there. And by the time Dr Mawhinney returns from his holiday in early September the minister without portfolio will have gone away on

Ministers with departments to go to were lucky in having a wider choice of offices than their shadows, Mr Mandelson's spokesman pointed out. "I do hope Mr Mawhinney is getting used to spending time in the House of Commons again," he said.

### DAILY POEM

### Convoy

By Charles Causley

Draw the blanket of ocean Over the frozen face. He lies, his eyes quarried by glittering fish, Staring through the green freezing sea-glass At the Northern Lights.

He is now a child in the land of Christmas: Watching, amazed, the white tumbling bears And the diving seal.

The iron wind clangs round the ice-caps,
The five-pointed Dog-star
Burns over the silent sea.

And the three ships Come sailing in.

This week's Daily Poems celebrate the 80th birthday of the Cornish poet Charles Causley. After wartime service in the Royal Navy, he returned to Launceston, where he has lived, taught in primary schools, and written ever since. Charles Causley's Collected Poems 1941-1997 are published by Macmillan (£20) and his Selected Poems for Children by Macmillan Children's Books (£5.99).

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# Right, you lovely little man ... sergeant majors on charm offensive

"You blokes are rubbish, physically! Rubbish! I will wipe the floor with any one of you! You are shit! If you think you're going to be on a passing-out parade next week with your girlfriend looking at you ... [the next bit is not printable You have got another think coming, gentlemen!

Twenty years on, I remember it well. We had been at Sandburst for six months and were already commissioned as second lieutenants in "P" Company, the Paras' selection course which is to basic army training what a postgraduate degree is to a GCSE. - the lowest grade of officer life - on probation at Sandhurst.

The test was mental, as well as physical. Diplomacy, cunning, survival. It was January 1977, the hardest winter in 30 years in the Brecon Beacons, and we had been in the field for 10 days on the final exercise. A couple of guys had already gone down with exposure. One of our number, a Royal Engineer and a rower took the bait the staff sergeant offered. "I'll race you, staff". he said. "And I bet you 10 quid I win".

Some time later, each carrying the same amount of equipment, machine guns and 200 rounds of ammunition, they disappeared up the snowy trail.

Hours later, Ian came back. "I won". That evening, steaming and smelly, tucking into our food in the canteen at Sennybridge, the staff sergeant approached our table: "Here's that 10 quid I owe you."

That was Sandhurst. You expect that as a soldier in 11 weeks of basic training. You expect that as an officer cadet beginning 15 months' training, though I am told it is all much more "grown up" now. We got it, from instructors who were technically our subordinates. The instructors were supposed to be "firm but tactful". Can you imagine what some soldier recruits go through?

The Army is short of recruits - 5,000 under strength. This week it will launch a new drive to

attract and keep its troops. Instructors have been ordered to adopt a less "hectoring" approach. **Christopher Bellamy**, Defence Correspondent,

recalls some harsh moments from his training days at Sandhurst to do.

"The approach now will be more follow me' rather than do this because

new drive. It is short of recruits, about 5,000 under strength, and wants to try to keep the people it gets. Instructors have been ordered to adopt a less "hectoring" approach. But Brigadier Andrew Cumming, the Army's Director of Recruiting, who commanded the first British United Nations forces in Bosnia, said "we are not going to lower our standards. We are merely go-

ing to build them up more gently.

The Army's new policy will be explained on Wednesday at the launch of the newly amalgamated Army Training and Recruitment Agency (ATRA) commanded by Major General Christopher Elliott. As if to un-The Army will this week launch a derline its efforts to overcome the

problem, the launch will be at Pir-bright, near Aldershot in Surrey, one of the Army's five training regiments. Pirbright used to be the Guards' training depot with a reputation for extreme toughness. In the Seventies, a visiting team of United States Marines was in-vited to go over the Guards' depot assault course but refused - because it

was "too dangerous".
Since then, the Army, like the other services, has adapted to changed social conditions. But, Brig Cumming said, "a few of the instructors still worry me. They need to better understand how you control a mixed-gender, mixed race bunch of kids. It doesn't take much for one person to bring the most awful brown stuff on the Army".

The new approach will allow soldiers to be trained at their own speed. But the Army also has to adjust its psychological approach to cope with recruits, some of whom have good academic qualifications and have never failed anything or been told what

I say so'," Brig Cumming said.

Last year, the Army introduced "pre-training" to bring recruits up to the level of fitness needed to survive the basic course and extended the latter from 10 to 11 weeks. Before that, only 60 per cent of recruits were passing the course first time, and 25 per cent were lost to the Army altogether. Since pre-training began, wastage has fallen to 17 per cent.

The British Army's approach relies heavily on robust humour. Twenty years ago, one recruit was poshing hard at a door marked "pull" "P-U-L-L, sir" said the sergeant-

major, with a contemptuous smile. Don't tell me." he continued. "You must be one of the graduate



Ain't Half Hot, Mum, a portrayal of military life which the Army would like to forget

## Skin cancer experts row over causes

Rory Carroll

Doctors warned the public yes-terday to ignore claims from two skin-cancer experts that there were no research links between malignant melanoma and exposure to sunlight.
People should continue to use

sun-cream and cover up to avoid potentially fatal skin diseases, despite the latest findings, said cancer specialists. They called on Sam Shuster and Jonathan Rees, professors of dermatology at Newcastle Uni-versity, to justify their state-ments that some doctors and sun-cream manufacturers have exaggerated the link.

The claim was based on analysis of data published around the world which showed that growths often occurred on parts of the body that receive little or no sun, such as backs of legs or soles of feet. Professor Shuster and Professor Rees also said there was evidence that risk of the disease was inherited and that it occurred in countries where sumbathing was not

Such claims were reckless and should be disregarded unless they could be proven, said Mark Rose, who treats skin cancer patients at Sydney's Royal North Shore Hospital. The link be-tween the Sun and skin cancer has been known for many years. It's been proven." Australia, where 5,000 people a year develop the disease and nearly 1,000 die, has led the world in skin-cancer awareness.

Tony Quinn, consultant dermatologist at London's St Bartholomew's Hospital and skin-cancer researcher for the Imperial Cancer Research Fund, said the link between melanoma and sunshine was complicated, but not in doubt.

"This publicity is unfortunate, because people might get confused. They should not stop the good habits of covering themselves up and using sun-

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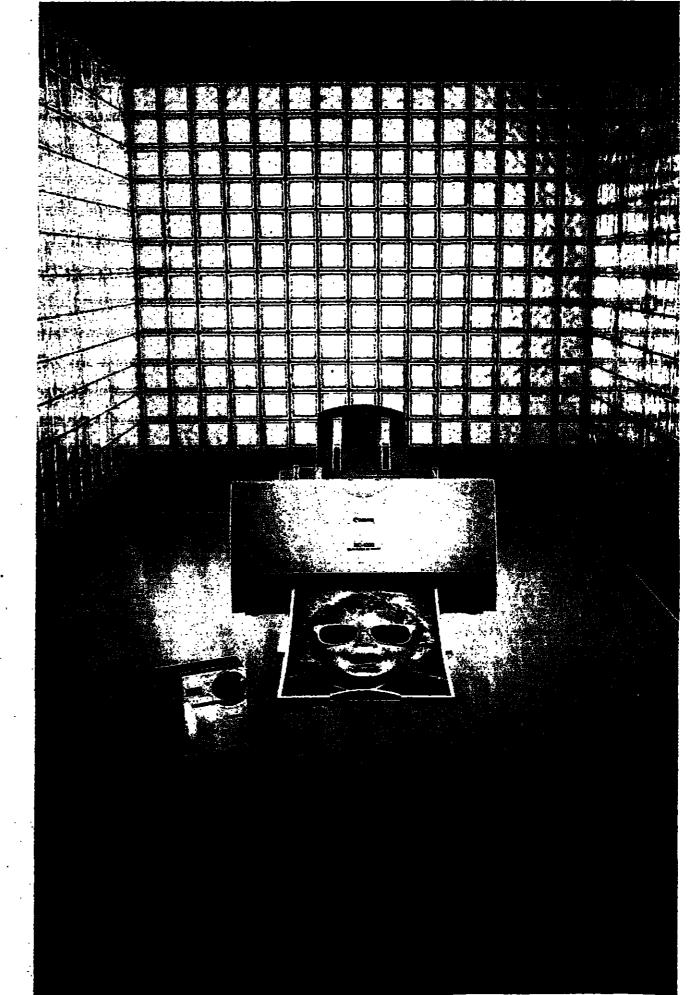
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## Police put the brakes on new breed of old biker

Police have launched a campaign to save the lives of a new and potentially deadly breed of motorcyclist - not reckless youths but affluent middleaged men on expensive super-bikes.

Road safety experts are growing increasingly concerned by the emergence of what they call the "born-again bikers", older men whose children have grown up and well-off professionals looking for thrills

Insurers have also identified the group and believe many over-thirties.

returning after raising fami-lies. Others simply believe riding fast bikes is cool.

The trend was first spotted by Chief Inspector David Short of North Yorkshire traffic police. In his area, which is largely rural and criss-crossed with long country lanes where bikers race, there were 13 motorcycle deaths in 1995, three of which involved over-thirties. Last year, there were 17 deaths, 12 involving over-thirties. So far this year, there have been eight fatalities, seven of which involved



"In North Yorkshire, 90 per cent of fatal motorcycle accidents now involve bikers aged over 30 riding high-performance bikes," said Chief Inspector Short "Many of them used to

ride bikes years ago but they don't seem to realise that bikes have advanced so much over the past 20 years that today's machines bear little resemblance to what they were used to.

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They return to biking with a little more money in their pockets and buy bikes that are actually very similar to performance bikes used in racing. They simply go too fast, lose control and hit something." A top of the range highperformance bike costs around

sports car. Last month, Mr Short and representatives of 11 forces nationwide got together to

£10,000 - half the price of a

launch Bikesafe 2000, a campaign which aims to educate born-again bikers using a network of dealers, police specialists and bike clubs.

Tim Thompson, editor of Ride magazine, is supporting the initiative. Readership research has shown the average age of his readers to be increasing and readers' average wages have now topped £30,000 a year.

"We take readers away for

close instruction can make all the difference. This needed be a problem - fatalities are very very rare. And it can be great However, the trend is likely to result in increased insur-

bilities and limitations. We're advocating some advanced rid-

middle-aged men are taking to two wheels again without realising the dangers of today's high-performance superbikes. Deaths

involving the over-thirties are on the increase

Photograph: Justin Sleek

ance premiums for older bikers. Damian Keeling, managing di-rector of Carole Nash insurance, Britain's largest intermediate insurer for bikers, said the days of lower premiums for maters people are numbered.
"We have 60,000 chients and

our research has shown that bikers in the age group 30-60 are twice as likely to have an accident than bikers under 30," said Mr Keeling.

You see these guys in leathers "In terms of life insurance and then you realise there's a and property insurance, the bit of a paunch under there. older age group is ideal and And then they take their crash attracts bigger discounts and helmets off and they're balding. "The problem is that many of

lower premiums. them have come back to bikes "But as far as insurance goes to ride bikes, the assumption after driving cars and they 'drithat more mature people are ve' their bikes rather than ridsafer is having to be rethought ing them. There's a subtle difference but it's about un- and premiums are bound to rise derstanding your bike's capa- as a result.

## Airlines squeeze travellers as high-flying young Britons grow too tall for their seats

Political Correspondent

creasingly cramped experience for young Britons, according to figures published today. Ministers are being asked to review regulations on the space between aeroplane seats because a tenth of 16-34 year-old men are now officially too big to fit

into them comfortably. As thousands of holiday makers head for the sun on the busiest weekend of the year for airports. David Chidgey, the Liberal Democrats' trade and industry spokesman, has revealed that the average male has grown by three quarters of an inch since the rules were drawn up. People travelling on charter flights are squeezed hardest by the change; many larger airlines leave more than the min-While the national average

height used to be five feet eight and a half inches, it is now more than five feet nine inches. This has meant increasing discomfort and even a safety risk for anyone over six feet tall. The regulations governing

the amount of space per pasby the Civil Aviation Authority but are believed to have been based on a height survey carried out in 1980.

They were designed to ensure that all but the tallest five per cent of men could sit on planes without having their knees rammed into the back young men are growing ever taller, and twice as many under-35s are now too big for their

crease," said Mr Thompson.

Mr Chidgey, who has received representations from some of his taller constituents on the subject, has launched what he describes as "a crusade on behalf of the squeezed and squashed air passengers of Britain".

He says that passengers who are of more than the regulation height could be at greater risk than their neighbours in an accident because they might find it difficult to get out of the plane in an evacuation.

"The Government must respond to these shocking reve-

of the person in front. But the seat size regulations. Until young men are growing ever they do Britain's taller jet setters will not be able to rest

Mr Chidgey, the member for Eastleigh, has written to the transport minister Glenda Jackson to ask her to review the basis of the regulations. However, she has already indicated in a parliamentary answer that she is unlikely to do so.

"There is no reason why an individual who falls outside the range used by the Civil Aviation Authority should be at greater risk during an emergency evacuation. There has been no significant change in the data since 1989 and the CAA have no proposals to review this lations with an urgent review of standard," she said.



## Jet alert brings holiday chaos

Thousands of bank-holiday travellers faced chaos at Gatwick yesterday when a jet carrying 183 British tourists was forced to make an emer-

gency landing.
The Airtours Boeing 757 was 50 minutes into its flight to Palma, Majorca, when a warning light flashed on the flight deck. The pilot alerted the passengers and eight crew he was returning to Gatwick and requested an emergency landing.

Flights were suspended for nearly one hour while fire, ambulance and police crews prepared for an emergency. A Gatwick airport spokeswoman said the plane landed on

grass beside the main runway

and all passengers evacuated on the aircraft's inflatable chutes "The aircraft landed safely and none of the passengers or crew were injured." she said. The spokeswoman said the

airport was starting to get back to normal after the incident at 7.15am. She said the emergency had struck at "possibly the busiest weekend of the year". "We are trying to get everySummer blues: A couple sit out the wait at Gatwick yesterday when flights were

body away on their holidays but airlifted to hospital yesterday afobviously there have been a great number of delays. A spokesman for Airtours said the aircraft's cockpit warn-

halted after an emergency landing

ing light indicated that there was a potential problem with the aircraft's hydraulics, which control the wheels and the steering. Meanwhile, a woman was ter being seriously injured when a spiked barrier was blown into the side of a Range Rover by a

The woman was with her husband on Salisbury Plain, Wiltshire, visiting tank ranges open to the public over the

barrier when it was blown shut. A spike penetrated the vehicle's side, injuring his wife in the but-

Photograph: Andrew Buurman

tocks and leg.
Firecrew cut her free and site was flown to Salisbury District Hospital where her injuries were described as "serious, but Bank Holiday weekend. The not life-threatening".

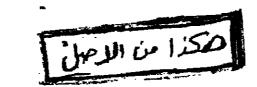
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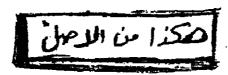
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'It's a very intrusive view of a very raw life. When you look at them it's breathtaking - you think, how could anyone compile such a record?"



# Son's stark portrait of a family at war

As a set of family snapshots, they reveal a slice of family life that is less than idyllic. But then Richard Billingham's photographs of his mother, father and brother at home are not ordinary snapshots.

Scenes from his dysfunctional family life include his tattooed mother beating up his father, his father,

don, has ever shown such scenes of squalor and brutality before. Or a Spar meat pie. But the photographs will form one of the highlights of the RA's "Sensation" exhibition, which opens next month.

The photographs, like the rest of

who, according to the RA, highlight the vitality and inventiveness of current British art".

Jenny Blyth, curator of the Saatchi Gallery, says that the photographs are astonishing. "It's a very intrusive view of a very raw life. When you look at them it's breathtaking - you think, how could anyone compile such a record?" she said.

a chronic alcoholic, falling off a chair and passed out holding a filthy toilet. In one picture even the family cat and dog are fighting.

It is unlikely that the Royal Academy of Arts in Piccadilly, central London has ever shown such scenes of think, how could anyone compile such a record?" she said.

Billingham's photographs indeed comprise an extraordinary family record. His father, Ray, rarely leaves the house, but drinks "home brew", made by a friend in a neighbouring toner block. tower block.

At one point, according to Billingham, his father kept the homebrew bucket by the bed for convenience and drank it from a plastic

His mother, Liz, rarely drinks the exhibits, are owned by Charles "but she does smoke a lot of ciga-

Saatchi. All the pieces from his col- rettes". In the pictures, her tatlection are by young British artists tooed arms, and often violent posturing make her an intimidating

> But in one picture she beams with happiness while feeding a tiny kitten with a pipette.

> The family's flat is pictured with brutal honesty - complete with filthy floors and half-eaten food, and the remaining impression is one of horror, squalor, but also occasional

It is hard to imagine that the family enjoy being portrayed in this man-ner. But Richard Billingham, 27, says that both his parents and his brother are "very happy" with the pho-

Neither I nor they are shocked by its directness because we're all well-enough acquainted with having to live with poverty. After all, there

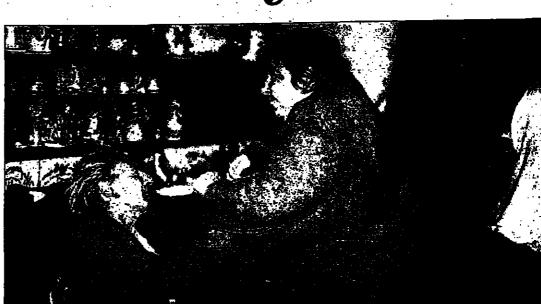
in an accompaniment to the photographs. "It is certainly not my intention to shock, to offend, sensationalise, be political or

Billingham began using his camera to compile reference material for paintings, while he was still living at home. At first, he said, he did not want to let on to the other students who his subjects were, be-

backgrounds. Finally telling students and tutors who the pictures were of, he said, was "a load off me", and since then he has been taking pictures of them not just as reference but as an attempt

cause of the difference in their

to understand his family. "Sensation" will be shown at the Royal Academy from 18 September. The exhibition will feature work by 40 artists, including Rachel Whiteread, Damien Hirst, Tracey



are millions of other people in Whiteread, Damien Hirst, Tracey Britain living similarly," he writes, Emin and Jake and Dinos Chapman. Unholy matrimony: Liz attacks Ray in the flat which Richard shows in all its squalor

You will be, when you discover a sporty hatchback has fog lamps, alloys and spoiler for a mere...

# Island declares 'war' on Britain

Clare Short's latest comments have further infuriated the inhabitants of Montserrat

Phil Davison Woodlands

The mouse is roaring. The remaining people of the volcano-stricken British colony of Montserrat declared 'war" on the British government yesterday and said they would refuse to leave their beloved Caribbean island despite British pressure to do so.

They formed an emergency national consultative forum - including the local cabinet, newspaper editors, civil servants, private and public sector representatives and others - to fight for their cause.

It is a diplomatic war. Montserratians are a peaceful people. But they are determined not to leave the little island, 27 miles west of Antigua. They made their point at the week-end when only 16 of the remaining 4,000 islanders showed up for a British-planned "voluntary evacuation" to Antigua. It took a British navy destroyer and 250 naval personnel - watched by 100 journalists - to ensure they left safely. And most of the "evacuees" said they were only going to visit relatives in England and would be back.

Before the Soufriere Hills vol-canco first erupted in 1995, there were 11,000 people on the island. At least 3,000 have moved to Britain, others to neighbouring islands.
New local Chief (Prime) Minister

David Brandt said the British government was "forcing us to choose between misery and the unknown". "Effectively, we are at war with the

British government. Not with the British people. Britons understand our cause. They know what it would feel like to be forced to leave the British Isles," a senior government official told *The Independent*.

Their own scientists say the north of the island is safe. But they're forcing us to leave. We have a message for Clare Short [Secretary of State for International Development]: 'We ain't going, no way'." He was quoting from a calypso song by local star Arrow, who will sing along with Eric Clapton, Sting, Paul Mc-Cartney at a Montserrat aid concert in London on 15 September.



It has become clear to Montserratians that the British government wants them to leave the island despite scientists' claims that the Government has misread scientific reports and is grossly exaggerating

the volcano's danger.
In recent interviews, Ms Short has called Montserratian leaders "irresponsible" and their requests for evacuation compensation "ludicrous". Islanders were stunned at the weekend to hear her compare their plight with that of flood victims in Wales.

In a interview with The Independent yesterday, new Chief Minister David Brandt slammed Ms Short and challenged her to see the situation for herself. "She is refusing to come. I wonder if she can bear what she will see," he said. Ms Short said she would not come here and that her deputy, George Foulkes - who helped spark the latest crisis by talking of a possi-ble "cataclysmic" eruption threatening the whole island - may cancel a planned visit later this week.

"Britain's own scientists say the north of the island is safe," said Mr Brandt, sworn in by British governor Frank Savage on Friday after street protests forced the resignation of his predecessor, Bertrand Osborne. When it came to the Falklands, it was not a matter of per capita," he added, referring to Ms Short's pro-

posal to link evacuation compensation with the local average wage.
"All we are asking for is a chance to rebuild our lives. The British gov-ernment is not giving us that

Publicly, Britain says it will help rebuild Montserrat, constructing a new capital city in the northern 'safe zone" to replace Plymouth. largely burnt out and buried in volcanic ash. In reality, the Government has frozen such development and is

encouraging islanders to leave.
"After World War Two, America rebuilt Europe from the ashes, even though it had no obligation to do so," said Mr Brandt. "I think it is distressing that a lady in Ms Short's po-that the concept of "war" was first sition is making pontificating statements.

In describing local protests as minimal, and blaming the British media for blowing them up, Ms Short appeared to have missed a major point. Although recent street protests were small, virtually all remaining 4,000 islanders are opposed to the evacuation scheme.

The formation of the national consultative forum confirmed that. According to those who attended, the islanders decided to fight what they see as an attempt by Britain to drive them out by making it unviable to stay . It was at the forum's first meeting

mentioned, by a cabinet minister.

As guest speaker at the forum's first meeting, the chief British scientist and vulcanologist on the island, Professor Stephen Sparks of Bristol University, slammed the Government - which sent him here - and particularly Mr Foulkes, for misreading a scientific report on the volcano. As a result, scientists at the Montserrat Volcano Observatory were rewriting the report "to ensure it is not misunderstood," Professor Sparks said.

He insisted that the north of the island was safe despite Mr Foulkes' berms (land heaps) or statement last week that the whole vert any volcanic flow."

On their way: Crew members from HMS Liverpool assisting the Healy family of Salem with their luggage at the Brades registration centre on Montserrat

Photograph: Reuters

island could be engulfed by a major eruption. That, according to Professor Sparks, was a chance in many thousands.

Another statement by Ms Short, Another statement by Ms Short, suggesting that Montserratians were whingeing and would be "wanting golden elephanis next", bought the response: "All we are asking for is to keep our mountain chickens." That is what they call the large frogs that roam the lush hills and are a local deligent.

After the devastation of Plymouth, and the threat of further eruptions, the 4,000 remaining Montserrations are confined to a

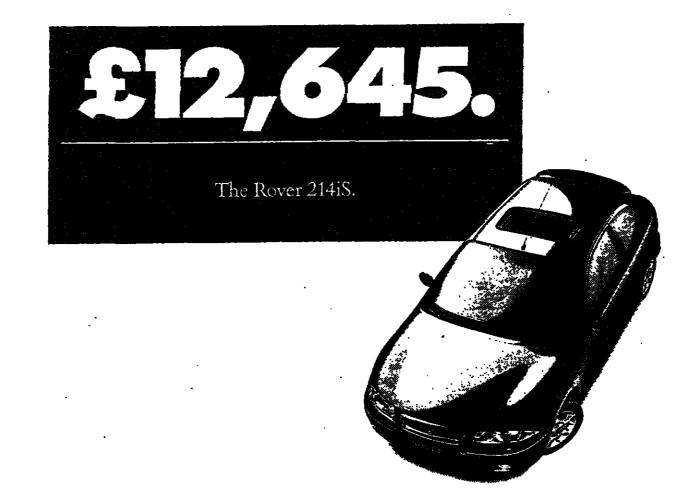
moniserrations are comment in a northern "safe zone" and are weadering why Britain is not fulfilling its promise to develop the area.

"They [the Montserration local government] said we must spend money on Montserrat. I disagree with that, "Ms Short said at the weekend. Her International Development. Ministry has admitted that redevelopment funds have been re-directed towards an evacuation, even though few seem keen to evacuate. Representatives of the US construction firm Brown and Root say they have been told to suspend plans to build houses in the north.

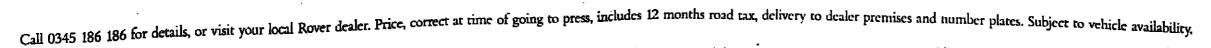
Barclays Bank, one of two international banks still on the island, pulled out last week and the island's major UK-based insurance companies said they would cancel all poli-cies this week. "How can we live here with no banks, no insurance, no shops, no homes?" said Sgt Kenneth Winspeare, the island's chief immigration officer, who said he would probably leave. The island's only dentist left at the weekend, one of the two remaining pharmacies said it was going and Britain is closing down the

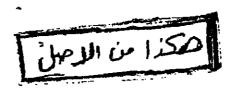
one remaining hospital.

While the Government appears bent on shutting the island down, international developers are eyeing Montserrat with a view to the time the volcano goes back to sleep. According to one visiting foreign consultant, "there are engineering solutions to this. You could build berms (land heaps) or dykes to di-









## international



حكدًا من الاحل

## Rag-tag Cambodian royalists take last breath of resistance

Chong Cham Pass

Beyond the frontier barrier of coiled barbed wire, where the tarmac of Thailand gives way to a muddy downhill track into war, bent metal poles fly ragged Cambodian flags in a breeze thick with the choking smell of fresh gunsmoke. A soldier, pale-faced and

soaked after the rains, is overcome with sleep behind an and artillery fire pounding the jungles around him. An armoured car, mounted with a portrait of Cambodia's smiling royalist fighters are pinned King Norodom Sihanouk alongside a 50mm machine gun, rumbles towards the horizon firing spurts of crackling bullets at unseen targets, prompting chilling squeals from the pigs running loose in the

Through the bedlam, a moped comes into earshot, picking its way through the waterfilled ruts that pock-mark the route to the Thai border. Huddled together on the saddle are three men in tattered battle fatigues. One of them, propped up. by his comrades, is dripping with



ous to the barrage of rockets His friends leave him at the border, pick up his Kalashnikov, and turn to defend their final bastion.

O'Smach, where 500 or 600 against the frontier with Thailand, may be little more than a shacks, once roadside stalls, stand emptied of stock. It hardly seems worth fighting for. But for the supporters of

Prince Norodom Ranariddh, who was ousted as co-premier in a bloody coup d'etat last month by his powerful rival and coalition partner, Hun Sen, O'Smach represents a last breath of resistance, their only hope of staking a claim in Cambodia's new equation of power. Out-gunned and out-num-

bered, the royalists were cornered here two weeks ago, and have held on to the town against the odds with the help of Khmer Rouge fighters. Few expect the rag-tag of demoralised royalists to hold on much longer. The fact that the town has not capitulated already, say Thai military officials, is by virtue only of the hundreds, perhaps thousands, of torces of Hun Sen. '

the plains below. 'We will never be moved from this place," royalist commander General Nhiek Bun Chhay told The Independent by telephone from his O'Smach camp, as the mortars rained deserted, handkerchief-sized down, "as long," he added, "as corner of Cambodia. Its tin we have enough ammunition

Supplies of artillery shells seem plentiful. From one position yesterday, royalist gunners fired 46 heavy explosive rounds into the jungles just two kilometres away, in a bid they said to kill the hundreds of government troops who had been on the point of entering O'Smach.

Hun Sen's men, well-trained and equipped, have been returning fire blow for blow, but

their efforts have been ham-

pered by the proximity of the royalists to the border. At least two shells landed inside Thailand yesterday. No one was injured, but the Thai armed forces fired warning flares, threatening to strike back with "fremendous force" if there were any more incursions.

That is a prospect relished by the dissident Cambodian MPs landmines the royalists have encamped as a virtual governscattered on the jungle slopes ment-in-exile at a plush Thai howhich lie between them and the tel, well away from the fighting. They have been lobbying

Thailand for support, aware that whether the administration in Bangkok likes it or not, the future of the royalist military struggle in north-western Cambodia depends largely on the de facto support offered in the sanctuary of the Thai border.

Already, Thailand has extended humanitarian assistance

to more than 35,000 Cambodians who streamed across the border to escape the fighting last week. At the refugee camp five miles from Chong Chom, plastic sheeting and emergency food rations have been handed out by the Thai military and aid organisations, while medical teams treat cases of malaria and

The people are grateful: "I wish Cambodia could be at

## 'Cigarettes set to kill 10m by 2025'

Conference sends a grim signal about world smoking epidemic

Teresa Poole Peking

The 10th World Conference on Tobacco or Health opened yesterday in Peking with grim warnings about the cost of the smoking epidemic.

Patterns of smoking seen in the West after the Second World War, when 80 per cent of British and American men smoked, are being repeated in developing countries such as China, with the inevitable consequence of a surge in smoking-related deaths in decades to

The death-toll is set to shift from the developed to the developing world over the next 30 years. This will include a sharp rise in tobacco-related fatalities in China, where 320 million smokers puff their way through one in three of all cigarettes smoked world-wide.

Richard Peto, Professor of Medical Statistics at Oxford University and an authority on smoking, told the 1,800 delegates that he estimated that this year 3.5 million people worldwide will die of smoking, of whom 2 million are in the developed countries.

By about 2025 the annual

global death-toll will reach 10 million, of whom 7 million will be in the developing countries. World-wide over the next 20 years there will be about 100 million deaths from smoking unless adult smokers stop.

China, where three-quarters of middle-aged men smoke, will see one of the biggest increases. "I know Deng Xiaoping survived to the age of 90, but he was an exception," said Mr Peto, referring to the chainsmoking Chinese patriarch, who died in February aged 92. But just as Deng eventually gave up, so should others. Those who stop before the age of 35 have a survival rate almost identical to lifelong non-smokers, and those who stop at a later age still Despite its history of covert in- Anlong Veng, which could send

volvement in Cambodia's troutens of thousands more Cameled that 700,000 Chinese people expectancy.

are dying of tobacco-related diseases a year, compared with 500,000 in the US and 500,000 in the European Union. "China already has more tobacco deaths than any other country," said Mr Peto.

Next century the annual toll in China will rise to 3 million; a third of all Chinese males under the age of 30 will be killed

by tobacco.

China has seen an big increase in cigarette consumption over the past 20 years and is viewed by tobacco companies as the world's most enticing market. The director-general of the World Health Organisation, Hiroshi Nakajima, yesterday welcomed recent lawsuits ainst cigarette-makers in the against digarette-makers in the US and the admission by the Ligget Group that tobacco was addictive.

Last week Geoffrey Bible. chairman of Philip Morris, conceded that some American deaths might have been caused "in part" by smoking. But Mr Nakajima warned: "We must demand that the large multinational tobacco companies that experience controls in their home countries are not free to expand into markets in other countries."

China's domestic tobacco industry is run by the government as a state monopoly, producing 1,700,000,000,000 cigarettes a year. Tobacco taxes are the biggest single contributor to central-government coffers in China. This may explain the often lax implementation of China's anti-smoking regulations. More than 70 cities have banned smoking in public places and from 1 May smoking was supposed to stop on all public transport, but in reality these rules are routinely disregarded. Yesterday's overall message was bleak. Half of long-term smokers will be killed by smoking diseases. It is "like flipping a coin", said Mr Peto. Half of those who die will do so to 25 years of their normal life

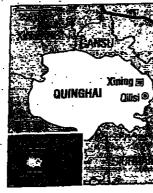
## Tibetans with a gut feeling lured to the Spartan spa

Driving hour after hour through the empty vistas of western China, any excuse to stop for a drink is most welcome. So when a weather-beaten sign pointed down a stony valley track and promised "Medicinal Water Spring 4km", it seemed considerably more enticing than the average motorway service-station. The only worry was whether anyone would be there: five hours' drive from Qinghai province's capital, Xining, and with no buildings nor other vehicles to be seen, the scope for attracting passing customers seemed perhaps limited.

How wrong we were. After rounding the last bend, the concrete and metal entrance gate to Ollisi Spring came into view, looking our of place by the side of a brook, nesting in a valley between mist-topped crag-gy hills. On one side was a terrace of Spartan one-room dwellings. And huddled around wood-burning stoves in each room, or perched on the kang heated brick beds, were families and groups of Tibetans, mostly in traditional dress or maroon monks' habits. No one was doing very much, other than recover from the morning's over-consumption. For here were a group of visitors who approach their drinking very se-

nously indeed. Taking the waters Tibetan style is no idle business. That day there were about 60 "patients" in residence at this rural spa. We were guided through the gate, past more dilapidated

buildings, and up a path where smoke from damp burning leaves wafted up through prayer flags. Through a wooden archamy was a sit in the ground way was a pit in the ground, within which three metal pipes gushed water. Gathered around, plastic water bottles in hand, were some of that day's residents. Damzun, 40, was typ-



isi, and every day during his stay he had drunk from the spring and drunk and drunk. Around 45 pints of water a day, in fact.

Damzun was from neighbouring Gansu province, and had come to Qilisi because stomach problems were stopping him earing. He would go home the next day, a cured man, he said. One 23-year-old Tibetan man from southern Oing-

ach. The water is said to contain more than 40 chemical elements, and emerges from the ground a pale yellow colour and tasting rather like flat soda-wa-ter. Drinking large quantities from the spring, it is believed by Tibetans and other Qinghai residents, can help cure stomach disorders, loss of appetite, restore the sense of taste, and ease digestion of wine and meat. Shacks near by provide rudimentary restaurants -whose optimistic owners pre-

sumably believe in the curative

powers of the waters.

Legend has it that the Oilisi spring was discovered more than 1,000 years ago by a sturdy black cow, and a Tibetan Buddhist temple was built here after the 17th century, dedicated to the God of Medicine. A short pamphlet introducing Qilisi suggests a stay of between 21 and 36 days, and many people seem to. Most visitors that day were ethnic Tibetans, including several monks, and several people had travelled up to hundreds of miles from the Tibetan regions of Qinghai. Gansu and Sichuan provinces. Everyone cited stomach problems as the reason for their journey. Indeed,

behind the spring pipes was a

small prayer after to Sanjimala, described by one of the Tibetans as the "God of the Stomach". The pamphlet promised: When patients first come, they are all very thin and pallid, and supported by their worried relatives. But when they go home, they look much ruddler in com-

plexion, and very happy."

Water is free, and the rooms in which groups of visitors usually sleep cost 5 yuan (40p) a night. As health spas around the world go, this one is excellent value, although with an average intake of 45 pints per day per person, I can't vouch for the latrines. But Minhe County government, within whose jurisdiction the spring lies, harbours rather more ambitious plans for this quiet backwater. According to the pamphlet, published in 1989, a proposed medical clinic and bathhouse will be just the beginning. The spring water will be used to produce "champagne and fruit juice", temples will be renovated, gardens landscaped, pavilions constructed, and mod-em recreation facilities offered, including an electronic games hall and dodgem cars. "Under the leadership of the Communist Party and with the deepening of opening up and reform, we believe this place will be a comparatively ideal tourist resort," it said. Somewhere along the line, this proposal for-tunately seems to have been lost in someone's in-tray.

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peace like Thailand," said Mira, bles, increased business interests

in Phnom Penh and affable ties

with Hun Sen suggest on the face

of it that Thailand has little rea-

son to play anything more than

aware that once this latest

round of fighting ends, stabili-

ty is unlikely to return to the

border region. Once the royal-

ists are defeated. Hun Sen has

vowed to move against the

Khmer Rouge stronghold of

But the Thai authorities are

a concerned neighbour.

a young mother who fled with

her child as their village came un-

der attack. But the Thais, though

efficient, appear weary and are

shying away from too much publicity: sensitive, perhaps, to an unspoken suspicion that they

are in danger of taking sides in

Cambodia's conflict, a suspi-

cion hardly dispelled by the

sight of full rice sacks being car-

ried past the border fence by roy-

alist soldiers at the weekend.



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## Iran's new regime opens doors of power to women

strict Islamic state.

ing a good mark in Iran's history

state television reported. But the

supreme leader also stressed the need to observe Islamic values, and

resist dominance of "arrogant pow-

ers" especially in the field of "cultural



new Iranian vice-president

Tehran - Iran's new president, Mo-hammad Khatami, and his Cabinet had an audience with the country's supreme leader yesterday on the first working day of the new administration. At the meeting with Ayatollah Ali Khamenei was a vicepresident whose appointment has caused waves throughout the country and beyond: Masoumeh Ebtekar, the first woman to serve in a top government position since Iran's 1979 Is-

Ms Ebtekar, 37, who has a doctorate in immunology, served on the editorial board of the newspaper Kayhan International and was acting

head of the central committee of tory in May which he owed to the Iran's non-governmental women's organisation. She represented Iran at the World Women's Conference in

Nairobi and Peking Hojatoleslam Khatami, a moderate Shia Muslim cleric, named Ms Ebtekar on Saturday, meeting ex-pectations that he would allow women into high positions in his ad-ministration. She will also head the Environmental Protection Agency.

Hojatoleslam Khatami also named other vice-presidents: Mohammad Bagerian, Mohammad Ali Najafi, Mohammad Hashemi and Abdul wahed Mousavi-Lari, Hojatolesiam Khatami was sworn in on 4 August after winning a landslide election vic-

invasion". Earlier yesterday Hojatoleslam Khatami and his ministers votes of women, the young and the isited the shrine of Ayatollah Ruholmiddle class, who saw him as being lah Khomeini to pay respects to the leader who deposed the US-backed able to inject fresh freedoms into the The message from Hojatoleslam

Shah in Iran's 1979 revolution. Several ministers on Saturday took Khamanei yesterday was one of welcome, but also caution. "Khamenei over in ceremonies at key ministries. Significant appointments by Hojaessed his satisfaction with the start toleslam Khatami include the new of the new government's work, hop-ing that with fresh strength, high Culture Minister, Ataoliah Moha-jerani, a relative liberal, and the morale and solidarity it will fulfil its reien Minister, Kamal Kharrazi. crucial duties in the best way, leav-

The US is showing cautious signs of interest in the new regime. "To the extent that the election of President Khatami and the approval of his cabinct indicate that the will and welfare of the people of Iran will be reflect-

ed by its government, we would wel-come that," said a State Department spokesman. But US conditions for diogue with Iran include agreement by Tehran to discuss its alleged supclear weapons and its hostility to the Middle East peace process. Iran insists Washington must drop the ter-

rorism charge. Iran's exiled opposition and many Western scholars say the "moderate" image is a sham and that neither Ho-jatoleslam Khatami nor any government he appoints have power to change Iran's foreign policy, which is controlled by Ayatoliah Khamenei and by anti-Western elements koyal to him. On Friday Ayatoliah Khamenei

appointed the outgoing foreign min-ister, Ali Akbar Velayati, as his adviser on international affairs.

A prominent cleric, Ayatollah Ahmad Januati, told a prayer meeting port for terrorism and pursuit of nuand go but our principles stay intact.
These principles are Islam, Islamic. revolution and not giving in to Israel and America as long as they treat us with hostility

One of Hojatoleslam Khatami's earliest foreign-policy challenges will be to reach agreement with the En-ropean Union for EU ambassadors to return to Tehran. They were recalled as a result of a German court ruling which accused Tehran of ordering political killings abroad.

## Sweden owns up to racial purification

Stockholm - The Swedish goverument could face thousands of legal claims for compensation because of a Nazi-style campaign of forced sterilisation of women that historians say has been hushed up for years.

Swedes have been shocked over past days by revelations from journalist Maciej Zaremba that Swedish governments sterilised 60,000 women to rid Swedish society of "inferior" racial types and to encourage Aryan features.

"What happened was noth-ing but barbaric," said the So-cial Affairs MinisterMargot Wallstrom, adding she was prepared to review laws which said the sterilisations were written into law and that damages could not be paid.

Maciej Zaremba, whose revby the liberal newspaper Dagens Nyheter, said Sweden, Norway and Denmark pioneered racial cleansing "sciences" after the

In Sweden, the sterilisations

ND IF YOUR MIND clamps shut

1976. Officially voluntary, victims say they were ordered to sign permission slips or risk losing their children and benefits.

Most of the victims were "inferior" or of "poor or mixed racial quality", meaning people with learning difficulties, from poor families or who were not of Nordic blood stock.

Most signs of 40 years of forced sterilisation have disappeared from school and history books, Maciej Zaremba says. One victim, Maria Nordin, 72, said she was viewed as educationally "inferior" be-

cause she had no glasses as a child and could not see the school blackboard. Thrust into a school for the mentally subnormal, Ms Nordin was called into an office at the

age of 17 - during the Second World War - to sign some papers. I signed because I knew I elations have been published for had to to get out ... I was sent to Bollnas hospital where they took everything out. A Dr Ingvarsson said to me, 'you're not very bright, you can't have chilshe said.

Ms Wallstrom, who conbegan in 1935, peaking in 1946 fessed to feeling ashamed that types.

she originally rejected Ms Nordin's application for dam-ages in 1996, said she would raise the subject in cabinet. The silence surrounding this

issue has been caused by it going so deep in society. People are defending themselves," she said. Ms Wallstrom said the rise of neo-Nazism in Europe and the ability of scientists to manipulate

genes meant this was a good time for such issues to be discussed. Drawing comparisons be-tween Sweden and Nazi Germany is like rubbing salt on a wound for many Swedes, who already feel shame about Sweden's neutrality during the Sec-World War and help offered by governments at the time to the German war effort.

The issue of forced sterilisation is also painful in a country which prides itself on a liberal

The most astonishing thing, Maciej Zaremba wrote, is the ideological difference. In Germany it was the Nazis, and in Scandinavia it was the welfare states that showed the most willingness to cleanse themselves of "racially" or "socially inferior"

## Pontiff draws biggest crowd of his French visit



Pilgrims' progress: Priests at the Mass said by the Pope yesterday near Paris. Many of the faithful spent the night camping out Pope courts controversy with

St Bartholomew's Day mass

at the mere mention of the word million, consider this: If you add up your lifetime earnings - past and future - you will see that you will almost certainly earn a fortune in your lifetime. It could add up to a million pounds - or The trouble is, like most people you'll earm it - and spend it.

Of course, what you could be doing is taking this fortune and turning some of it into another fortune - the one you want

to end up with. But you'll probably say you've been too busy to attend to this yourself ... or perhaps managing money today just

seems too complicated \_ Maybe you think you should entrust your money to an expert. If you do, you may be disappointed. The shocking truth is many professional firmd managers are not much

good at what they do. Most of them do more poorly than the Stockmarket as a whole. The only certainty about letting others manage your money is that you'll let them help themselves to a chunk of it through their fees.

IN FACT the widely-accepted Random Walk theory says that you will beat the pros at picking shares by simply blindfolding yourself and sticking a pin in the share table in your newspaper.

Incredible, but true. Look at unit trusts. The vast majority of them underperform the Stockmarket in general over time. They would have

actually lost you money compared to buying shares at random! So the question is: Why pay fat commissions and "management fees" to have a so-called professional manage your

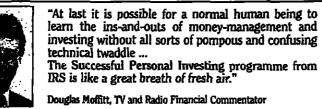
What about seeking advice from a financial advisor - someone who'll give you sound and impartial advice on what best to do with your hard-earned money. Well, you're going to have to look

Firstly, most financial advisors aren't independent. They're not even allowed to call themselves that. That's because they're employed by the big financial fund managers to sell their products, and their products alone. They're really just

So what about those who are allowed to call themselves independent financial advisers? Consider this fact: most IFA's earn their living from commission from the products they sell. Yet some of the best investments are run by firms which pay no commission. How likely do you think it is they'll be on your IFA's shortlist of recommended investments if there's a commission-paying firm offering a remotely similar product?

But \_\_let's face it \_ most people find today's world of personal finances too

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Douglas Moffitt, TV and Radio Financial Commentator

complicated - and too ballling, in short, they're stuck. They are successful in many other respects. But when it comes invest - money you probably didn't even know you had. to investing and money management they have no real plan. All because there's been no simple way to get started. That is,

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FOR EXAMPLE, a little technique called "straddle", lets you bet that the Struckmarket will so up - and at the same time bet that it will go down - believe it or not, it is perfectly possible to make a profit whether it goes up or goes down! Or how you can use your pension plan to turn £770 into £1000 overnight -

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by-step, like a simple recipe. So you take just those steps that are right for your BEAR IN MIND TOO, that the publisher

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Agencies

Paris - The Pope drew his biggest crowd in France yesterday as more than I million people crammed Longchamp racecourse, on the western fringes of Paris, for an open-air

But the date chosen was hardly auspicious: the anniversary of the St Bartholomew's Day Massacre, when thousands French Protestant Huguenots were murdered by Catholic militia.

The Pope sought on Saturday to allay the controversy over the killings, on 24 August, 1572, by referring to the Catholic role and appealing for inter-reli-

gious unity. "On the eve of August 24, we cannot forget the sad massacre of St Bartholomew's Day, an event of very obscure causes in the political and religious history of France.

"Christians did things which the Gospel condemns," he said in a vigil before the Mass, during which he pleaded with young people to revive faded Roman Catholic faith in the

"Belonging to different religious traditions must not constitute today a source of opposition and tension," he said. The Pontiff made no further mention yesterday of the massacres, which came during civil wars.

The 77-year-old Pope, who has looked weary in the sweltering heat during his 79th overseas trip, smiled and looked at ease as the young pilgrims re-peatedly cheered him. However, he also hinted at his tiredness and age, saying: "The longer we live, the more we realise how precarious life is, and the more we wonder about im-

Many of the young people had spent the night singing. dancing and camping out at the racecourse or in the nearby Bois de Boulogne at the end of the World Youth Days festival.

journey does not end here ... go forth now along the roads of the world, along the pathways of humanity, while remaining ever united in Christ's Church," said the Pope, who invited them to the next World Youth Days in Rome in 2000, which he has declared a jubilee, or holy year, at

the start of the millennium. Church officials feared before the festival that the turn-out could be embarrassingly low. In the event, the crowd was one of the biggest the Pope has drawn recently and on a par with that during an emotional visit to his Polish homeland last

Opinion polls coinciding with the trip, however, show that French people increasingly consider the Church irrelevant and the Pope's conservative morality out of step with modern life.

The vast turn-out was also a boost for the Church after the Pope clashed with France's ruling Socialist Party over his visit to the grave of his friend, "Dear young people, your Jerome Lejeune, a leading ge-

neticist and anti-abortion cam-

The Pope also raised a French female saint to a privileged place in the male-dominated church. He said that he would make Saint Therese of Lisieux a doctor of the Church at a ceremony at the Vatican in October.

Doctors of the Church are people of great holiness whose teaching or spirituality has had a profound impact on the life of the Church.

Saint Therese will be the 33rd doctor of the church but only the third woman, joining Saint Teresa of Avila and Catherine of Sienna, who were raised to the position in 1970. No one has been made a doctor of the church since then and the Pope has never conducted the ceremony.

Saint Therese, who died of tuberculosis 100 years ago aged 24, is a co-patroness of France alongside the Virgin Mary, Joan of Arc and Saint Martin. She was made a saint in 1925.

## US scraps 25m pounds of beef in food-bug scare

Mary Dejevsky Washington

The United States food industry, which prides itself on being "the safest in the world", is facing demands for even stricter food hygiene standards following the recall of 25 million pounds of ground beef and the closure of a major meat pack-aging plant last week. The recall, ordered after an outbreak of E. coli food poisoning in Colorado. was the largest ever in the US. and has put the vast meat industry under the microscope.

Yesterday, many media reports claimed that the lax practices inspectors uncovered at the plant - a big packaging operation at Columbus, Nebraska, belonging to Arkansas-based food giant, Hudson Foods Inc were widespread. One report said beef cows in Arkansas were reg-

ularly fed chicken waste that structions for safe cooking could contain faecal matter, a source of the E. coli bacteria. One rancher defended the practice as highly effective and economical, fuelling the suspicions of those who aucstion the intensive methods of much US agriculture.

The government has been accused of over-reacting in summarily shutting down the Nebraska plant. The E. coli outbreak appears to have been relatively minor, with only 17 reported cases and no fatalities. But opinion polls suggest that confidence in the safety of US food has been undermined and the public needs reassurance.

A poll conducted for Newsweek magazine found that 54 per cent of those asked were less likely to buy hamburgers at fast-food outlets and 41 per cent were less likely to buy hamhurgers at the supermarket. In-

abounded, but the impracticality of many recommendations led one food expert to say that any burger cooked for the stat-ed time would be "dry as a husk". Around 9,000 people die of

food poisoning in the US each year, and the figure is rising some say because of better diagnosis and record-keeping. Hudson Foods has insisted that its plant was strictly run and

adhered to all hygiene regulations, and employees appeared to confirm that. While violations had been registered before, they were mostly for infringements not related to hygiene. The company's official line con-tinues to be that the contamination must have come from outside the plant, probably from a slaughter house. Department of Agriculture in-

spectors do not rule out this

possibility, but pressed for the closure of the plant after discovering what they said were lax procedures and record-keeping.

They singled out a practice, reportedly common in other meat packaging companies, whereby meat left over from one day's processing was added to the next day's batch without any record of which batches were involved. This meant, they said, that it was impossible to guarantee that the contamination had been contained in one

day's production. The hamburger chain Burger King, which is supplied by Hudson, announced on Saturday that they had cancelled their hamburger contract with Hudson and would never buy from the company again. They have, however, kept their contract for chicken, which comes from a different Hudson plant

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Zambia's former president Ken-

neth Kaunda, shot and wounded by

police at the weekend, yesterday accused his successor, Frederick Chilu-

ba, of attempting to assassinate him. Mr Kaunda, 73, who led Zambia

to independence in 1964 and gov-

erned, increasingly autocratically,

until 1991, was grazed on the head

by a bullet when police fired on an

opposition gathering on Saturday in

Kabwe, central Zambia. Mr Kaun-da said officers deliberately shot at

his car. Roger Chongwe, leader of the Liberal Progressive Front, an op-position party allied to Mr Kaunda's

United National Independence Par-

ty (Unip), was more seriously injured

when he was shot in the face. Both

men were released after treatment.

More than 50 opposition supporters

were arrested by the police, who tear-

gassed the rally.

said Mr Kaunda yesterday. "There is no doubt in my mind about that

When Mr Kaunda bowed to pres-sure for multi-party elections and lost to Mr Chiluba, he said he planned

retire but two years ago he re-

Mr Chiluba did not take kindly to

the comeback. He thwarted Mr

Kaunda's plans to stand again for the

presidency in November last year by

changing the law to bar candidates

Chiluba is trying to sort us out."

sumed leadership of Unip.

:rs,

ıld

A century-old dream of a north-south rail link across Australia's Red Centre came a step closer to reality when the Prime Minister, John Howard, pledged A\$100m (£46m) towards the project. Reuters - Adelaide

Latin America's seat of power Latin America should have a permanent UN Security Council seat to reflect its growing clout, the presidents of Argentina and Brazil said, although which country should

occupy the seat was not resolved.

lower reaches remained completely dry.

¥ THE INDEPENDENT

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China's dry spell broken Water is again flowing through the lower reaches of the Yellow River to the sea, after heavy rains triggered by a

typhoon ended a 147-day stretch during which the river's

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Zambia's Kaunda claims assassination conspiracy

Most analysts agree that Mr Chiluba and the ruling Movement for Multiparty Democracy would have easily won even if Mr Kaunda had been allowed to stand.

challenging the legality of the poll and conducting a campaign of civil

disobedience.

ploy was successful - Mr Kaunda's

parents were Malawian - but the

change in law led to questions about

the President's own origins. Earlier

this year, during one of the cases sparked by the November polls, a Zairean claimed Mr Chiluba was his

boycotted by the opposition and open to only half of eligible voters. The op-

position has spent the time since then

The November elections were

illegitimate son.

Zambians have not forgotten his abuses during his years as "father of the nation" and Zambia's decline during his rule, despite its rich cop-

The November election led foreign donors to cut off aid to the once favoured state. It was only recently that relations between them and the Zambian government had begun to

Yesterday Mr Kaunda was making maximum capital from his head graze. He vowed that Unip would continue to fight for the abolition of the law barring him from standing and for fresh elections.

Miyanda, Zambia's Vice-President and acting head of state while President Chiluba is on a tour of South-East Asia. He said the rally had been illegal and the opposition alliance had pro-voked the violence. The shootings

ficer had opened fire on Mr Kaun-da on the direct orders of Godfrey

come 10 days after riots by street vendors in the capital, Lusaka, distur-bances which the government A police spokesman denied the of-

significant shorts

Kohl beset by Cabinet

Chancellor Helmut Kohl returns from holiday today amid conflicting reports on whether he plans a Cabinet reshuffle. The Finance Minister, Theo Waigel, told Focus magazine

parliamentary elections 14 months away. Bild am Sonntag paper said the CDU's parliamentary leader, Wolfgang Schäuble, would replace Mr Waigel. The Interior Minister, Manfred Kanther, and Construction Minister, Klaus Töpfer, would leave the Cabinet. A government spokesman

Pakistan and India accused each other of unprovoked cross-border firing in the Kashmir region, killing at least six people and of trying to scuttle planned peace talks.
Pakistani officials said Indian troops fired artillery and

mortars for the second day running; the Indian Foreign Ministry accused Pakistan of unprovoked firing and denied

Islamabad's charge of aiming to sabotage a third round of peace talks set for next month.

Reuters – Islamabad

Pro-Kurdish activists scrapped plans to travel across

Europe in a peace train after Turkey pressed Western governments to halt the protest, organisers said. The train

had been due to leave Brussels tomorrow and travel to

south-east Turkey in five days to urge an end to the Kurdish

Suspected Muslim rebels killed 38 civilians in two Algerian

Algerian press. The toll brings to more than 100 the number of Algerians killed in the past three days, with at

least 21 women also being kidnapped. Reuters - Paris

Savimbi faces sanctions threat

The US will support new UN sanctions against Jonas

also prepared to sell military transport planes to the

Kaiser's inn back in business The Hotel Adlon, Berlin's palace of luxury that the Kaiser

loved and Hitler loathed, was reopened on Saturday by President Roman Herzog half a century after the original

Angolan government.

was destroyed by Soviet troops.

Savimbi, Angola's rebel leader, and his Unita movement.

The Washington Post said the Clinton administration was

villages and aboard a train in attacks reported by the

reshuffle speculation

be was certain Mr Kohl would reshuffle before

dismissed the report as "false speculation." Kashmir rivals fired up

**Peace train derailed** 

Algerian attacks kill 38

## "It was an assassination attempt," Death returns to killing fields of Rwanda

Tutsis at UN camp attacked by hundreds of men armed with clubs, machetes and guns

They came in singing and left chanting "we've done a good job". The "job" was the slaughter of 128 refugees as they slept at a camp run by the United Nations refugee agency at Mu-

dende in north-west Rwanda. Witnesses said several hundred people slipped into the camp shortly after midnight and set about the tents with knives, clubs, machetes and guns. Some of the dead, not yet buried the following day, looked as if they had never woken up.

The charred remains of clothes and cooking utensils lay on the ground where several tents had been burned. Maize and beans spilled out of melted

plastic buckets. A day after the attack, a young man stood staring in horror at four mutilated bodies. He muttered the word "geno-cide". When asked to elaborate,

. . .

They carried out the genocide in the Congo. They think they can come back and complete it'

he smiled wearily and turned

There is little doubt that those who carried out the massacre were Rwandan Hutu militiamen. The victims were refugees from the Masisi region in neighbouring Congo-Zaire.
They were of ethnic Tutsi origin;
most of them had fled their homes in 1996 when an alliance of Rwandan Hutu fighters and

Zairean army soldiers carried out widespread killings there. This has always been the strategy of these guys. They carried out the genocide here, they carried out the genocide in the Congo. They think they are going to come back here and complete the genocide," the military commander for northwest Rwanda, Colonel Kayumba Nyamwasa, said at the

In 1994, officials from the extremist Hutu leadership, sup-ported and assisted by the army,

specially trained militiamen (known as interahamwe) and large numbers of civilians, killed around 800,000 Tutsis and Hutu

opponents of the regime. Almost 2 million people who fled Rwanda in fear of reprisals for the genocide have now returned home, the bulk of them

groups huddled together for. Since the beginning of May, warmth. One boy had the low bands of interahamwe have:

tactics were suicidal.

were dying.

But the army has also been strongly criticised for the inspeak of indiscriminate killing

by the army. In what has become a familiar pattern, local Hutus fled the area following the attack at Mudende camp. There have reprisal attacks by Rwandan Tutsi civilians thought to be from another camp nearby. One local Hutu man said anythe night of the attack was shot. The following day Hutu homes were burned and there

were reports of pillaging.

to respond to the reports. is what to do with the remaining 8,000 refugees from

since late last year. Rwandan officials say large

numbers of returnees, particularly in the north-western provinces of Ruhengeri and Gisenvi, have taken up arms and joined the interahamwe, who were able to retrain, re-arm and They lay in the remains of their recruit in the refugee camps in plastic sheeting tents, in family what was eastern Zaire.

violence in the north-west, long the heartland of Hutu extremism, attacking military targets, local officials and now a refugee camp. They are becoming increasingly bold. The country's powerful vice-president and de-fence minister, Paul Kagame, said recently that some of their

The Rwandan army is hard put to contain the violence. Major General Kagame acknowledged that many soldiers

tensity of its response to interahamwe attacks. Human rights groups say large numbers of civilians are being killed in mil-itary operations. Military officials say that the almost exclusively Hutu local population is largely sympathetic to the militiamen. They say they often cannot tell the difference between fighters and civilians. Local people in the region

been reports that an unspecified number of Hutus were killed in one who went outdoors during

They were doing our job for us," one soldier said when asked

The most pressing issue now Mudende. The UN High Com-missioner for Refugees intends

Bodies of some of the children among the refugees killed as they slept at Mudende camp at the weekend. Some of the dead looked as though they had not even had the chance to wake up during the attack

Photograph: AP to discuss the issue with the gov-ernments of Rwanda and the Democratic Republic of the Congo (Congo-Zaire). The UNHCR's spokesman in Rwanda, Paul Stromberg, said: "We'll

can be cared for in conditions of security. He added that the conditions were not right for them to return to Masisi. In the past month several thousand more ethnic Tutsis have had to fiee attacks by a combined force of Rwandan Hutu militiamen,

have to find a place where they

backed by former Zairean soldiers and other rebel groups. To complicate matters, Masisi is thought to be the main base for thousands of the mili-

tiamen operating in Rwanda. The minister for reconstruction and emergency planning of Congo-Zaire, Etienne Richard Mbaya, who visited Mudende

camp on Saturday with a UNHCR delegation to discuss what should be done, said his government wanted the refugees home. But he admit-

ted there were risks. "The whole region is like a volcano. I don't know where the situation is most dangerous, in Masisi or elsewhere, he said.

■ Kmshasa (AP) — A UN team arrived to begin an investigation into alleged massacres of Rwandan refugees by soldiers of Congo-Zaire President Lau-

After months of delay, UN Secretary-General Kofi Annan was forced to name a new team leader and change the investigators' mandate to win cooperation from Mr Kabila's government, which took power in May after an eight-month re-bellion that ousted President Mobutu Sese Seko.

Stompie witness resurfaces surfaced in a Zambian jail

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## Mary Braid Johannesburg

A key witness who disappeared before testifying in Winnie Madikizela-Mandela's trial for the kidnapping of a murdered teenage activist has applied to the Truth and Reconciliation

Commission for amnesty. The news that Katiza Cebekhulu, currently under the wing of former British MP Emma Nicholson, will return to South Africa from London comes two days after Ms Madikizela-Mandela, President Neison Mandela's former wife. was finally suppensed to appear before the Commission. The Commission, charged

with exposing the truth about South Africa a apartheid past, wants to interview her about the activities of her former body-guards, the notorious Mandela United Football Team which terrorised Soweto in the late 1980s. Its probe will cover the death of activist Stompie Seipei Moeketsi, 14, who was found with his throat slit in 1989.

Jerry Richardson, Ms Madik-

izela- Mandela's chief body-

guard, was later convicted of his Before the boy was killed he had been taken to Mrs Madikizela- Mandela's home and severely beaten. In a trial in 1991, which marred the release of her former husband, Ms Madikizela-Mandela was convicted of Stompie's kidnap. A six-year jail sentence was later reduced to a R15000 fine. But rumours that she played a greater role

have refused to go away.

In recent weeks there have been a frenzy of "leaks" from the TRC claiming that Ms Madikizela-Mandela's bodyguards are implicated in as many as 11 murders. Some reports have claimed former team members are now "singing" in their bid win over the Commission which can grant amnesty in return for full disclosure of political crimes.

After disappearing during

the trial, Mr Cebekulu, a former

member of the football team,

been spirited out of the country by ANC officials. izela-Mandela is very sensitive. She still has considerable grassroots support despite her fall from grace and her divorce by her husband. Recently re-elected leader of the ANC's Women's League she has been

ing heard in public.

The summons of Ms Madik-

which is apparently where he met Ms Nicholson, then a par-

liamentary human rights

spokesman. He claimed to have

complaining that the TRC is harrassing her. At the weekend she said she would decline its invitation to give evidence in camera and would insist on be-



### CLASSICAL

### Rotterdam Philharmonic / **Valery Gergiev** Usher Hall

he violist Yuri Bashmet and the conductor Valery Gergiev were a good combination in the Bartok-Serly Viola Concerto. Neither musician is primarily interested in elegance or good taste, and the Rotterdam Philharmonic Orchestra, a particularly responsive and intelligent group,

responded on Friday to their blazing enthusiasm.

Bashmet's first few notes set the tone. They were thin, starved, joined by queasy portamenti. Later, the fine phrases delivered to him by the orchestra's sparky soloists were answered with caricatured and distorted versions, the bowing half niggly, half spacious. When it came to Tibor Serly's amazing passagework (what a superlative "completion" this is; it puts Mozart-Sussmayr and Mahler-Cooke in the shade), Bashmet blasted in like a pirate boarding a civilised merchant ship. This was a deeply thrilling performance, fearless and brazen.

This orchestra has a fresh, incisive sound, with a striking homogeneity of ensemble that has something to do, I am told, with the acoustic of the De Doelen concert hall at home. Edinburgh's Usher Hall was less flattering to them, softening the edges of Bartok's Music for Strings. Percussion and Celesta. The wind department, on the other hand, proved themselves masters of savage clamour and stony half-tones in Stravinsky's Symphonies of Wind Instruments, and accompanied the same composer's Piano Concerto (soloist, a commanding Alexander

Toradze) with cold lyricism and whipcrack force. The Rotterdam's second concert, on Saturday, was a "recreation" of a famous evening at the first Edin-burgh Festival in 1947, when Kathleen Ferrier and Peter Pears sang Mahler's Das Lied von der Erde with Bruno Walter conducting. It has to be said that the new soloists (Anne Sofie von Otter and Ben Heppner) were in no way a recreation of Ferrier and Pears, any more than Gergiev resembled Walter. Von Otter is a true mezzo - a Dorabella, you could say - without the dark chest tones of Ferrier or Janet Baker (why do we never call singers "contraltos" nowadays?) and she was at her best in the passages of warmth, nostalgia, affection. The exquisite pictures of "Von der Schönheit" took engaging form, the orchestra adding a crystalline glitter.

Abschied" was a superb representation of sadness. yet it was lovingly shaped rather than deeply felt. Mahler's orchestra confectionery came over in many-hued detail, with a rustic oboe, ripe contrabassoon, and the moody sotto voce of the string ensemble, Gergiev injecting high intensity into the long instrumental interlude. Heppner's tenor is heroic in timbre but not totally commanding, and you sensed the strain as he coped with Mahler's reckless scoring. But there was a certain sweetness in the tone which surfaced in "Von der Jugend".

And where Walter and the Vienna Philharmonic would have produced a sweet and richly upholstered sound, the Rotterdam players sounded dynamic, airy, mobile, enormously refined in their attention to detail but always nervous, electric. A new kind of Mahler, perhaps. In any case, this orchestra made an outstanding impression; it has its own distinctive quality, sharp, clear, homogeneous, alive.

Raymond Monelle





Eau yes: the award-winning The League of Gentlemen are more twisted than an Alpine road

# You've got to laugh

At midnight on Saturday came the news all Edinburgh has been waiting for: the winner of the Perrier comedy award. James Rampton, one of the panellists, delivers his diary of a week in the life of a Perrier judge and his personal verdict on this year's winners

**SATURDAY 16 AUGUST** 

This is the Diary of a Nobody who for one frantic week becomes a Somebody: a Perrier Judge. For seven long days you are transformed from a mere, derided critic into someone promoters, performers and punters actually take an interest in. Never before have you felt so suspicious about people offering to buy you drinks. And never before have you been in such danger of catching an incurable dose of The Bends, an irrational state of frenzy brought on by the banter, bull and booze of Edinburgh. You live in a Perrier bubble. Even Nick Hornby couldn't match this Fever Pitch.

Arriving at the panellists' flat, I am immediately uneasy as the first thing I clap eyes on is a pair of Stress Relief Candles perched on the mantelpiece. An award administrator hands me a list of four shows to see, starting in the next half an hour. I'm plunged into the deep end of the Perrier pool.

A fellow judge, already a battle-scarred veteran of a week's duration, claims to have got really fit after jogging to get to so many venues on time. Later, in a break between shows, I am surprised to find myself waiting at the bar next to a man dressed as a sheep. I haven't yet realised that normal Edinburgh rules apply.

SUNDAY 17 AUGUST

I nobly ignore the other option on offer at the Balmoral Hotel – the Danish Whisky Tour – and attend the first meeting of the Perrier panel. Diplomatically chaired by Kate Bassett from *The Daily Telegraph*, the jury also features James Christopher of *The Times*, the *Evening Stan*dard's Imogen Edwards-Jones, Myfanwy Moore from the Paramount Comedy Channel, the leading comedy producer Geoff Posner, film-maker Jon Ronson (who is also recording our deliberations for a Channel 4 documentary on the critics), and Rory Ford, Veronica Howe and Sarah Patterson, three highly knowledgeable competition winners from The List and Time Out magazines.

In a posh conference room festooned with Perrier balloons and flags - as if we'd forget who the sponsors are - Nica Burns, the award director for the past 15 years, swears us to secrecy and warns us against insider-dealing in information. William Hill has already been pestering Perrier officials for hot tips.

Some sterling panellists have been here for a week, panning for golden shows in the silt of the 200-odd eligible candidates on the Fringe. It has been their professional duty to sit through such acts as "Miss Itchy's Bastard Breakfast Show" and "The Nimmo Twins in Posh Spice Nude".

Looks of anguish pass across their faces as they are forced to summon up painful memories of the dross they have wasted an hour of their lives on. "This was the most harrowing experience I've had in 17 years on the Fringe, sighs one. "I'll fight to within an inch of my life to keep it off the shortlist." "He died a death," recalls another. "The poor guy went off for a costume change and never came back." Some pearls emerge from the dirt, however,

and a list of 20 shows is compiled. The big surprise is that the early bookies' favourite, The Right Size's "Do You Come Here Often?", is excluded (amid doubts as to whether it was a comedy show or a stage play). A buzz starts to surround such dark horses as the previously unheard of potter-cum-comic Johnny Vegas and the subversive sketch-show, The League of Gentlemen.

On my way back from five further shows, I pass a top BBC exec muttering to himself. I know how he feels.

**MONDAY 18 AUGUST** 

I'm showing the first signs of The Bends after sweltering through five shows again. The heat is such that Edinburgh urban myths are circulating about people fainting and being carried out of performances. My ness is caused by the depressing sameyness of so many acts. A personal sin-bin of easy-target topics - the

weather, critics, tourists - is filling up rapidly. Walking home. I suddenly notice that Edinburgh Castle is bathed in eerie red light. Aliens have landed, I suppose, and I've been too wrapped up in the Festival to have noticed.

TUESDAY 19 AUGUST

I wake to the sound of two fellow panellists in the corridor outside my bedroom discussing the merits of the shows they saw last night. Like the Coca-Cola ad advises, we eat Eat, Sleep, Drink Perrier.

In his act, the comedian Arj Barker writes a letter to Perrier saying how much he likes the product. I'm beginning to get an idea of how much the award means to the industry. You cannot bang out in a bar for more than five minutes without a journalist, photographer, PR or promoter tapping you for insider gossip. This is just one reason why a friend in London accuses me of having contracted a bad case of The Bends and recommends that I go and lie down in a decompression chamber at once.

WEDNESDAY 20 AUGUST

Back to the Balmoral for a restorative cooked breakfast and the discussion of the shortlist. In a three-hour meeting, passions boil over as panellists fight against losing those they have loved. One feels so strongly about an act that he stands up and declaims like Henry Fonda making his juryswaying speech in Twelve Angry Men. Another delivers a heartfelt plea for a sparsely attended show: "He was so good, he stormed an audience of two." Most people deplore the surfeit of spoof-failed showbiz types. A tad disappointingly, there are none of the legendary fist-fights of yorc.

Arguments rage about political correctness, taste and even whether a sketch has been lifted from Star Trek. The only acid test in the end, however, proves to be: did it make me laugh out loud or was I incessantly clock-watching like a pupil in double physics?

The shortlist of Milton Jones, The League of Gentlemen, Al Murray, Graham Norton and Johnny Vegas is

announced live on STV at midday, and reporters at the news conference hit the phones in a roar of "hold the Arts page". Administrators of the award set about the delicate task of soothing aggrieved promoters. One widely tipped performer who did not make the shortlist is later reported to have been knocking back brandies in a bar to stave off tears. The impact this award can have on people is slightly scary.

THURSDAY 21 & FRIDAY 22 AUGUST

Revisiting all the shortlisted shows, we have to come on like seasoned mafiosi and invoke omerta, the code of silence, in the face of promoters' pleadings for hints. As we reel out of our 30th show in six days, a fellow panellist laments having to swim daily through a sea of industry cant. "After all the people I've met this week." she complains, "I'm going to start my own comedy agency called Channel 4 Say They're Interested."

**SATURDAY 23 AUGUST** 

The panel has its final meeting at a smart restaurant to decide the winner of the main award and the best newcomer (scooped by Ari Barker - which proves that flattery gets you everywhere). Feelings again run high as people see their personal favourites fall by the wayside. When one unhappy juror threatens "a prima-donna storm-out", his neighbour jokes, "nobody would notice".

Another panellist launches into an impassioned defence of a much-maligned act: "I'm going to use a very strong word now, and I hope no one is offended. But I think this man is a genius." His words, though, fall on stony ground with another juror: "With no disrespect to you, this is one of the worst things I've ever seen. I feel you're going to hit me, but this show is just crap."

When it is whittled down to the final two, one panellist characterises it as a battle between head and heart. "I'm persuaded to go for one because I'm a soulful person, then I think, forget that, I'm a critic, and go for the other." Another asks if we're allowed to flip a coin to choose between them.

And then there is one. After four hours of debate, we settle on The League of Gentlemen, and totter off down Prince's Street to watch former winner Frank Skinner give them the award in front of a Spiegeltent crowd which could lig for Britain. "Didn't do me any harm." Skinner says as he hands the League the silver bottle. "Five hundred thousand this year - net.

Reflecting on my week through the bottom of a Perrier bottle. I am grateful for one thing. I only watched several shows a day. Fringe veteran Stephen Frost

appeared in several shows a day.

Would I do it again if asked? Sure. They say being a Perrier panellist is like childbirth: when you look back. you forget the pain and only remember the good bits.

**SUNDAY 24 AUGUST** Enter decompression chamber.

### And the winners are...

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not be deceived by the dapper dinner jackets and suave manner of The League of Gentlemen. These three young men are more twisted than an Alpine road. But that's a good hing. On a comedy circuit overstuffed with stand-ups shouting "Love me do", it is really refreshing to come across

something so downright nasty.

Paedophile murderers and the accidental death of children are not the stuff of commonplace "have you ever noticed?" comedy. Against all odds, The League of Gentlemen manage to make bullying and cruelty funny. Their great skill lies in subverting

expectations. As if that wasn't enough, the Perrier-winning trio are exquisite actors, able to sum up a character with just one gesture as when a jittery actress at an audition clasps her arm to steady

her nerves. Most of my fo equally enthusiastic about this show. "It's beautifully scripted and performed," one says. "They surprise you by coming out with cheesy intros and make you think you're going to be seeing an ordinary sketch-show performed by clean-cut humans. But nearly every sketch has a twist to it, which sometimes veers into very black bumour."

"They keep within the sketch tradition," chimes in another, but their writing and performances take it to blindingly surreal depths. They are the only people who can be so firmly about: ıman frailty."

The League of Gentlemen come as a particular relief in what was threatening to be a pretty barren year for comedy in Edinburgh. We were overdosing on bad comedians pretending to be bad comedians. There was also an excess of 1970s showbiz kitsch references. If I hear another allusion to Keith Chegwin, I'll

reach for my Luger. Chilling, sometimes sickening even, The League of Gentlemen could never be accused of using such hackneyed material. Memo to the swarms of TV

execs loitering on the Fringe with

talent: give these men a series now.

intent to sign up new comedy :

The League of Gentlemen are at the Pleasance, Venue 33, to 30 Aug (0131-556 6550)

Tow that Sibelius's marvellous Kullervo symphony can be heard in the concert hall and is available in multiple recordings, it takes an effort to cast one's mind back to the time when it could only be read about in a few books, and none

too favourably described at that. The composer's own negative attitude towards his early masterpiece was no doubt partly to blame for this general critical response. Why, after a great initial success, did he prevent publication and performances of all but the central movement, only allowing this portion of the work an air-

ing late in his life?
The fact that it charts a wide-ranging territory which lies some distance away from the concise structural areas Sibelius was later to make his own cannot blind us to its stunning originality. The composer clearly felt otherwise, but that just goes to show that some creative artists exhibit a mysteriously self-conscious attitude towards their work. It's possible, for instance, that a number of those works that Brahms famously destroyed were actually as fine as the ones he published.

As it is, we can only beg leave to disagree with the mighty composer of Kullervo, and no more convincing proof of his symphony's stature could be adduced than the Tomorrow in the Tabloid: Tom Lubbock on British Figurative Art at Flowers East, London

C

## **PROMS**

### BBC Scottish SO/ Osmo Vanska RAH, London

overwhelming performance it received in Wednesday's Prom under the direction of that dedicated Sibelian, Osmo Vanska. It seemed at first as if the epic first move-

ment was being a little too lightly treated, with a brisk tempo to prevent heroic indulgence, but as the symphony's huge vistas continued to unfold through the poignant "Kullervo's Youth" and the cataclysmic "Kullervo and his Sister" we felt the narrative screw being inexorably tightened.

The tragedy of Kullervo's unknowing incest and of his sister's consequent suicide allowed us to relish the magnificent sonority of the Helsinki University Male Chorus who delivered Sibelius's runic chanting with majestic intensity, aided by soprano Kirsi Tiihonen and baritone Jukka Rasi-

lainen's haunting solos.

What an incredible movement this is, with its galloping figures, giant paragraphs

and shattering conclusion. The BBC Scottish Symphony Orchestra, who had drawn us to the heart of Sibelius's epic world, surpassed themselves here, generating a frightening sense of inevitability within

brooding landscapes.

The textural battlefields of "Kullervo Goes to War", all echoing brass calls and unpredictable juxtapositions of sonority, found the orchestra straining at the leash, splendid in all departments, and the tragic finale of "Kullervo's Death" achieved transcendent expression, a true symphonic

For me, this will probably remain the Prom of the year, and it also included that other forgotten inspiration of Sibelius's twenties, the extraordinary orchestral ballet The Wood Nymph, the tempestuous allegro in the manner of Lemminkainen's Return, with a crunching change of gear at the mid-point, which vividly proclaims Sibelius's structural mastery. It was followed by that magical, yet ulti-

mately enigmatic tone-poem Luonnotar, music that masterfully encompasses the mystery of creation. Its runic soprano solo was passionately declaimed by Kirsi Tiihonen. An unforgentable concert.

**Anthony Payne** 

o be left off the shit list of Thomas Bernhard scourge of Austria and of mankind in general - was a rare distinction. One or two madly driven geniuses were granted exeats (Wittgenstein, Glenn Gould) along with the odd brilliant thespian-interpreter of his plays such as Bernhard Minetti. Had he lived to see their work, I feel sure that Thomas Bernhard would also have made an

honourable exception of the English director David Fielding and the actor Julian Curry.

They did this playwright proud in their award-winning production of Elisabeth II in 1992 - one of the most hil-iously hilarious evenings I have experienced in the theatre - and now they rejoin forces for the British premiere of the 1979 play Eve of Retirement. That potent mix in Bernhard of the grinding and the elating is once again projected to perfection. This is pitch-black comedy from a man whose relentless vision is all the funnier, for some of us,

### THEATRE **Eve of Retirement** Gate Theatre, London

because it's so utterly lacking in a sense of humour. Bernhard's contempt for

Austria as a nest of unregenerate Nazis and anti-Semites is pushed to a calculatedly outrageous extreme here. The piece focuses on a triangle from hell: Höller, a Chief Justice and former commandant of a concentration camp (played by Mr Curry), and his two sisters - Vera (Jane Wood). who dances attention on him to the point of incest, and the leftwing Clara (Mary Chater) who sullenly resists them as much as a paraplegic in a wheelchair can. An American bombing raid in the last days of the war landed her in this plight. With typical contrariness, Höller feels both that this did the family a favour in putting a stop to her political activism, and that

her condition symbolises his nation's victimhood at the hands of lesser breeds.

Every year, Höller dons Nazi uniform and forces his siblings to join him in a champagne supper to celebrate the birthday of his mentor, Himmler, Fielding's production makes this ritual potty, frightening and pathetic. Looking like a tall, aggrieved heron, Curry cuts an absurd figure in his military regalia. His martyred patience with the crass insensitivities of this world raises scandalised yelps of laughter from the audience. Triumphantly reporting that he has blocked a council bid to build a poison-gas plant

opposite their house, he sees

no irony in his stand as an

affronted friend of the Ger-

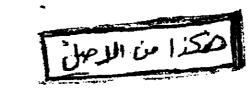
ing his sister on the choice of champagne, he declares it the very brand that made work in

You can sense, though, that there's a time-bome — not of remorse but of some awful insanity-inducing sense of self-recognition - ticking away within Höller. You can see, too, from Jane

Wood's superb performance as Vera, that she knows this to be the case and that the desperate humouring of her brother, as though he were still a little boy. and the frantic feeding of his prejudices are an attempt to postpone disaster. She assures him that 98 per cent of Austrians think as they do; one day they will be able to celebrate Himmler's birthday openly.

Bernhard understands men like Höller because they are the reverse image of his own fanaticism. It's this that gives. Eve of Retirement its serrated edge and makes the evening a splendidly unsavoury treat.
To 6 Sept (0171-229 5387)

Paul Taylor



# Jimmy's as deep as they come

## The Monday Interview

## JIMMY McGOVERN

The Lake District may seem a tranquil setting for the man who made 'Cracker'. But his new drama is riddled with conflict, just like the man himself. By Jasper Rees

ssuming they know their television, the motorists passing on the lakeside road, or the hikers who stride blinkingly on to the set from the footpath, can tell that there's a prime-time series in production. Exquisite rural setting – in this case fells, peaks and pikes lowering beyond the still depths of Ullswater - plus swarm of emergency service vehicles, equals 10 million viewers on Sunday evening. Today they're doing a key drowning scene, with professional divers in wetsuits who have been engaged to fish the corpses of children out of the

So, a big day for the kids. For the grown-up actors making *The Lakes*, a BBC drama series about urban scallies who work in the Lake District hotels and incur the wrath of the locals by preying on their daughters, it's also more interesting than usual, because the writer is on set. And not just any old writer. Jimmy McGovern, much-garlanded prog-enitor of Cracker and Hillsborough, is round the back of the boathouse, leaning on one of the ambulances, smoking, and looking thoroughly out of context in urban smart-casuals

He confesses that he finds film sets excruciating, even if, on the only ones he ever visits, they're say-

ing his lines.
"I should be on a set more, and then I would be on a set more, and then I would know the grammar and the etiquette. You're telling the actor how good he is, and the actor is standing there very dutifully, knowing that there are people over there wanting him immediately, but he's not impolite enough to tell you that; and then he excuses himself and goes, and you realise what a stupid prick

Not that McGovern is paranoid or anything. During the making of Hillsborough he suspected that the police, cast as the villains of the piece, were tapping his phone. "Total paranoia," he confesses. He tells a story of being in the gents of the pub he drinks in on Friday nights, "and this great big guy comes in, you know, huge guy, unmistakably a cop-per, and he says to me, 'Jimmy?' Yeah? 'McGovern?' I'm absolutely shitting myself. Great big guy. He says, 'I've got a message for you: phone Cohn immediately.' Colin is an old mate of mine. Go to phone him, and he's got tickets for me for a game. And that's all the message was. And I turn round to this guy and say thanks very much, and he explains, 'I'm an old mate of Colin's.'" Harmless really. Except that the radar that makes McGovern so good at his job was on the right track: "Of course,

He is visibly buoyed up by the suggestion that we repair to a more familiar habitat in the village. "I'll have a pint of Boddys, please," he says. It's the first of four. McGovern is not one to spurn alcohol during interviews. He's not the spurning type. He once made a visit to Dublin to promote his film Priest, during a period of intense overwork after the success of Cracker, when green lights simultaneously flared for sundry projects and he was needed on set here, for interviews there, for deadlines everywhere.

"I was totally fucked, and we got back to Dublin airport and we're going to fly home, which I'm terrified about anyway, and I was stuck in the middle of this airport with these two big bags and taken short. So I lug these two big bags to the toilet, get there in time, had a shit, looked down and it's jet black. And I'm feeling like shite. I'm feeling as though I'm going to die. So I stagger out, find Eileen This wife and say, Elleen, go on, get me to hospital. I've just done this jet-black shit." She said, Timmy, you've had 10 pints of Guinness."

The black stuff. The phrase was patented nearly 20 years ago by Alan Bleasdale, Liverpool's other small-screen big hitter. But it could just as well describe the drama that issues from McGovern's imagination, with its dark understanding of the



Jimmy McGovern, lapsed Catholic, ex-gambler, ex-teacher, ex-scally: pieces from his life are scattered through his work Photograph: Joe Bangay

Manichean psyche, its intimacy with the curlicues of Catholic guilt, its knowledge that animal instincts pulse beneath the epidermis we call civility. In McGovern's obituaries it will one day be written that he managed to cook up prime-time drama out of these complex ingredients, to cram them into cop shows and soaps and into apparently polite series like The Lakes.

That imagination got a perfect start in childhood. There were already four older siblings when he was born in 1949, and four more would later be squeezed into a two-up, two-down in a workingclass, largely Irish district of Liverpool. Young Jimmy scarcely spoke till he was eight. He still avoids radio and television interviews because of a nowimperceptible stammer. Perhaps he inherited his misgivings about the spoken word from his mother, who got his names the wrong way round at his christening. His first name is officially Stanley.

McGovern has refrained from mining his own upbringing for material - although he is currently

writing a film for the BBC called Liam, about an eight-year-old growing up in Thirties Liverpool. But the jigsaw pieces of his adult life are scattered through his work. His experiences as a teacher in a large secondary school, and later as a parent embroiled in the saga of opting out, went into Hearts and Minds. The deplorable gambling habit was given to Fitz in Cracker. The lapsed Catholic's inquisitiveness about human motive weaves through

everything he has ever written. Even his forays into history - a drama about the Gunpowder Plot, and a script in development about Mary Queen of Scots - have a popish underpinning.
"I can often spot convent-educated women," he said to me on a previous occasion. "That will make me sound stupid, I know, but actually I've done that many a time, and the subject hasn't even got on to Catholicism." We sit there in the pub and, between us, we count up the instances in his work of key plot twists that hinge on a priest being unable to break the seal of confession. I say I hope there's not another one in The Lakes. "Well, I'm afraid you're going to be disappointed."

You'd think that The Lakes would find him parting company with the handrail of autobiography. A couple of years ago I interviewed McGovern when he was fresh out of a meeting with the head of drama serials at the BBC. He had just been pitching the idea for The Lakes. It didn't sound very inner-city, very McGovern. There's not a lot of Catholic guilt in Grasmere. And yet it turns out not only that McGovern was once one of those scallies washing dishes in a Cumbrian hotel, but also that

his wife Eileen is one of those local girls. McGovern's lead character is also hooked on gambling, a vice that had seduced his creator long before he came up to the Lakes as a callow teenager. In rural exile from the betting shops, it wasn't so easy to feed the habit, at least not at first. "You had to go into Ambleside, which was four miles away, to have a bet. But then, tragedy of tragedies, you find out that you can have a phone account."

The habit grew much more serious later on, with the newly wed McGoverns back in Liverpool and Jimmy, in a story that's the centre-piece of all the profiles, hitting rock bottom by spending his odd-jobber's pay packet on a crocked nag.

He caught the bug young, at "seven or eight".

"The community was a gambling community. It was just part of working-class culture in the inner city: the football, the gambling, the booze – that's what men did."

what men did." His father was one of those men, "but he was really controlled. Very responsible man, my dad."
Why wasn't his fifth child? "I don't know. I think addictive personalities are addictive personalities. I'm not massively addictive, but I am addictive, I know that. And if you're into a thing like gambling

What about the fags? How many a day? "That's gone up because I've been under pressure. [And no wonder: as he speaks, a movie script about transplants, called Heart, with Christopher Eccleston and Saskia Reeves, is also about to go into production.]
About 30 now. I can get by on 20." He has tried giving up, slapping on the nicotine patches. "But you get bad dreams with the patches – they're really amazing things." As for the drink ... well, you know about the drink.

In the Lakes, he and his mates didn't just fritter their earnings away on horses. They played football, hotel against hotel, with McGovern on the wing or up front. "I was like lightning. Don't get me wrong, I was never that good, but I was quick." Nearly 30 years on, one game lives on in the memory. "We played a hotel from Ambleside, and God knows why, but it got nasty. I'm small now but I was even smaller then. It got nasty and I governed we to this really his my and he just squared up to this really big guy, and he just gripped me in his really amazing grip, so fierce the grip, he just kept my head down, and afterwards all the lads said he was twice ready to hit, but he didn't hit me. Anyway, about a week or so later

### 6 I said, get me to hospital, I've done this jet-black shit. She said, Jimmy, you've just had 10 pints of Guinness?

we ended up in this pub and there was pictures all over the wall. He'd sparred with Cassius Clay! He was a great boxer, this guy. And he had signed mes-sages from Cassius Clay. And I thought, if he'd hit me I'd be dead."

The more peaceable things that people do in the Lakes attracted the incipient writer's attention. He mucked about on boats once or twice, attempted the odd fell, and dabbled in Wordsworth, whom, unsurprisingly for someone who gave us the Grants of Brookside, he didn't fancy. "People tell me he was a great poet, but with a really great poet you never feel that he's at the mercy of rhythm and rhyme He makes the rhythm and rhyme become his slave, and I don't think Wordsworth ever did."

It's no shock to discover that his favourite poet is the Jesuit priest Gerard Manley Hopkins. "Read The Wind Hover'. Best 14 lines ever written."

McGovern's own secret of good writing is: "I never think of myself as a writer. I think of myself as a storyteller. And the story is paramount. And you've got to tell that story, and you tell that story in the most simple, economical way possible, and you do not show off. I know writers who show off in the telling of the story, and it's bollocks. It certainly happened early on in my career, in Brookside and things. But not now."

When McGovern's work began to find an audience, first in the theatres of Liverpool and then with Brookside, the compulsive gambling seems to have subsided. His first cheque for a Brookside script was £475. "I thought, fuck me, this is phenomenal money. But I never raised my living standards at all, and the bank balance totted up, totted up, totted up. In 1984 we actually moved into a semi, and the semi was something like £49,000."

It's an obvious point to make, but he now takes risks in his work rather than in the betting shop, and they have given the edge to his writing. Success may have civilised his suits and eradicated the racism that he argues is indivisible from poverty. But there is an enduring rawness. He must be the only leading dramatist in this country who, when explaining how tortuously his mind works, uses a story about his bowel movements as an illustration.

His only notable coyness is reserved for the bedroom. The unmodish lack of nudity in his work is partly a matter of tasteful restraint, partly the result of complex, Fitz-like mental machinations. In the script of Priest, the point at which the young priest and his boyfriend have a long and unprecedently frank love scene, McGovern merely indicated that

they have "urgent and passionate sex".

"Fifteen years ago I might have gone into how they make love, but the people I work with are pre-dominantly young women. You do not want to sit there discussing your script with a gang of young women; subconsciously in their mind is, you've always wanted them to take it up the bum. God, it must be hell being Jimmy McGovern.

"The Lakes' begins on BBC 1 on 14 September.

## look, isn't that Camilla with the duty-free Malibu?

off. Hundreds of British cars leaving the ferry at Boulogne and all bar a few sporting the old-style GB stickers. This is a shocking indictment of New Labour Britain - as a matter of principle I refused to leave the country before managing to track down one of those pretty stickers with the stars round them: the other ones simply shrick Euro-sceptic.

Holiday phobics are apparently another casualty of the work-obsessed Nineties, but I'm with Princess Diana on this one. Why take one, when four will do. While she has been jetting around in private Har-rods' planes. Camilla Parker Bowles was spotted leaving Britain for Malaga on a charter flight. The pro-Parker Bowles campaign is stepping up; this was obvi-ously a blarant PR move to show she has the common touch and can breathe in the "steuch of humanity" like the rest of us.

counted them on, and I counted them I hope she was properly briefed on Malaga airport etiquette; on the return journey she will need to equip herself with a toy donkey and respond to the call of duty free with a bottle of Malibu.

> Apart from my stand on European Union car stickers. I'm not sure my family has contributed much to Anglo-French relations. It's strange, isn't it, but whereas English spoken in a French accent is considered charming and sexy, the French are completely intolerant of any deviation from perfect pronunciation and grammar. Every time my four-year-old sweetly uttered "merci", some French waitress would make a terrifying gargling sound back at her because she was not rolling her r's in the required manner. But it's the butchers who really cut you down to size.

scary claws and heads unfurl from underneath the body like something out of a John Carpenter movie), I thought I'd play safe at the Super-U meat counter and ask for half a kilo of mince. "Bah! Les Anglais," sneered the butcher, delivering a long tirade to the rest of the waiting customers about how English people only ever buy mince.

Humiliating - but sadly, probably true.

people's unsentimental attitude to animals,



the diplomatic incident at dinner. The meal started For the children the main stumbling block to an "entente cordiale" was the French

journey, the charming owners introduced the children to their four rabbits. Believers in the hard knocks school of life, we couldn't let them dwell under the illusion that the lives of these floppy-cared bunnies, lolloping happily in their free-range run, were quite as idyllic as they looked. Perhaps it was this harsh truth that caused

well - our hosts joined us and the Dutch couple who were also staying - but just as we were silently savouring the delicacy of the filo-wrapped chèvre, one of the children

house where we broke our a symphony, really. Nathalie and Bruno Oxford, I can divulge that on his way gamely made some remark about their dog, but as he had died since we were there last year, this was not convincing. I, meanwhile, was stunned into silence - my keen sense of directional hearing had led me to the culprit (who has asked for anonymity) and it was not who I expected. "I fart all the time, and you never write about it," my 10-year-old, reading over my shoulder, bas just protested with a true sense of sibling mustice. Ouite.

My file of I-know-a woman-who-dancedwith-a-man-who-danced-with-a-womanwho-danced-with-Tony Blair stories is coming on nicely. I'm not sure whether being vaguely in the same south-west area of France for our holiday counts for much. but now to add to my dinner party status. Having been caught out before by those innocent-looking Tesco-style chickens (you pick them up and suddenly these

down to Tuscany Tony stopped for a coffee in my best friend's boyfriend's family village ... Bragging apart, though, the reason the Blairs and I steer clear of the more popular coastal areas is the topless bathers. Ever since my eldest son asked in a loud voice why French women's "boobies" go up while mine go down, I have avoided places likely to result in comparisons. I got my come-uppance, how-ever, in one of the fascinating and educational grottes which proliferate in this area of France ("If you don't behave, well go to another grotte," was our holiday refrain) - while the guide was tiresomely pointing out stalactites that supposedly looked like cauliflowers, the Virgin Mary or Princess Diana, my four-year-old declaimed her own interpretation of the

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# A generation with better things to do than watch TV To years we worried that young people watch too much television. Now, when at last there is evidence that they are watching less, we are bound to worry about where also than they are watching less, we are bound to worry about where also than they are watching less, we are bound to worry about where also than they are watching less, we are bound to worry about where also than a new students also than they are watching less, we are bound to worry about where also than they are watching less, we are bound to worry about where also than they are watching less, we are bound to worry about where also than they are watching less, we are bound to worry about where also than they are watching less, we are bound to worry about where also than they are watching less, we are bound to worry about where also than they are watching less, we are bound to worry about where also than they are watching less, we are bound to worry about where also than they are watching less, we are bound to worry about where also than they are watching less, we are bound to worry about where also than they are watching less, we are bound to worry about where also than they are watching less, we are bound to worry about where also than they are watching less, we are bound to worry about where also the watching less, we are bound to worry about where also then they are watching less than the watching less than they are watching less, we are watching less than the watch they are watching less than the

are bound to worry about what else they might be doing with their time. Surely if they are not watching mindless American pap or violent videos, they must be playing computer games, searching for porn on the Internet, making each

other pregnant or sniffing glue?
Certainly, one group of people most alarmed by the trend are television bosses, who fear they may be losing their grip on the market of tomorrow. They are often in thrall to a second group of people, advertisers, who sometimes give the impression of becoming-increasingly desperate about the difficulty of communicating with younger age groups. Why young people don't watch television was one of the underlying themes of last weekend's Edinburgh TV Festival, the industry's annual navel-gazing cum showing-off exercise.

The apocalyptic scenario was most luridly painted by an American analyst called Douglas Rushkoff, who warned that what he called "screenagers" were being lost to television. These young people are literate in the new language of the communications revolution, he says, and will watch less and less conventional television as computer games and the Internet become more sophisticated. This was, in the brash American style, an argument put forward with

interested in narrative than they used

to be does not stand up to scrutiny. But the amount of television we watch has undoubtedly fallen over the past 10 years, and especially among 16to 24-year-olds. This may appear to be bad news for the corporate planners who are trying to build brand loyalty among the viewers who will matter once the technological changes in the television industry really get going. As a newspaper, *The Independent* understands the need for media companies to "grow" their audience. And it is important to our civic culture that the BBC should develop habits of viewing and listening which support public service broadcasting. But the idea that some people "only watch the BBC" because independent television is vulgar is already laughably out of date. Equally, there are very few who would say that they switch on to Channel 4 first, or who even have the vaguest interest in which television company produces which programme. Of course, channels have identities, and the BBC's brand name is a guarantor of a mini-mum level of quality. But the primary loyalty viewers have is to programmes - or to sports, a fact exploited ruthlessly by Rupert Murdoch's BSkyB.

So if programme-makers are pro-



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ducing programmes which fewer young people watch, is that a good or a bad thing? Surely the answer depends partly on the rival attractions on offer, because it is not possible meaningfully to argue that the diversity and quality of programmes has declined. If one of the main causes of the great switch-off has been the growing range of other and better things to do, then the trend should be welcomed. Over the past decade, more young people have been staying on in full-time education and in recent years youth unemployment has been falling. Also, Mr. Rushkoff is clearly right that the explosion of computer owner-

ship and services now offers a vast choice of alternative screen-based activity, some of which is worthwhile and some of which is not - like TV, in fact.

It seems likely, then, that young people are turning off not because television programmes are failing to keep up with their changing tastes, but because they prefer to do something else. In which case the Rushkoff prescription to abandon narrative and compete for the attention of the least attentive ~ would be a recipe for disaster.

That does not mean television's rulers should be complacent, however, because it does matter what young people watch.

aggressive young people more violent. This story, and stories like it, have been a familiar feature of the journalistic and ideological landscape for much of the last 20 years. The scenery has not changed partly because the case for there being a link between screen vio-lence and the real thing is obvious, while what to do about it is not. Of course people's behaviour is influenced by what they see on television and video, but how can such things be controlled in a free society? For a long time this issue did not have to be faced, because the watershed on four television channels and film censorship sifted the vast bulk of people's viewing. But now it is easier for younger and younger people to watch any films that have been made. It is not sex that is the problem, since almost all pornography that is readily available portrays essentially consenting sex (even though the conservative press always likes, irrelevantly, to cite Crash in this debate). No, it is violence that we should worry about. There is too much about, and too much finds its way on to the television screen by one means of

transmission or another. But the advocates of censorship have always missed the point about the social context of watching violent films. What we watch will only influence what we do if it is reinforced or encour-

Parisians are

friends in deed

Sir: I am on the side of William

respectively) when it comes to Parisian behaviour.

Finch in his response to M D Wells (Letters, 22 and 18 August

About a year ago, on the first family visit to Paris, I had my wallet

lifted by an expert, who leapt on to

closing. My wife, two daughters and

a Metro train as the doors were

l - fortified by the stereotypical

reputation of Parisians - stood in

despair on the platform with our

French. We were not prepared for

Some passers-by had seen what

had happened and, while one of

controllers, to see if the police could hold the train at the next station, others shepherded us to

the customer service bureau. Sadly

the police could not reach the train

in time but the Metro staff immediately took over, making the necessary calls to the various credit

card companies, and letting our

delayed - and all this during the much-loved Parisian lunch hour.

They then looked after our

Consulate. Learning of our

baggage while we took a taxi to the

difficulties, the driver refused the full indicated fare, arguing this was "an expression of sympathy from

the people of Paris".

I should be comforted to think

Reading, Berkshire

hotel know that we would be

them sprinted off to the

bags and our creaking O-level

what followed.

erupt agair

Meanwhile, the news that young people in particular are watching less television should be received with at least two cheers. The odds are that they have found some other more interesting - and probably harmless - way of occupying themselves.

## Uneasy

Marlon Brando were to return as an ageing Wild One, he'd be cruising the lanes of North Yorkshire. Most motorcycle accidents there involve middle-aged men riding superbikes in a high-risk search for the thrills of their youth, we report on page 6. These born again" bikers might have puttered about on a scooter in their youth, but return to two-wheeled transport when they can afford £10,000 highperformance monsters. "They sumply go too fast, lose control and hit some-thing," says a Chief Inspector. And one insurance company reports that the 30-60 age group are twice as likely to have an accident as younger riders. So let us pause to salute the responsibility (and good reflexes) of youth.

## • LETTERS TO THE EDITOR •

## Change is key to motor car gridlock

Sir: The excellent paper by Friends of the Earth and Christian Wolmar (report. 19 August), and John Prescott's invitation to contribute to ideas for developing an integrated transport policy (report, 22 August), are welcome and long overdue.
The reaction of the motoring

organisations is generally cautiously welcoming but the screams of anguish from three-car families (mother from Guildford -"I love my Mercedes" – report, 22 August) and the Association of British Drivers (Letters. 22 August) - "to be able to travel at will is a vital freedom" are sad.

Do not pedestrians, cyclists and those who do not own cars have to reliable, safe and cost-effective public transport?

The fact that there is not enough road space for everyone and that the message is loud and clear from the Government: "We are not against you owning cars, but we must consider constraining use. particularly where there is congestion, to enable better use of the road space for everyone, and so that huses and other priority users may have some chance of providing a réliable service."

Of course there are essential car users, but how many of the drivers entering and leaving cities in the rush hour or belting around the M25 really need their cars for "work" on a particular day? Are they not just making use of that valuable perk, the free office car

Perhaps they should try public transport, lobby for its improvement and, if necessary, plan to alter their lifestyle before they are forced to do so by gridlock. BERKELEY House of Lords London SWI

Sir: The main problem with traffic is pollution. Delays are annoying, but it is what comes out of a vehicle's exhaust that does the real

Ten per cent of traffic produces about 50 per cent of vehicle pollution (mainly caused by diesels). Should we not be hearing from John Prescott a few words on how he intends to reduce that diesel pollution in the current fleet of diesel vehicles?

The technology has been available for a decade to stop toxic diesel soot, yet it sits unused on a shelf due to the lack of will from any government. Tory or Labour. If we submit to Mr Prescott's park and ride we will get rid of lots of cars from our roads but, in their place will be a huge increase in heavy polluting buses that will have to be brought into service to meet those demands.

Until diesel exhaust is looked at more carefully, there is no real alternative to the car. MARTIN WYNESS Windermere, Cumbria

Sir: As an inhabitant of the "car capital of Britain" I see no reason why so many should seek to use their cars for so little return. I solved the second car syndrome many years ago. The family car stayed at home.

I took on a new lease of life which I'd thoroughly recommend to anyone, with major benefits to my quality of life, bank account, sanity and timekeeping. My second car became a motorcycle. Using a



series of bikes on which I have since commuted over 50 miles a day in all weathers I leave behind long queues of single-occupant cars in bottlenecks, each car contributing to another's frustration.

My preferred mode of transport is also environmentally friendly, using no more road than necessary, drinking the minimum amount of finite resources, and is parked free outside my office. Not only is it a solution to jambusting, it's now fun to commute. DAVID DIXON Guildford,

Sir: I live in a small village with no shops and no buses. To be here, where I have lived for nearly 20 years, in countryside which is a constant joy, a car is essential.

Increases in fuel and car tax only really deter those like myself on a pension who really can't afford them. To shop and generally join in rural life, most journeys are 10-20 miles round trip. I would gladly drive an electric car, preferably with one solar battery, that is affordable. How many are there with similar needs? One million? Five million?

I don't care about speed or image. I do care about the environment. SUE ROWAN

Sir: Surely a first step in reducing car travel would be to limit expenses to petrol costs where reasonable public transport alternatives already exist. Perhaps MPs could lead by example? MICHAEL DRAKE

### Proud of exam success

Sir: I am infuriated, in common I am sure with other parents of teenage children and the children themselves by the ritual cry of "lower standards" each year when the exam results are published (report, 24 August). It must be the same people each year who come up with it, and they must have forgotten their own schooldays.

I write as the proud possessor of 14 points at A-level and mother of a daughter (who isn't that much brighter than me) who has a spectacular 28. I was at a respectable academic public school and so was she. I gained a university place and so did she, but there the resemblance ends.

I was taught by whiskered spinsters. and she by highly professional inhabitants of the egal competitive world. Mock exams, predicted grades, exam technique, league tables, parental demands on the school, cut-throat competition for university places, graduate unemployment - all unheard of in my day. And as for working hard, the culture is completely transformed. We revised a little in the summer term, my daughter and her friends have been labouring without ceasing since before Christmas. It is no wonder standards are rising, the critics should be ashamed of themselves, and the successful candidates very proud. JULIA HOLMAN London 194

Your leader comment ("These starred As are good news for Britain", 22 August) rightly celebrates the steady improvements in GCSE results

over recent years. It was alarming however to read the opinion that the "hurdles" for schools "need to be raised continuously" so that teachers "never start to believe that they can level off".

The philosophy that "if you're not improving, you're failing" is a tough one to live with. Such demands take no account of the professional and personal needs of the beleaguered teachers. The demands for continually raised standards must be seen in the context of the plummeting level of teacher morale.

The trends are inexorably downwards in levels of support for teachers from parents, communities and the media, in levels of discipline, respect and motivation from pupils, and in levels of funding for schools and salaries. Teachers are required to swim continuously against this tide of decline and are expected to do so in such a way that they actually

succeed in reversing it. The overwhelming majority of teachers would leave the profession tomorrow if they could, and applications for teacher training continue to slump as does the calibre of those that do apply. Will it require a massive crisis in staffing levels before teacher morale is taken seriously? NEIL STOBART Sutton Coldfield West Midlands

### Dual role of MP and MEP

Sir: The Obituary for Sir Tom Normanton (14 August) stated that "he was the last Conservative politician to sit at both Westminster and Strasbourg at the same time". Not so.

Currently in the House of Commons, representing the Vale of York, is Miss Anne McIntosh who is also the MEP for North Essex and South Suffolk. Her MEP predecessor was David Curry who for two years also had a dual mandate after being elected as a Westminster MP for Skipton and Ripon. Perhaps both feel there is a close affinity between the counties of Essex and Yorkshire.

Being an MP should be a fulltime job, whether it be representing Westminster constituency or a European one. I cannot see how the needs of both can be fully undertaken by one person simultaneously. I have to say that I am

disappointed because Miss McIntosh has an excellent record and reputation as a hard-working

She is a pro-Europe Tory, but in her Euro constituency she has had to contend with the antics of the Eurosceptics in her own Party. I wonder if this is why she has decided on a new political career in BOB RUSSELL MP (Colchester, Lib Dem) House of Commons

that a French family with little English would be afforded the same treatment on the London underground. I wonder why I have such difficulty believing that? Post letters to Letters to the Editor, and include a daytime telephone number. Fax: 0171-293 2056: e-mail: letters@independent.co.uk. E-mail correspondents are asked to give a postal address. Letters may be edited for length and clarity. We regret we are unable to acknowledge unpublished letters. MIKEFUHR

## spreads malaria

Political unrest

Sir: Jeremy Laurance is right to identify malaria as one of mankind's greatest threats ("Malaria defies new drugs to make a comeback", 20 August), but its resurgence worldwide is not simply a question of drug resistance and climactic changes. Political problems are perhaps the major cause of its spread.

In Central Asia, the collapse of the Soviet Union has caused the breakdown of Moscow's central control programme for malaria. Without it, the number of infected mosquitoes has increased unchecked, and the disease has crossed borders between the breakaway states. For the first time since the 1950s, we have seen widespread epidemics in Afghanistan, Azerbaijan and Tajikistan. These countries do not have the resources to create coordinated international malaria programmes. In Africa, huge refugee

movements have exposed people to strains of the disease to which they have little natural resistance. For example, thousands of Rwandan refugees, who came from mountainous areas where there were few infective mosquitoes and little malaria, are now scattered across the jungle basin of eastern Congo, where they are highly vulnerable to the deadly falciparum malaria. Seventy-five per cent of all refugees we have found in this area are suffering from this strain.

In such situations, we can treat the sick, prioritise vulnerable groups such as young children and pregnant mothers, provide impregnated bednets and spray buildings against mosquitoes. But these are localised strategies. Without political stability, we cannot begin to prevent the spread of the disease across whole continents. RICHARD ALLEN

### Consenting life masks

Sir: Jane Wildgoose is in error in describing the National Portrait Gallery's masks of Blake and Keats as "death masks" ("Is it wrong to use a dead body for art?". 18 August). Both were made when the subjects were still living, and, more to the point, consenting participants in the procedure - which cannot be said of the subjects featuring in

Anthony-Noel Kelly's artefacts. (Though to judge from Blake's expression, he was clearly having second thoughts about subjecting himself to the process.) BARBARA Y BROWN London N13

### **Thatched Dome**

Sir. Now that the Millennium Dome roofing contract is being reassessed, why not thatch it ("Millennium Dome may have to move from Greenwich", 24

August)?
Norfolk reed would offer at least 25 years of maintenance-free cover. It is an indigenous, environmentally friendly material, a habitat for numerous mammals, insects and

Thatch naturally conforms to the broadest range of roof contours and could be beautifully wicker-stitched around the Blackwall Tunnel

ventilation stack. Why should an American company draw the long straw? DAVID ROWLANDS Chinehom, Hampshire

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## the commentators

## Oh dear, Mt Clare erupts again

Montserrat has felt the full force of a Clare Short tirade. But this time she's blown it, says John Rentoul

or some weeks now, scientists studying the situation in Montserrat have been warning of an imminent cataclysmic eruption. Last weekend, it happened. The cap of the volcano blew off and the Secretary of State for International Development exploded, releasing a cloud of poisonous adjectives and raining a shower of ridicule on the island's inhabitants and their leaders.

It was not a pretty sight. But we all like Clare Short precisely because she does not have the personality-crushing self-discipline of most politicians. When she suddenly goes "off message" to expound common sense on the subject of decriminalising cannabis, or lets slip the blindingly obvious about income tax and the better-off, we cheer as she cuts through the waffly evasions of lesser talking heads. She doesn't talk like a politician, and doesn't have a politician's emotional restraint.

And last Saturday, Ms Short was very cross. She had accepted a job at the bottom of the formal rankings of Cabinet status because she believed she could make a difference to the poorest people in the world - the other thing that endears her to us is her moral ambitiousness - and here she was being badgered about some Caribbean volcano that the Conservatives had left in a shocking state of disrepair. "It's not our fault that the volcano has blown up," she told journalists through gritted teeth.

What really annoyed her was that. what really almoyed her was that, having risked upsetting Gordon Brown by setting a target of halving world poverty, she was now being criticised for handing out a measly £2,500 a head to resettle Montserratians. smile sweetly and praise the fortitude of the homeless locals? She did not. Baroness Chalker, her predecessor, would have been filmed walking briskly through the ash, listening with intent concern to the inhabitants. But Clare Krakatoa stayed in London and let rip.

> 'It's not our fault the volcano has blown up,' she told journalists

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"It would be weak politics if I said: 'They are making a noise and a row, oh dear, give them more money.' They say 10,000, double, treble, and then think of another number. It will be golden elephants next."

It was the golden elephants that did it. A vivid, headline-writer's phrase, one that Alistair Darling or Margaret Beck-ett would never, ever use. Not in front of journalists anyway. And journalists love the spectacle of great forces of nature at work: here was Mount Short, dormant for so many months (some even thought extinct), chucking lava, ash and smoke into the upper atmosphere.

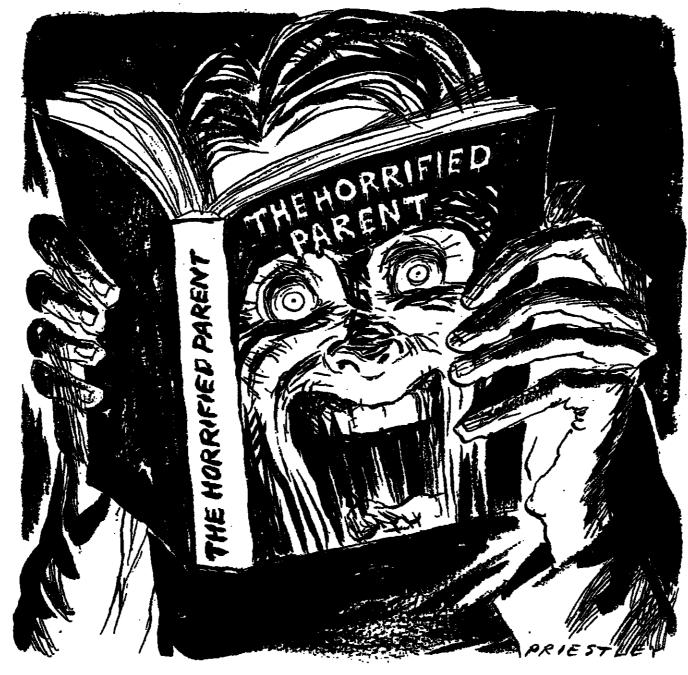
The other attractive thing about Ms Short is that she has a point. "My department's budget is designed to help the poorest people on the Earth, and I have to be very responsible about how it is spent," she said. "We have lots of obligations to much poorer people in other parts of the world." There, she had the beginnings of a plausible case. That is always the moralist's clincher, the "Do you really need 50p more than she does?" argument. But then, being human as well as moral, she spoiled it.

This is about a dependency culture. It is the duty of the Government to make these people safe and help them find viable livelihoods. People in Britain would not understand why we should do more than that ... When there are floods in Wales or in Scotland, people lose all their possessions, but even if they have no insurance they receive very little help." From St Clare of the Sackcloth to Lady Short of Responsible Government in three sentences. Montserrat's leaders "have to stop this game", she said. "It is bad governance." (The last time we heard that word was in the bulky, self-justificatory memoirs of Harold Wilson.) More than that, if these foreigners for whom she was accidentally responsible went on playing these "silly political games", she was going to take her bat away and not send her junior minister George Foulkes to the island, because there would be "no

point holding talks".

She was fed up; she is human; she could not help herself. That is why we like her. She is not a modern political robot who goes in front of the camera to read soundbites off her pager. But taking out her political frustrations on a bunch of homeless Caribbeans for whom her government is responsible -and yet who do not have British pass-

ports - that is a bit much. Last year The Independent launched a "Save Clare Short Campaign", to protest at Tony Blair's brutal and unnecessary humiliation of her, in demoting her from the transport portfolio. It's time for someone to launch a new campaign: to save Clare Short from herself.



# Why young readers turn to little horrors

by Ruth Padel

Unless. Unless?

"Unless they get into horror. The largest market for Stephen King in this country is 14-year-

I remember a friend whose eldest daughter, aged seven, brought home from school a Walker's reading-book called *The Burning Baby and Other Stories*. Walker's? Oh, yes: original, imaginative, subtle. Geniuses like Jill Murphy, masterpieces like Peace at Last. You can't go wrong.

But you can. In the first story, a garage mechanic got a 14-year-old (presumably not wise to Stephen King) pregnant. To hide his crime he decided – what else? – to burn her to death. The narrator, another girl, watched as her friend died then saw something rise from the flames. Of course - the burning foetus. Sort of thing you recognise instantly. It made for the mechanic in petrol-stained overalls. He too went up in flames. End of story.

When Becka asked "What's a foetus?", her dad took a look; and then the shit hit the egg whisk. Two relaxed parents, not run-of-the-mill bookburners, went up in smoke. First they faxed nice, sweet Walker Books, to say their daughter was reading this book with no target age on the cover: who was it for? Then they marched, book in hand, to the poor school.

The school was aghast. Couldn't think how it got there. It had eeled its way past the woman-who-puts-cellophane-on-the-covers. Had they been given this by someone who worked in a secondary school? As upset as the parents, they exploded with apologies. But Walker's return fax said: "We hope your daughter enjoyed our book. It is intended for the teenage market, as the cover picture makes clear." Well, said my friend, it didn't. A handy teenager might have realised, but not a seven-year-old.

"All kids' publishers do that," said Gary. "Scholastic's ad for a Kids' Story Competition (run by The Independent a few years ago) said: Children often like stories surprisingly old for

t dusk tonight, the cacophony of tin whistles and calypso will

fade to a murmur, marking the end of the 33rd Notting Hill Carni-

val. The steel drums will be packed

up, the sound systems dismantled

and the glittering costumes taken off

The sights, sounds and atmosphere of the biggest carnival outside Rio de Janeiro will endure only in the

memories of the masqueraders and spectators, and in snapshots taken by

a few amateur photographers. The music and pageantry of previous years, meanwhile, live on just as

Astonishing though it seems, this annual explosion of creativity and

folk art is not immortalised in any

museum or archive. There is no offi-

cial record of an event that spans

more than three decades and is now

firmly embedded in the nation's cul-

tural life. Bits and pieces have been

conserved by a handful of individu-

als. The Museum of London has

accumulated a few things, piece-

meal. But there exists no compre-

hensive collection of photographs

to be mothballed.

hazy recollections.

"I's simple," said Gary at the kids' them. Write us such a story," But they stuff Water-publishing party. "Girls stop reading stones with 'Point Horror'. We're all at it. We sell written by a real person, who wanted to write after 11, and boys after eight, sophisticated writing witty images, subtlety, and exactly that book the cream of British imagination - John Burningham, Posy Simmonds - to three- and four-yearolds, then turn them into zombies with this stuff. It's called teenage, but it's really eight and over. Gary got a bit carried away, but genius, imagi-

nation and sophistication really do prowl the threeto-five section of any Waterstones. And then: "Do you know," asked Gary, "how 'teenage series' get written? My boss tells me to create a formula: say, three girls who find something wrong and sort it out. I work it out 10 times over, invent an 'author', hire 10 hacks at a flat fee, tell them what to write (names, plot, everything), design 10

• We sell sophisticated writing and the cream of British imagination to fouryear-olds, then make them into zombies with this stuff?

covers with the same look - and 10 books end up on sale all exactly alike. No originality, no integrity, no imagination, no language, no -

"Take another Chardonnay," I said.

I don't mind the horror in itself. When my daughter was eight I idiotically tried her on Beowulf. After three pages it was nightmares for a month. Not because it was horror, but because it was well-written and alive. What gets me is the pornographic formulaicness, the nonwrittenness, of these things. My daughter's last school had a fab reading policy. You had to have a book on the go all the time. But you could bring your own. Heartlessly, I made her bring what she called "old" books. Her friends had "modern" ones. I produced new paperbacks: Haroun and the Sea of Stories, Italo Calvino's Fairy Tales. She adored both, but they weren't "modern". Friends lent her "Point Horror" secretly, out of pity.

and video footage that capture the never come up before. Carnival, spectacle and exuberance of Carni- after all, is a popular art form at

which Britain excels. Notting Hill not only attracts more than two million

visitors over two days, but it is

acknowledged as one of the top

three carnivals - together with Rio and Trinidad - in the quality of its performance art and creative talent.

Notting Hill is also distinctive in

being the most cosmopolitan of car-

nivals. The dancers, musicians and

masqueraders hall from around the

world: this year, there are groups

from Afghanistan, Kurdistan, Bangladesh and the Philippines, as

well as African and South American

lish an archive before now must be the

ambivalence that characterises public

perceptions of Carnival. In the early

years, when a few thousand Trinida-

dians paraded along Portobello Road

in west London accompanied by steel

drums, it was regarded as a quaint folk

festival, at best. After the riot between

black youths and police in 1976, it

became a metaphor for violence and

One reason for the failure to estab-

countries.

The wonder is that the idea has thereafter was seen principally as a

val, of audio tapes that record its

musical heartbeat, of leaflets and

And most lamentable, the cos-

tumes that are the dazzling focal

point of the parade have not been preserved. These elaborate and fan-

tastical confections, months in the

design and making, are works of art

and are richly evocative of Carnival's

Caribbean roots. Yet they are on

show for just two days over the

August Bank Holiday and then stored in warehouses, by the 50 mas

(costume) bands, to be dismantled

and recycled in future years. Recently the Museum of London

hosted a conference on the question

of establishing a Carnival archive.

The participants - who included the

Notting Hill organisers as well as

members of mas and music bands

and representatives of the London

Arts Board - were enthusiastic, and

decided that a survey was needed to

establish what had been kept over the

posters that document its history.

words and imagining special to that book. These objects are things-that-look-like-books, by people with made-up names.

Scholastic's "Point Horror" and "Point Romance" vary the authorial names. "Goosebumps" are all "by R L Stine", whose name crops up on "Fear Street" (Simon and Schuster) too. Hippo's "Babysitters" are all "by Anne M Mar-. On the inside cover, you don't find "by the same author," but "titles in the same series". No personal fingerprint or language or voice, no quirks or aliveness, in any of them.

Why do kids read? It used to be, partly, to find out how the world works. You get that now from

magazines, TV, CD-Roms and the Internet (updated every 15 seconds). But you can't read the Internet under the bedelothes, or up a tree. Gutenberg got you that. I think you read to increase the things you find value in. You can't find value in things-that-look-like-books. My poetry editor used to sleep with favourite books -Kipling, The Borrowers - under his pillow. These have now turned into uncool, off-putting objects known as "classics".

A new Radio 3 programme called Reading Around starts this Saturday, with funding for a five-minute spot each week on "classics". They are calling it their "Guilt List". It introduces you to something you feel bad about not having read. The Iliad. Proust. Ace presenter, ace producer; sharp, witty, searching; the programme should go down a treat. But why a

Bebind that guilt is an assumption that Scholastic, Hippo and Co are now applying to kids, and which the kids are going to apply to everything else. It also governs adult music cat-egories: things like "Classics for Pleasure". It goes like this. Classics, or anything written with real care and energy, are good for you. But unless we load them with sweeteners they are really a pain. You ought to read The Iliad, like you ought to eat carrots. But God, it's a drag. Let's go for

## It's a cricket ball, I think ... Let's look at that again

The Test Match Special team on BBC Radio are treated as very special people by all those who care about such things, but even they are not perfect.
Sometimes, for instance, they don't know what's going on. You know they don't know what's going on because they say things like, "Well, I'm not quite sure what happened there," or "Well, I don't know if that was bat or pad or bat and pad," or "Was that a tickle there? Might well have been," and you can't blame them, because it's bad enough trying to keep an eye on the double-decker buses passing by or the seagulls flying around or the people watching from adjacent cranes without having to

monitor the cricket as well. Television is different. TV cricket broadcasts can go on for minutes on end without anyone saying anything, and when someone comes back in the commentary box and says something, the viewer can get

quite a shock. But on radio, what with the strain of describing buses and seagulis, reading out letters and laughing a lot, no wonder that commentators sometimes lose their grip on actuality. What generally happens is that one of the Test Match Special team says something like, "Well, let's have a look at hke, "Well, let's have a look at that one again," which is a curious thing to say on radio, until you realise they are going to look at it again on TV. They are going to look at a slow-motion video replay on TV. TV. The radio commentators are, in fact, watching the cricket match at which they

are present on television.

We all accept this because everyone nowadays watches things on TV and expects instant replays. If you go to a live match after weeks of watching TV sport, you get a shock when a goal is scored or a wicket falls and there is no instant replay. Instant replays are now part of our lives. allowing us to relive the sprawled in front of the screen.

However, there is also a belief, fostered partly by the Test Match Special team, that if you see it again, you will see what really happened. This is absolutely untrue. Slowmotion replays make things no clearer at all. How often have we seen a disputed line call at Wimbledon shown in slow motion, and heard the commentators say, "Well, it seemed like a small cloud of chalk – it was certainly close to the line, but it was a hard one to call." How often have we seen a replay of a disputed



**Miles** Kington

rugby try and heard the commentator conclude that nobody could really say if it was grounded or not.

There was a good example during the last day's play of the late Test match, when one of the umpire's decisions depended on whether the ball had hit the batsman's bat or foot. The ball definitely hit something bang in front of the stumps and went flying off down the leg side. Everyone appealed. He was given out, lbw. This would have been a fair verdict if the ball had hit his foot, but quite unjust if it had gone off his bat. So we saw the incident again from

different angles, in slow motion, and it was impossible to tell if it had hit the ball or the foot. One of the TV commentators said that he didn't think the ball would have gone off at that angle from a boot, which struck me as ridiculous. The plain simple fact was that the video replay made things no clearer at all. About all you can say for

the TV view of cricket is that it is slightly better than watching it in the flesh. Spectators at a cricket match must have very good eyesight to see what is going on at all. If you are sideways on to the match, you cannot even see a fast ball being bowled. You can see the bowler fling his arm, and you see the batsman react but you cannot see the ball at all. I have a friend called Nick who has a theory that it would be quite easy to play most of a without a ball, as long as the players were competent at miming. The bowler would bowl an imaginary ball, the batsman would swipe viciously at thin air and a fielder would fling himself heroically into

So when it comes down to it, I can see only one use of the cricket TV slow-motion replay. It may not show you what happened to the ball, or whether it struck bat or pad, but it does prove that a cricket ball is actually being used.

empty space, and it wouldn't

look so very different from

what goes on now.



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Name:(Mr/Mrs/Ms.)

a project to match his grandiose title. Kathy Marks

## Carnival doesn't have to end today public order problem. Despite the growth of Carnival into a major inter-national event that reflects London's rich cultural diversity, both these impressions linger. Carnival also rep-

communities giving powerful expres-sion to their artistic identity, noise, colour, anarchy, vibrancy. Other cities recognise the value of Carnival. Rio and Port of Spain, Trinidad's capital, have major exhibits in their national museums. New Orleans has no fewer than four museums devoted to its Mardi Gras.

The Museum of London is willing to house a Notting Hill archive, but a dedicated space would be preferable. The problem, of course, is funding. This year's official Carnival guide contains a goodwill message from Chris Smith, MP. The Secretary of State for Culture, Media and Sport should put his money where his mouth is. A Carnival centre would be

Dungkar Losang Trinley

## obituaries / gazette

## Sir Eric Gairy

Sir Eric Gairy, Prime Minister vengeance and in the 1950s set of Grenada 1974-79, died at his out to master and ridicule the home at Grand Anse on the south coast of the island he loved and tyrannised.

The wall-eyed Don Juan in the white suit, Gairy was one of the last of a generation of West Indian labour leaders who challenged the colonial plantocracy on behalf of their union members and eventually took political independence for their islands from the hands of successive British governments. Labour and Conservative, who were all too eager to get shot of the Caribbean encumbrances of

The Antilles had long since lost that economic importance that their monopoly of sugar production gave them in the 18th century when Britain would bleed France to death for such patches of land as Grenada. St Lucia or Dominica.

Gairy was also one of the worst of that generation, a rotten apple in a barrel which included such large and often great figures as Alexander Bustamante and the Manleys in Jamaica, the Adams in Barbados. Eric Williams in Trinidad and Tobago, Robert Bradshaw in St Kitts and Ebenezer Joshua in St Vincent.

Gairy was born to a peasant family in 1922 in St Andrew's parish and was educated at the Catholic parish school in a strongly Catholic island. Early in his working life he emigrated to the Standard Oil refinery on the industrialised Dutch island of Aruba in search of the betterment his own island could not offer him.

He returned with

conventions of the colonial establishment based in the capital St George's, in order to teach his growing number of follow-

ers self-respect.
In 1950 he founded the Grenada Manual and Mental Workers Union and later the Grenada United Labour Party (GULP) which aimed to roll back the deference that the people's former leader Theophilus Marryshow exhibited to the colonial masters and their susceptible wives.

For instance, on one occasion. Gairy led a terrified group of estate workers into a tourist hotel, where they demanded to he served a meal. He went on to incite domestic servants to revolt against a regime which reguired them to work 15 hours a day. They loved him.

As the historian Gordon K. Lewis put it in his magisterial Growth of the Modern West Indies, "... while the St George's respectability shuddered, the rural masses applauded each Gairvite indiscretion: the gaudy vanity of his appearances at meetings of the Standing Federation Committee, his enjoyment of his various secretaries as physical architecture rather than clerical aid, his preening self-esteem.

When in 1951 the Governor had Gairy put on a boat to the sister island of Carriacou, crowds blocked the roads and rioted till the Royal Navy was called and police reserves summoned from as far affield as

Scarcely had the union been born in 1950 than Gairy had himself elected to the Legislative Council, starting a career which was to lead him in 1957. to be the Chief Minister and Minister of Finance of the nearly independent island (where his peculation or "squander-mania" caused him to be dismissed and the constitution

He returned triumphant as Premier five years later in 1967, staying on through Grenada's independence in 1974 to be its first Prime Minister.

abrogated by the authorities in

His period in office showed the darker side of the playboy with a gleam in his eye for the ladies. He charmed his constituents when helping Jennifer Hosten (Miss Grenada) win the Miss World competition in London in 1970, but his publicity exploits were overshadowed by his ruthless authoritarianism. This was en-forced by his Mongoose Gang of thugs at whose hands no one on Grenada was safe. He took to saying, "He who opposes me

In April 1973 the police killed young protester. Further blood flowed that year as the labour movement went against him, and on 7 February 1974 the island went to independence, marked by an electricity blackout caused by striking power workers and by hunger strikes against Gairyism.

The chaos gave impetus to the growing nationalist and left-wing strength of a move-ment which was eventually to oust him. He fought back, seekng support from the most unlikely and disreputable sources,

Pinochet, the dictator of Chile, who sent Gairy the arms he could not get from anywhere

As his brutality and extravagauces continued the New Jewel Movement (NJM), an amalgam of young social de-mocrat and Leninist politicians, grew in strength, led by the re-markable Maurice Bishop whose father Rupert had been murdered by Garry's men.

In March 1979 the NJM took advantage of his departure from the country for the UN Gener-al Assembly where he was striv-ing to have flying saucers put on the agenda and ousted him.

Eric Gairy was not at hand when the NJM attempted to turn Grenada into a socialist state though, full of hope, he did seek the assistance of the British embassy in Washington for his reinstatement when the revolutionaries fell to feuding among themselves in 1983. He was still in US exile when Ronald Reagan launched his blitzkrieg invasion of Grenada a few days later. He returned to fight elections in 1984, 1990 and 1995 but his magic had left

Hugh O'Shaughnessy

Eric Matthew Gairy, politician: born 18 February 1922; Member of Legislative Council, Grenada 1951-52 and 1954-55, Minister of Trade and Production 1956-57, Chief Minister and Minister of Finance 1957-62, Premier 1967-74, Prime Minister ter of Grenada 1974-79; Ki 1977; PC 1977; married 1949 Cynthia Gairy (two daughters); died Grand Anse, Grenada 23 including General Augusto August 1997.



'He who opposes me opposes God': Gairy at Heathrow in 1970, on

## tion are reviled and attacked to this day, by the Communist party as "rightists", and by Tibetair exiles as "collaborators".

devastatingly frank judgements on Sino-Tibetan affairs, ex-China's much-vaunted "libera-tion" and "modernisation" of Tibet since 1950 is a process in the humour of which apparently which no more than a handful of Tibetan intellectuals have played a significant part, and these few have retained their positions only through the exercise of deft diplomacy and the sacrifice of most of their principles. Tibet's accredited representatives under Chinese occupa-

Dungkar Losang Trinley was one of those figures. He attained excellence in the monastic system of traditional learning as a young man, embraced the constructive synthesis of Buddhist philosophy and modern scien-tific method, and later emerged from the phenomenal destruc-tion and chaos of the Cultural Revolution as Tibet's leading historian, and a coherent and committed advocate of modern Tibetan-language mass education. He inspired a generation of young Tibetan students in the "minority nationalities" institutes of higher education dur-ing the "liberalisation" of the 1980s, but lost favour with China's leaders after the reintorduction of "leftist" assimilationist policy in Tibet in 1992, a movement which currently

seems prepared to annul his main hopes for the future.

Born in 1927 in the southeastern district of Kongpo. Dungkar Losang Trinley was recognised as the eighth reincarnate Rinpoche (or Lama) of the nearby dung dkar ("white conch") monastery at the age of four, and entered the great monastery of Sera shortly after. By the age of 20, he was ap-pointed disciplinarian at Lhasa's prestigious Lower Tantric college, and 10 years later in 1957, on the eve of Tibet's final capitulation, he graduated as a Geshé Lha-ram-pa, the highest degree in monastic education. He is said to have been able to memorise every night as many pages of loose-leaf text as could be pierced with a single needle, and to have developed expertise

losophy and logic. In 1958, he was sent to work in higher education in mainland China, to begin teaching an entire generation of young Tibetan aristocrats and religious dignitaries: he thus escaped in-volvement in the 1959 Lhasa uprising and its brutal suppression, but shortly thereafter he denounced the "old society",

in such "lesser sciences" as po-

etics and astrology, in addition

to the canon of Buddhist phi-

gave up his vows and married. The ex-Rinpoche remained at the Central Institute of Nationalities in Peking until the outbreak of the Cultural Revolution, when many Tibetans of his status were sent back and required to perform manual labour in the countryside. He spent much of the period 1966-76 digging dykes and canals in the Tolung valley near Lhasa, where he was subjected to vicious "class struggle" like everyone else, but is also remembered by colleagues for unheroically denouncing others, a stigma which

tayed with him to his death. Reprieve came after Mao's death, and by 1978 Dungkar had married his second wife Pema Yu-dron, and returned to Peking as lecturer and researcher in Tihetan studies. Over the next five years he brought a number of historical studies to completion, including The Merging of Religious and Secular Rule in Tibet (1981; published in English in 1991). a critique of the traditional theocratic state, for which he is best known, and imparted his enthusiasm for the rejuvenation of classical learning through Marxist and social scientific methods of analysis to a new generation of students, including the now prominent USbased journalist Tse-ten Wangchuk Sharlho and the east

Although Dungkar offended many compatriots with his study of Tibetan history based on 'class struggie", a closer examination reveals a serious historical work, clothed in the garb of political acceptability, but nonetheless uninhibited by the taboos traditionally imposed on historiography. Later, even the exile government ac-quiesced to its publication. Sim-ilarly, students recall that his classes were packed to capacity once it was learned that Dungkar was given to making

Tibetan poet Dondrup Gyal.

helped him escape censure. One of the only people who actually read Marx in Tibetan translation, Dungkar was totally committed to the transition to modernity chiefly to ensure the survival of Buddhism and clas-

pressed as barbed comments.

sical Tibetan culture. He re-portedly once remarked that he had taught himself Chinese -largely from the study of Mao's Little Red Book – just as a lame dog will jump a high wall to escape its persecutors. Others remember that, when Chinese students attended his

classes, he would give long dis-courses on the evils of intellectual theft; he apparently put years of study into the newly accessible Dunhuang manuscripts dealing with Tibet's imperial past, but little of the work was ever published under his name. Dungkar's return to Lhasa in 1983 coincided with the high tide of Tibetan cultural reconstruc-

tion in which he was an important figure. One of his central aims was realised the following year with the establishment of "Tibet University", of which he was appointed vice-principal and professor of history. In 1987 he was awarded the

honour of Guojiajijiao ("National Scholar" in Chinese), apparently sealing his career with official approval, but the re-



awakened aspirations of those years proved short-lived: following the suppression of nationalist protest in 1987-89 and the growing international confidence of the regime, Tibet policy turned decisively in favour of mainland immigration and rapid industrialisation after 1992, and the promotion of the Tibetan language and education was replaced with official mistrust and contempt. An unsolicited honour proffered by the International Association of Tibet Studies in 1992 seems to have further weakened his accept-

Ur .

of the

ability to the party. At a talk during his visit to the United Kingdom in 1992, he de-clared, "All hope in our future . . and the protection of our heritage depends upon bi-lingual higher education. Without educated people in all fields expressing themselves in their own language. Tibetans are in danger of being assimilated. We have

reached a crucial point." In 1995, he resigned from the Committee on Tibetan Language, whose own status was greatly reduced, and the following year his National Scholar award is believed to have been (unusually) withdrawn. Refusal to participate in the 1995 dispute over recognition of the eleventh Panchen Rinpoche as well as the current "Patriotic Re-education" campaign in Tibet's monasteries further soured relations with his political masters. The fact that no official obituary has yet been pub-

lished would seem to confirm this. Many conservative compatriots of his generation will remember Dungkar as a collaborator, and even a coward, but for those who knew him better, colleagues and students, he was a person of unusual conviction, courage and kindness. Behind the politically acceptable façade was a scholar and teacher whose informed concern for his people and his country remained

unchanged throughout his life. He passed away at a dark hour in the struggle for Tibetan cultural identity, and we can only pray that Dungkar Riupoche, despite his dismissal of the institution of reincarnation, will swiftly return to continue his efforts.

**Matthew Akester** Dungkar Losang Trinley, Tibetan scholar: born Kongpo, Tibet

1927: recognised 1931 as

Dungkar Rimpoche; twice married (two sons, one daughter); died Los Angeles 21 July 1997.

## **Professor Charles Gray**

Charles Gray was a distinguished biochemist who contributed greatly to the science of chemical pathology. His chief fields of work were in the abnormal metabolism of the bile pigments, porphyrins and udrenal corticosteroids.

In the United Kingdom he was a pioneer in the application of modern methods for the measurement of bilirubin and other breakdown products of haemoglobin. This work contributed greatly to the introduction of practical procedures that could be used in hospital laboratories to help sort out the clinical problems of differentiating the causes of jaundice.

Collaboration with Albert rare inherited disorders, the porphyrias (from which George III is believed to have suffered), stemmed from his studics of bile pigments in human disease. His team, using modern techniques, added significantly to the ability of the laboratory to identify the varieties of the porphyrias, putting the management of these cases on a more rational basis.

He introduced a number of practical chemical procedures for the investigation of diseases of the adrenal cortex which were ahead of their time but were of limited value and were superceded without coma greater understanding of these rare disorders.

Trained as a chemist at Imperial College, London, Gray moved on to physiology at University College London with a Bayliss-Starling Scholarship in Physiology and Biochemistry in 1932. This was followed in 1935 by a demonstratorship in biochemistry and then a lecturer post in physiology at UCL, which provided him with a salary, although meagre, enabling him to study medicine at the same time as continuing his work on bile pigments. He com-pleted his qualifications in medicine in 1937.

Neuberger, working on the me-search was of sufficient dis-viously performed by hand, tabolism of porphyrin and its tinction for him to be invited to were transferred to automated follow R.A. McCance as Biochemist at King's College Hospital Medical School in London. During the Second World War Gray saw service in charge of the Sector 9 Biochemical Laboratory in the Emergency Health Service. In 1948, he was given a personal chair in Chemical Pathology in London University, which he held at King's College Hospital, where he was the consultant chemical pathologist until he re-

tired in 1976. During those years, he built a strong research team which gradually established an international reputation in the many ing into general use, although fields of his interest; he obtained

they contributed at the time to some of his funding from major industrial drug companies rather an innovation at the time. He was very friendly with his overseas research colleagues, so that his department, though often modest in resource compared with theirs,

was a favourite place for sab-

batical research. During the years he was in charge of chemical pathology at King's College Hospital, there were great changes in the provision of laboratory services which grew to provide a wide range of investigative tools to help elucidate clinical problems in diagnosis and in the management of patients. Many The following year his re- of the repetitive analyses, premachines, allowing the investigation of individual patients on a scale that could not have been imagined at the time that

he was appointed. Finally, he saw the introduction into laboratory practice of computers that slowly but surely enabled the more effective use of such machines. He saw clearly that such advances allowed his skilled technical and scientific staff to spend more time undertaking manually the more complex analytical procedures that, though needed less frequently, were the sharp end of a hospital clinical laboratory's work. Many of these meth-

ods found their way from the

research benches of the laboratory to the routine side of the

Charles Gray was a very reserved, though determined, man who did not easily make friends with his clinical colleagues. Nevertheless, he was widely respected for his firmlyheld views on the importance of the scientific basis of medicine, and for the scientific reputation of his department that, at a time when resources for research were difficult to obtain, added lustre to the medical school

He was a very conscientious head of department who liked to maintain close contacts with his staff. In more spacious times it was his custom to walk round the entire department first thing in the morning talking to every individual, from the senior to the most junior, asking how his or her work was progressing, giving advice and encouragement as he went.

He was a clear thinker and he wrote well, so that he was in considerable demand in later years for committee work and editorial responsibilities. He was for a period a member of the Clinical Research Board of the Medical Research Council; chairman of the research committee of the Arthritis and Rheumatism Council: member of the council of the Royal College of Pathologists. His chair of the Committee of Management of the Journal of Endocrinology, and membership of the Editorial Board of the Biochemical Journal. He was for a time Secretary of the Society of

Endocrinology, and in 1969 was elected President of the Association of Clinical Bio-He wrote numerous scientific articles with his research associates, and a number of books which were standard texts in their time. Among his bestknown books are an encyclopaedic work, Hormones in Blood (1961), and a small early work, The Bile Pigments

(1953). A handbook of chemical pathology, Clinical Chemi-Pathology (1953), for cal medical students that was also widely used as a primer for search Centre based at Northtrainees in his field was very wick Park Hospital.



editorial duties included the Gray: porphyrin studies

Michael Rinsler Charles Horace Gray, biochemist: born Erith, Kent 30 June 1911; Consultant, King's College Hospital District 1938-76, Consulting Chemical Pathologist 1976-81; Professor of Chemical Pathology, London University 1948-76 (Emeritus); Honorary Consultant, Miles Laboratories Lid 1953-76; Visiting Professor, Division of Clinical Chemistry. MRC Clinical Research Centre. Harrow 1976-83; married 1938 Jessie Widdup (two sons); died Leasherhead, Surrey 15 August

popular, it saw a number of edi-

tions and was translated into

In 1976, the year he retired,

he was appointed Emeritus

Professor of Chemical Pathol-

ogy in the University of London.

Needing to remain intellectually

active, he continued with edi-

tions of two of his books and

readily accepted an invitation to

be the acting head of the Chem-

ical Pathology Department at

the Hospital for Sick Children.

in Great Ormond Street, when

Dame Barbara Clayton left to

take up her chair in Southamp-

ton. He spent several happy

years continuing his porphyrin

studies and working on further

editions of his books as a visit-

ing professor at the Medical

Research Council Clinical Re-

several languages.

## **Tete Montoliu**



Unlike the greatest jazz pianist of all, Art Tatum, who was born partially-sighted, Tete Montoliu was completely blind at birth. Having negotiated this handicap with extraordinary success, he was then stricken with deafness in his last years.

Because of the Civil War and the Second World War, Spain was practically a jazz desert from 1936 to 1947, the only oasis for the fan being the 78rpm records by American bands issued on the La Vos de su Amo label. Montoliu learned his jazz mostly at second hand from these. He listened to records by Art Tatum, Earl Hines and Bud Powell, the most challenging players of them all, and modelled his own style carefully from their performances. Throwing in a dash of Thelonious Monk and Wynton Kelly later on, he developed his play-ing into a unique and typically European interpretation of the

great American music.

Montoliu's father was a professional oboist who played with the Barcelona Opera Or-

chestra and in the local brass band. He also led a dance band. Montoliu's mother was a jazz fan who played records by Fats Waller and Duke Ellington. The boy learned to read music in Braille when he was seven and began playing in local jazz groups when he was 12. He began classical studies at Barcelona Conservatory when he was 13. In that same year, 1946, he began playing locally with the expatriate American tenor saxophonist Don Byas, in those days a frequent visitor to

Rarcelona. Like the Frenchman Martial Solal, and perhaps as a parallel to Django Reinhardt on the guitar, the European Montoliu developed into a much more extensively talented player than most of the Americans. Unlike Solal, he broke little new ground, but he had an almost superhuman technique and fashioned his Bebop improvisations at phenomenal speed. He used mostly standard material - superior popular tunes and jazz compositions, but contrived to make each performance fresh and sparkling. From time to time he made use of his native Catalan folk themes.

His career was boosted when, at the end of a 1955 concert by the Lionel Hampton band in Barcelona, he came up on stage and played a set with the vibraphone player. Hampton was so impressed that he had Montoliu play on an album he recorded for Spanish RCA a day or so later. The Spaniard began his own recording career in 1958, and a prolific stream of albums ensued until the early

Nineties when he became ill. He first left Spain in 1958 to appear at the Cannes Jazz Festival with an American rhythm section. Subsequently he played with the then free-form tenor sax player Archie Shepp in Copenhagen from 1963 to 1964, although Montoliu himself was

dismissive of the idiom. "Free jazz doesn't exist," he said. "It's just an excuse for musicians who don't know how to play the blues or even their in-

Braxton, an enfant terrible at the avant-garde gate. Before that Tete Montoliu had visited major European cities including London to play

struments." However, in 1974

he recorded two more albums

with the saxophonist Anthony

with American giants like Dexter Gordon. Kenny Dorham, Ben Webster, Lucky Thompson and Roland Kirk. He worked as a soloist at the Top of the Gate in New York in 1967 and from then worked often in the United States. His reputation blossomed further as he led a succession of potent trios which included the bassists George Mraz or Neils-Henning Ørsted Pedersen and the drummers Al "Tootie" Heath or Al Foster from the mid-Seventies until the end of his career in the mid-Ninetics.

Vincente "Tete" Montoliu Massana, pianist: born Barcelona 28 March 1933; married Monserrat Garcia-Albea; died Barcelona 24

Leberecht Immermann, poet, playwright and novelist, 1840; Michael

researcher, 1956; Leo Perutz, author, 1957; Paul Muni (Muni Weisenfreund), actor, 1967; George Lincoln Rockwell, leader of the US Nazi party, shot dead 1967; Truman Capote, author, 1984. On this day: the independent of Lincoln (March 2014). ernment, 1931; Paris was liberated by the Allies, 1944; the XVIIth

Olympic Games opened in Rome. 1960. Today is the Feast Day of St Ebba, St Genesius of Arles, St Gen-esius the Comedian, St Gregory of Utrecht, St Joan Antide-Thourst, St Joseph Calasanctius, St Louis IX, King of France, St Mennas of Con-

Changing of the Guard :. The King's Troop Royal Horse Artillery mounts the Queen's Life Guard at Horse Guards, 11am; F Company Scots Guards mounts the Queen's Guard, at Backing mounts the Queen's County ham Palace, I I 30am, band pro Grenadier Guards.

## مكذا من الاجل

ments for Gazette BIRTHS, Announcements for Gazette BIRTHS, MARRIAGES & DEATHS (Births, Adoptions, Marriages, Deaths, Memorial services, Wedding anniversaries, In Memoriam) should be seat in writing to the Gazette Editor, The Independent, I Canada Square, Canary Wharf, London E14 5DL, telephoned to 0.171-293 don E14 5DL, telephoned to 0171-293
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Birthdays

Gardner, broadcaster, 65; Professor Gardner, broadcaster, 65; Professor Peter Gray, former Master of Gonville and Cains College, Cam-bridge, 71; Viscount Hardinge, banker, 41; Mr Van Johnson, actor, 80; Mr Karl Korte, composer, 69;Sir Andrew Longmore, High Court judge, 53; Sir Donald Logan, former diplomat, 80; Dr Colin Lucas, Mas-ter of Palliol College, and Vice-Mr Martin Amis, novelist, 48; Air Chief Marshal Sir Michael Armitage, former commandant, Royal College of Defence Studies, 67; Mr Touy Armatrading, actor, 36; Miss Pamela Armstrong, television presenter, 46; Mr Jonathan Ashley-Smith, conservationist, 51; Mr Sikander Bakht, ter of Balliol College, and Vice-Chancellor, Oxford University, 57; cricketer, 40; Mr Conrad Black, chairman, The Telegraph pkc, 53; Mr Lord McGregor of Durris, former chairman, Press Complaints Com-mission, 76; Mr Brian Moore, nov-Sean Connery, actor, 67; Mr Ross Davidson, actor, 48; Mr Mel Ferrer, elist, 76; Mr Bryan Mosley, actor, 66; Mr Richard Muir, ambassador to Oman, 55; Miss Margaret Rothwell, actor and director, 80: Sir Malcolm Field, former chief executive, W.H. Smith Group, 60; Mr Frederick ambassador to Cote d'Ivoire, Niger Forsyth, novelist, 59; Mr Andrew

and Burkina, 59; Sir Crispin Tickell, Warden of Green College, Oxford, and Vice-President, Royal Geoand Vice-President, Royal Oce-graphical Society, 67; Mrs Nancy Trenaman, former Principal, St Anne's College, Oxford, 78; Mr James Wallace MP, 43; Professor Anne Warner, physiologist, 57.

Anniversaries

Births: Ivan IV ("The Terrible"), Tsar of Russia, 1530; Narcisse Virgilio Diaz, painter, 1808; Angust Gottfried Riter, organist and composer, 1811; Alian Pinkerton, founder of the Pinkerton detective agency, 1819; Henry Fawcett, politician, 1833; Herschel, astronomer, 1822; Karl

Francis Brett Harte, novelist, 1836; Jacob Maris, painter, 1837; Ludwig II, King of Bavaria, 1845; Chara Bow, actress, 1905; Ruby Ethel Keeler, actress and dancer, 1905; Bob Crosby (Robert George Crosby), dance bandleader, 1913; Leonard Bernstein, conductor and composer, 1918. Deaths: St Louis IX, King of France a victim of the plants. 1770. France, a victim of the plague, 1270; Jan van der Meer (Jan Vermeer van Haarlem), painter, buried 1691; David Hume, philosopher and his-torian, 1776; Jean-Erienne Marie Portalis, jurist and politician, 1807; James Watt, engineer and inventor.

Faraday, chemist and physicist, 1867; Friedrich Wilhelm Nietzsche, philosopher, 1900; Ignace-Henri Joseph-Théodore Fantin-Latour, painter, 1904; Mary Elizabeth Coleridge, novelist and poet, 1907; Henri-Joseph Harpignies, landscape painter, 1916; Gregori Yevseyevich Zinoviev (Ovsel Gershon Aronov Radomysisky), revolutionary, executed 1936; Aylmer Maude, writer and authority on Tolstoy, 1938; Alphonse James Albert Symons, biographer, 1941; The Duke of Kent, ed in an air crash on active service 1942; Alfred Charles Kinsey, sex

pendence of Uruguay (the Banda Oriental) was declared, 1825; a revolution against the Netherlands union erupted in Brussels, 1830; the first daily scheduled airline (lights started between London and Paris, 1919; the Treaty of Berlin was signed. making peace between Germany and the United States, 1921; Ram-

antinopie and St Patricia.

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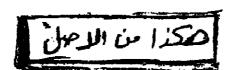
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# DUSINESS & CITY FINANCIAL JOURNAL OF THE YEAR

## WCRS founder says bad advice cost him £1m

Tom Stevenson

One of the stars of the advertising industry's 1980s heyday is still fighting for compensa-tion from a leading private client stockbroker, five years after he claims bad advice and negligent handling of his account cost him more than a million pounds.

In a dramatic clash of cultures between Soho and the Square Mile, Ron Collins, the prizewinning "creative" who co-founded the WCRS advertising agency, says he lost a fortune because of the way a discretionary portfolio was run for him by Credit Suisse Asset Management.

After months of disagreement and reams of increasingly acrimonious correspondence, the Securities and Futures Authority was called in last year to try and reconcile the warring parties, but the matter remains unresolved.

At the heart of the tale, whose cameo roles include walk-ons by Hugh Grant, Elizabeth Hurley and Uri Geller, lies the collapse in value of Mr Collins's holding of more than 2 million shares in the agency, which by the time of the fall had been renamed Aegis.

From a high in 1989 of 376p, Aegis shares fell to a low of 12.5p in 1993 as recession and the over-expansion of the late 1980s boom came home to roost. During two hectic weeks of panic selling in the summer of 1992, they tumbled from 95p to 39p before Mr Collins finally sold out.

were worth almost £2m, having reached a peak value of more suggest that his lifestyle is than £7m. By the time they were finally disposed of on 13 meted to £800,000.

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According to Mr Collins, Credit Suisse failed to inform him of the precipitate fall in his Aegis shares and dissuaded him from selling until the shares had lost most of their value. He also alleges the broker failed to diversify his portfolio away from its reliance on iust one share in a notoriously volatile and cyclical sector. Credit Suisse, which was

Nigel Cope and Tom Stevenson

Stuart Rose, a former director

of Burton, has emerged as a

front-runner in the race to re-

place Bill Cockburn as chief ex-

ecutive of WH Smith. But

rumours that he has already

been offered the job were

dismissed by the company

He is understood to be one

of a short-list of four which will

be discussed by Smith's selec-

tion committee either later this

The other three are all in-

ternal candidates - Alan Giles.

managing director of Water-

stone's; Richard Handover.

vesterday.

week or next

backed up by the SFA's Com- because of the weak price: plaints Bureau, puts the blame on Mr Collins who, the firm says, made a policy of diversification impossible to carry out by withdrawing cash to fund his "extravagant" lifestyle as fast as it was realised by share sales.

In addition to the high cost of getting divorced, Mr Collins acquired Littleton House, the £650,000 property in which Elizabeth Hurley and Hugh Grant hid from the press after allegations linked the actor to Divine Brown, a Los Angeles prostitute.

Despite refusing to accept responsibility for Mr Collins's loss, Credit Suisse did, however, admit in a letter to him that "the account has not been managed in line with our standard practice". It also conceded that because it did not follow Aegis closely itself it had had to rely on outside advice on the shares, which throughout the rapid decline in their

price remained positive. The yawning gulf between the two sides emerged clearly from an internal Credit Suisse memo, seen by the Independent. in which one of the firm's fund managers described a visit to Mr Collins's Wiltshire farm-

Underlining the culture clash, the memo said of Mr Collins: "He is 56 but bohemian in appearance with a short pony-tail.

After describing the adman's interest in astrology and star signs, and his new girlfriend's interest in yoga, the note concluded: "He seems to rely very On 29 June 1992, his shares heavily on his friend, Uri Geller, for advice, I would somewhat extravagant."

According to Credit Suisse, Collins when he opened an account in 1987 at the height of his successful advertising career that it would be prudent to diversify his portfolio. However. by 1989, although it had sold £900,000 worth of Aegis shares. the diversification was no further ahead because of Mr Collins's persistent with-

drawals. Later the firm advised against selling any more shares ciliation."

who runs the WH Smith News

distribution arm; and John

Hancock, chief executive of the

It emerged over the weekend

that Keith Hamill, finance

director, has pulled out of the

running. Within the last week he

has been at the centre of con-

troversy surrounding an alleged

bid to garner support for a

break-up of the stationery to

record and book shops group.
It is also clear now that Mr

Cockburn, whose shock decision

to quit the ailing retailer was an-

nounced in June, has already

left the business and will not be

Mr Cockburn was supposed

to remain at the company un-

American division.

"Our strategy was to sell on strength and we were looking for that strength to return. At no point did we receive outside advice that we should alter this strategy - broker comment was favourable."

When Mr Collins turned to the SFA, the City watchdog which regulates stockbrokers, he received short shrift. In a letter from James Carver of the SFA's complaints bureau, he was told: "These panic sell-offs are always difficult to judge whether you are an amateur or a professional. I can well understand you worrying about your shares just as the broker would say 'Don't panic, there is nothing wrong with this company. It will recover in due

The SFA went on to tell Mr Collins that, despite the discretionary agreement with Credit Suisse, he could have made an execution-only order which "would have relieved the firm of all responsibility for the judging of the sale of shares. It seems that you did not take on that role until you did decide to sell the shares at about 40p."
Mr Collins, who admits he is

a novice in financial matters who would have no understanding of the difference between discretionary and execution-only management of his account, recalls that the fund manager in charge of his account only agreed to sell the shares after "I swore at him, and ordered him to sell, reminding him that the shares were in free-fall as we spoke". The SFA concluded: "The

firm cannot be made responsible for a judgement or opinion on a particular investment that turned out to be incorrect ported by sound reasoning based on research made available to the firm." Mr Carver told Mr Collins he

could take the matter to arbitration, but warned him that the maximum claim he could make under that procedure would be for £50,000. He ended: "It seems that we

have reached the end of the road in relation to con-

head of its domestic opera-tions. But he left at the begin-

ning of August for a month's

Insiders says the absence of a chief executive, even one who

was about to leave, has left the

company without strategic

Jeremy Hardie, WH Smith's

chairman, has been running

the company, though he is only

part-time and the vacuum is

thought to have left the three

internal candidates for Mr

Cockburn's post jockeying for

position as factions form behind

The company says Mr Hardie has not been distracted by the

direction.

ach of them.

holiday and will not return.

til October when he joins BT as search for a new chief executive

INTEREST RATES

WH Smith set to pick outsider



buy-in of Shippam's, and Hagen Shutte of venture capital backer NatWest Ventures

## Fish paste maker Shippam's to float

Shippam's, whose meat and fish pastes are still synonymous with school-trip packed lunches, is planning a stock market flotation. The proposed public quote, within three years, was disclosed following a management buy-in of the business this weekend from Grand Metropolitan.

Steven Joseph, who with other directors has invested several hundred thousand pounds" for just over a third of the company, believes Ship-pam's has a bright future in the fast growing chilled ready meals

He plans to use the paste maker as a springboard for a sequence of food company acquisitions to create a business he hopes will have sales of around £200m by the time of its stock market debut.

This weekend's buy-in, thought to have a value of just under £20m, was backed by NatWest Ventures, which is also expected to provide finance for Shippam's acquisitive growth. It has taken 65 per cent of the company's equity, with other debt provided by Bank of Scotland.

According to Mr Joseph, market research has shown that the Shippam's name could be readily transferred to food products beyond its traditional expertise in the little ribbed jars. It is looking at moving into packaged groceries and other recipe dishes.

"Shippam is an established business with a well known brand name which will continue to develop its range of sandwich products and ready meals," he said. "The backing of Nat West Ventures will provide us with the financial strength to grow the business.'

It is currently in canned ready-made curries but these have been losing out to the chilled meals that have been such as success for retailers such as Marks & Spencer and Sainsbury's.

Shippam's was founded more than 200 years ago and was a family-run business until its acquisition by American food group Pet in the 1980s. Grand-Met acquired Pet two years ago.

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## Asian markets could be over the worst

"The so called crisis is more or less over," said Hong Kong's Financial Secretary Sir Donald Tsang, before jetting off for a visit to Australia this weekend.

In recent weeks East Asian stock markets have tumbled and currencies have been under such severe pressure that govemments have been forced to accept devaluations which in some cases wiped billions of dollars off the value of local currencies. Although last week saw con-

tinuing declines in stock prices as Asian currencies hit new lows, a cautious mood of optimism was creeping back into the markets by the end of the George Soros, the American

based fund manager, who is alleged to have moved heavily into Asian markets and ber one, said in an interview yesterday that he was expecting rebound in these markets.

Interviewed by Hong Kong's South China Morning Post, Mr Soros said that the pendulum in regional currency markets had swung too far and he expected to see irregular trading fade SOOIL

Those remarks are unlikely to placate regional leaders, who accuse Mr Soros and a

as this has been led by the nom-

That consists of three of the

roup's non-executive directors:

Martin Taylor, chief executive

of Barclays Bank, Marjorie

Scardino, chief executive of

Pearson, and Patrick Lupo, an

American who is chairman of

The company will not make

an announcement about Mr

Cockburn's replacement at its

full-year results meeting next

the successful candidate will be

named next month. "We aim

not to disappoint," the company

However, it is thought that

inations committee.

DHL Worldwide.

Wednesday.

Cautious optimism is returning and even George Soros expects a rebound, writes **Stephen Vines** 

clutch of American hedge fund managers of wreaking havoc in markets which they say are basically sound, aside from their vulnerability to international speculators. They maintain that the situation in East Asia is nothing like that which prevailed in Mexico during the 1995 Peso crisis, which was based on genuine economic

instability. Malaysia's Prime Minister, Mahathir Mohamad, has been the most outspoken critic of the speculator's activities. Over the weekend he reinforced his criticism in typically robust style. "All these countries have spent rs tryin their economy," he said, "and a moron like Soros comes along with a lot of money to speculate and ruin things."

There was some suggestion that Dr Mahathir and Mr Soros would meet next month in Hong Kong at the IMF/World

Bank conference, but the Malaysian Prime Minister said firmly that he had no wish to

meet the American financier. Other regional leaders, in less forceful terms, have expressed alarm at their economies being held to ransom by the vagaries of international speculation. This indignation has probably been more vivid in Singapore than elsewhere. In the middle of this month, when the currency turmoil was at its height, the Singapore dollar lost almost 8 per cent of its value against the US dollar.

Compared to the losses in neighbouring Thailand, Inwas modest but Singaporeans are used to seeing their currency appreciate in value while their neighbours flounder. The Singapore dollar has been the strongest currency in the region and although it is now gaining

have fallen for no other reason than Singapore's location at the heart of a region where other currencies were tumbling.

Hong Kong, with \$64bn dollars in foreign reserves at its disposal, making it seventh in the world league of foreign reserve holdings and second in the world on a per capita basis. also found its currency under ssure. However, a bout of highly aggressive market activity by the Hong Kong Monetary Authority ensured that the local currency barely budged from its fixed link with the US dollar, making it the only Asian currency not to have devalued Soros concluded that speculation against the Hong Kong dollar was a mug's game.

Yet there has to be a reason why international speculators currency prices have fallen to suddenly seized on East Asian currencies as a vulnerable point set for speculators to return in ground again it appears to for attack. The starting point

was Thailand. In the decade from 1985 to 1995 it enjoyed the highest growth rate in the world. Export-led growth and heavy foreign investment appeared to be offering a secure future for the Thai economy.

Below the surface was an extraordinary malaise of poor regulation, rampant insider trading, false valuations and redhot speculative activity that inevitably gave way to uncontrollable overheating. In the fallout 58 financial institutions collapsed, the stock market went into a soin dive and the Thai currency saw more than 20 per cent wiped off its international value.

The government has been forced to go cap in hand to the International Monetary Fund for a \$16.7bn rescue package IMF-style clutch of stringen economic measures.

The irony of the current situation is that Asian stock and such a degree that the stage is search of bargains.

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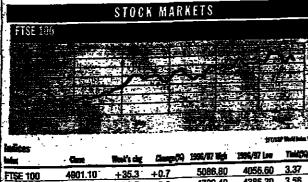
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# The sun shines on English wine



Pressing issue: Lamberhurst vineyard, in Kent, one of Britain's largest, lost many grapes to early frost but the survivors are expected to produce a crop of fine wines

Photograph: Peter Macdiarmid

The recent scorching sunshine has been blamed for ills ranging from marital strife to road rage, but for English wines it could herald a renaissance.

The industry in Britain has been described as "small but imperfectly formed" by some snobs. But in vineyards from Kent to Gloucester, Surrey to Norfolk, there is quiet optimism that this year's vintage will be a significant step in changing public perceptions about the nathe past decade: in 1986, 319 vineyards in England and Wales produced 8,000hl of wine; by 1995, 419 vineyards were producing 12,795hl.

In the Bordeaux region, the heat and clear skies have led to the earliest harvest this century, and promises of some of the greatest wines of our time. La Tour Martillac and Smith-

and Margaux are set to follow

Over here, things are also looking good at vineyards such as Lamberhurst, Three Choirs, and Elmham Park. The early spring frost in England which led to the loss of large numbers of grapes, in many vineyards almost half the crop, in fact paved the way for a finer quality of

tive drink. Production of Eng-lish wine has risen steadily over as Lafite-Rothschild, Petrus other natural resources.

The industry is making determined efforts to be taken seriously as producers. A generation of young wine-makers has studied oenology here and abroad and is now experimenting with new techniques and grapes.

English wine is exported to markets as wide-ranging and eclectic as South Korea, Thai-

crop died of the frost. But that means the remainder has less competition for nat-

conditions and the sunshine hold out the promise of sweet-

France and Germany. But prob-lems are posed by the strong

ferent grapes, the main ones being Bacchus, Seyval Blanc, and Mullerthurgau. Among the pound: it is cheaper to buy a bottle in Calais than over here. whites, Sovereign and Bacchus Godfrey Steps, of the Wine and Spirit Education Trust, said: "There is undoubtedly a are becoming better known, and the '96 Red Reserve was widely praised. The '97 batch of rise in the popularity of English all three are expected to be exwines, and this is despite the fact that although 80 per cent of the The lower the yield, the better the UK wine market is made up of bottles of £4 or less, most Eng-

wine. In Britain we have lost out lish wines cost more than that". At Lamberhurst, Kent, one of in quantity, but not in quality the largest vineyards in England, more than 40 per cent of the

ceptional. Winemaker Simon Day said: "Roughly speaking, the adage is the lower the yield, ural resources, and the dry the better the wine. We have lost out in quantity, but not in quality. English wine has come a er grapes and fine wines. The vineyard uses nine diflong way recently, and hopefully

Park, is one of the northernmost this year's vintage is going to Robin Don, a Norfolk wine-

maker, also lost around 40 per cent of his grapes in the spring frost. He points out that although the situation looks good on both sides of the Channel at

present, it may change for the

worse if the weather breaks,

bringing rain or humidity. How-

ever, he adds that if conditions

remain as they are, we can ex-

pect a very good domestic crop.

Mr Don's vineyard, Elmham

in the world, growing Madeleine Angevin, Schoen-burgen, and Huxelsebe grapes. One of the wines he produces, Norfolk Oyster, is now exported to the Far East. Martin Fowke, director of

Three Choirs vineyard in Gloucestershire, believes this wear will see a "cracking vintage". His vineyard escaped the spring frost and should be able to produce their expected volume of 250,000 bottles. The most popular ones are the Three Chairs Estate Premium, and the Bacchus 1996, which last year won the International Wine Challenge seal of approval. Mr Day said: "There is certainly a lot more demand for English wine and at the moment the main problem is lack of supplies."

Grape expectations: Simon Parker, pleasantly surprised by a local brew

## 'Next thing, you'll say the Canadians are making it?

In a random survey at Canary Wharf, east London, people asked to sample English wine expressed pleasant surprise. The test was between a Denbies Riesling 1995, produced at a Surrey vineyard, retailing at £5.99 and a Muscadet de Sèvre et Main from the Rhône Valley, normally sold at off-licences for £5.00. Simon Parker, working for Morgan Stanley, said: " I do prefer the Denbies. it does appear to have a bit more character than the French wine. The Muscadet is OK, but it is rather bland. The English wine is more interesting.

Louise Robinson, who is about to start her first job with the management consultants Price Waterbouse, onin that the English wine "seems to be more fruity, there is a sort of sparkle to it. I lived in France for a while, and I had

always gone for French wine, and I must admit if I were to to experiment, I would not have thought of trying English wine". Mr Parker's colleague Matthew Yeo preferred the Muscadet, but was willing to try English wine again. "People are much more keen to experiment nowadays and judging from this, English wine seems to have improved enormously. The last word goes to Nancy Frahm, a holidaymaker from Indianapolis: "English wine, get away!" Even after sipping the Denbies she was unconvinced. The wine must be from somewhere else,

she said. "You're having me on! There's no such thing as British wine. We have read a half-dozen guide books ... and none of them mentioned it. Next thing you'll be saying the Canadians are making wine." They do.

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25 Proper title (5) 26 Ship a party aboard to produce musical (9) 27 Superior line taken by youth in a teasing way

(6) 28 Set of locks suffice (6) DOWN Severe defeat involving Norse Prime Minister

Honour a number in the Gulf (4) Local run is in junglelike conditions (8) Caught European after landing punch (6) Upper class doctor's moving into new flat (9) Flower circle I sent up in place (4,3)

Seasonal drink? (6,5) 10 Damages piano before practice (11) 14 Prove to be equal to catching game (4,5)
16 Suave and is hard to cajole (8) 18 Lie about royal seat (7)

20 Sign over money to former king (7) 21 Decline in trade is common (6) 24 Scottish writer supplies wine (4)

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